



**Annual Comprehensive Financial Report**  
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

**Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System**  
A Component Unit of the State of Oklahoma

# Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System

## MISSION

*To provide secure retirement benefits for members and their beneficiaries.*

## VISION

*To be the best State Retirement System in Oklahoma through outstanding communication, education, customer service and financial stability.*

## VALUES AND BEHAVIORS

*The Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System values its **members**, both active and retired, and the important contributions they make **protecting the citizens** of Oklahoma.*

*Expect the OPPRS **staff** to exhibit integrity, ethical conduct, professionalism and a **commitment to superior performance** through teamwork, communication, mutual respect and cooperation driven to produce results.*

*Effectively **communicate** new statute and rule changes to municipalities, members and staff. Use technology, such as the OPPRS website, to provide information in a timely manner.*

*Use every opportunity to continually **educate** members, municipalities, the OPPRS board and staff.*

*Utilize the most current **technology** to manage and operate the OPPRS.*

*Provide every member a forum for timely and fair **due process** regarding applications and appeals.*

*Strive to maintain **financial stability** by actively managing a broadly diversified investment portfolio designed to cover the current and future cost of benefits.*

## GOALS

*Provide exceptional communication and education to our membership.*

*Adopt new technology that can be effectively and efficiently utilized to manage the OPPRS.*

*Encourage teamwork and training to provide workflow continuity as staffing evolves.*

*Support the Oklahoma State Legislature regarding laws impacting the OPPRS and its members.*



# **Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System**

A Component Unit of the State of Oklahoma

## **Annual Comprehensive Financial Report**

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

**Ginger Sigler**

Executive Director

Prepared by the Finance Department of the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System

**Deric Berousek**

Chief Financial Officer

**Ann Burrows**

Comptroller

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Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System  
2021 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

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OPPRS has been providing secure  
retirement benefits to its  
members for 40 years!

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## Introductory Section



## **OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM**

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### Letter of Transmittal

November 12, 2021

To the Board of Trustees and Members of the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System:

We are pleased to submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System (OPPRS) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020. The objective of this report is to present a concise and complete picture of the Plan's financial, actuarial and investment results.

Responsibility for the accuracy of data, as well as the completeness and fairness of the presentation of this report, rests with the OPPRS management. Management relies on a comprehensive framework of internal controls to provide a reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatements. Management has established internal controls to protect the assets of OPPRS from loss, theft, or misuse, and continually reviews the control structure to ensure that the costs are reasonable in relation to the benefits provided.

The basic financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Finley & Cook, PLLC, has audited the financial statements included in this report and issued an unmodified opinion on the financial statements for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The Independent Auditors' Report is located at the front of the financial section within this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the Independent Auditors' Report and provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A compliments this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

### Profile of the System

The Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System (the "System") was established by legislative act and became effective on January 1, 1981. The System is administrator of a multi-employer, cost-sharing defined benefit pension plan that provides participants with retirement, death, and disability benefits as well as a deferred option plan (the "Deferred Option"), as established by the State of Oklahoma. These plans are considered a single plan for financial reporting purposes. The System is a component unit of the State of Oklahoma financial reporting entity and is combined with other similar defined benefit pension trust funds to comprise the fiduciary-pension trust funds within the State's financial reports. The System covers substantially all police officers employed by the 147 participating municipalities and state agencies within the State of Oklahoma. The mission of the System is to provide secure retirement benefits for the members of the System and their beneficiaries.



The Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement Board is comprised of thirteen (13) members. Seven Board members are elected by members of the System (six are active police officers, and one is a retired member). One Board member is appointed by the Governor, one by the Speaker of the House, one by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate and one by the President of the Oklahoma Municipal League. The two remaining Board members are the State Insurance Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee and the Director of the Office of Management and Enterprise Services or the Director's designee.

The Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement Board of Trustees (the "Board") is responsible for the operation, administration and management of the System. The Board also determines the general investment policy of the System's assets.

## Revenues and Funding

A pension plan is considered well-funded when it has sufficient reserves to meet all expected future obligations to its plan members. A pension plan must also have revenue sources sufficient to keep pace with future obligations. The primary sources of revenue for the System are member contributions, employer contributions, dedicated revenue from the State of Oklahoma, and investment income. Contributions fell to \$100.7 million in fiscal 2021 as legislative changes made to the System's insurance premium tax allocation reduced proceeds by 29.6%. In fiscal 2020 contributions increased by \$3.9 million to \$111.8 million on continued salary strength. Record investment returns across most asset classes coming out of the COVID pandemic produced record gains of \$770.0 million in fiscal 2021. Investment gains in fiscal 2020 were hampered by weak performance in value and international equity exposures, returning \$55.8 million for the year. Significant equity returns, primarily in the domestic and private equity components in 2021, combined with a strong fixed income environment, produced outsized investment returns for fiscal 2021 and 2020, adding just under \$826 million in gains for the 2-year period.

In fiscal 2021 the funded status for the System increased to a record high of 104.6% on the strength of investment returns for the year. The System's funded status declined in fiscal 2020 due to a COLA passed by the legislature during the 2020 session. Lower than expected returns combined with the COLA dropped the fiscal 2020 funded status to 100.8% from 102.5% in the previous year. The System had unamortized deferred actuarial gains of \$349.8 million in fiscal 2021 versus deferred actuarial losses of \$135.6 million at the end of fiscal 2020, due to much stronger than anticipated investment results in fiscal 2021.

The System's primary expenses are the payment of member retirement benefits. These payments include normal retirement benefits, refunds, deferred option payments and death benefits. The System also incurs administrative expenses in the form of employee salaries and benefits, legal fees, investment fees, data processing fees, and medical and travel costs. Fiscal 2021 total expenses rose 22.4% to \$202.2 million due to a dramatic increase in retirements for the year. Outstanding investment returns provided strong motivation for those nearing retirement to bring forward their planned retirement date. Consequently, regular benefit payments increased by 8.6% and deferred option benefit payments increased 72.5% in fiscal 2021. In fiscal 2020 total expenses rose 5.0% to \$165.2 million on increased benefit and deferred option payments. Refunds decreased 26.0% in fiscal 2021 to \$1.81 million, returning to a level more in line with historical averages. In fiscal 2020 refund payments increased substantially from 2019 due to a higher than typical number of unvested members exiting the System. Fiscal 2021 administrative expenses were flat for the year, falling 1.0% to \$1.99 million. Administrative expenses rose 6.5% to \$2.0 million in fiscal 2020 due primarily to increased legal costs related to portfolio adjustments.

## Investments

To fulfill their fiduciary responsibilities, the Board retains an investment consultant to ensure that the assets of the system are being adequately invested at all times, and to assist with the development and implementation of a prudent asset allocation to maximize investment results while mitigating excessive risk. The Board also utilizes its investment consulting firm to provide performance measurement of the portfolio, and this firm also compares the management of funds and the investment returns against other similar funds and trusts to ensure the effectiveness of implemented investment strategies.



The primary objective of the System's investment strategy is to obtain the highest maximum return on invested assets with an acceptable level of risk. The cornerstone of the investment strategy is to identify, locate and purchase investments that complement the existing portfolio. New portfolio additions are generally anticipated to offer strong investment performance while improving the diversification of the portfolio. Likewise, investments that have underperformed their expectations, or that no longer fit within the allocation model, are sold as it is prudent to do so. Additionally, the Board regularly reviews the strategic asset allocation to ensure that expected return and risk (as measured by standard deviation) is consistent with the System's long-term objectives and tolerance for risk. Within this investment structure, the System's net yield was 28% in fiscal 2021, far exceeding expectations as the domestic markets rallied significantly after the COVID challenged prior year. The System had a net yield of 1.93% for fiscal 2020, significantly below prior year returns, due primarily to the impact of COVID-19. The System had a net yield on assets of 4.24% for fiscal 2019. These returns, bolstered by the current year, provided long-term performance above the 7.5% actuarial expectation, with the System achieving an 8.12% average annual return over the last 10 years. A defensive posture that seeks to mitigate risk as much as possible due to the System's strong funded position typically causes performance to lag somewhat in aggressively up markets. The Board made a few minor adjustments to the asset classes during fiscal 2021 but believe the portfolio is well positioned to take advantage of up markets and offer reasonable protection should markets underperform.

## Legislation and Outlook

The following plan provision changes pertaining to the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System were enacted by the Oklahoma Legislature during the 2021 and 2020 legislative sessions:

### **2021**

**House Bill 2457**—Amends the age at which retirees must begin receiving benefits and take required distributions. Previously, the age for taking required distributions was 70 1/2. HB 2457 modifies this age, based on US Treasury regulations, to 72 for all retirements and distributions after December 31, 2019.

**House Bill 2499**—Provides that active and retired members, as well as surviving spouses and other eligible participants due either benefits or contributions, may direct payment of such monies, at the time they decess, to a trust if such trust has been properly established and designated by the member or beneficiary.

**House Bill 2893**—Amends the allocation of the insurance premium tax apportioned to the Plan each year. Effective for fiscal year 2022, the insurance premium tax apportioned will be 14% of applicable collections. This rate will increase to 14.7% for fiscal years 2023 to 2027 and return to 14% for fiscal year 2028 and beyond.

### **2020**

**House Bill 2742**—Adjusts the allocation of the insurance premium tax apportioned to the Plan each year. Effective September 1, 2021, the amount of insurance premium tax apportioned to the Plan will be reduced to 9.8% from 14%. In fiscal year 2021 this rate will rise to 10.5%. For fiscal years 2023 to 2027, this rate will rise to 15.4% returning to 14% in fiscal year 2028.

**House Bill 3330** - Provides that members who are injured in the performance of duties as a police officer by a violent act will be eligible for the State Board to assess that the member has sustained a one-hundred-percent disability for the determination of a benefit. HB 3330 further defines a violent act as "a violent attack on the member by means of a dangerous weapon, including, but not limited to, a firearm, knife, automobile, explosive device, or other dangerous weapon.

**House Bill 3350** - Provides a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) to any person receiving a benefit from the System and who continues to receive a benefit on or after July 1, 2020, based on the following retirement dates: Zero (0%) if the person was retired 2 years or less on July 1, 2020; Two (2%) if the person has been retired for at least 2 years but less than 5 years as of July 1, 2020 and; Four (4%) if the person has been retired for 5 years or more on July 1, 2020. This COLA is offset by any increase in benefits a person received pursuant to repealed Section 50-120 of Title 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes after June 30, 2008.

Fiscal 2021 was a “steady as she goes” year for the System coming out of the COVID-19 pandemic. During the 2021 legislative session there was some technical IRS clean-up, expansion of the ability to pay to a qualified trust and a reinstatement of the 14% insurance premium tax allocation. The System published a new website that is both modern and transparent providing members and the general public with a robust amount of data on the System. Regarding investments, the Board elected to engage a new absolute return manager that will improve liquidity and provide a better balance of fixed income exposure for the entire portfolio. Several additional private equity commitments were made during the year, more than typical, as the System continues to slowly pace into the increased allocation to private equity, from 10% to 15%, as approved in fiscal 2020.

The system experienced a larger than typical number of retirements in fiscal 2021, due primarily to strong investment returns. The system returns of 28% for fiscal 2021 was significant enough that those considering retirement within the next year were amply rewarded in their Back DOP calculations, allowing many to retire earlier than anticipated without any negative impact on their benefits.

### Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

To earn this certificate an entity must publish a comprehensive annual financial report that conforms to GFOA's program requirements and standards. The ACFR (formerly CAFR) must be efficiently and effectively presented and must satisfy all legal requirements as well as conform to generally accepted accounting principles.

The GFOA Certificate of Achievement only covers a one-year period. The Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System received its first Certificate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. We believe this report continues to meet GFOA's Certificate program requirements, and we are submitting it to them.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated service of the entire OPPRS staff. We would also like to credit the Board of Trustees for their unwavering efforts to maintain the highest level of professionalism in the financial management of the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System.

Respectfully submitted,

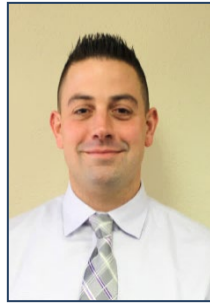


Ginger Sigler  
Executive Director

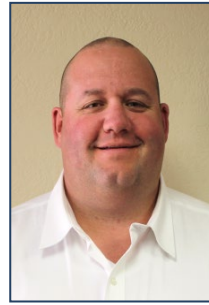


Deric Berousek  
Chief Financial Officer

## OPPRS Board of Trustees



**Thomas Cooper**  
Chairman  
District 3



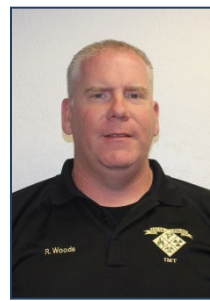
**Chris Cook**  
Vice Chairman  
District 1



**Rob Groseclose**  
District 2



**Jeff Russell**  
District 4



**Ryan Woods**  
District 5



**John George**  
District 6



**Jeff Cealka**  
District 7



**Greg Wood**  
Governor Appointee



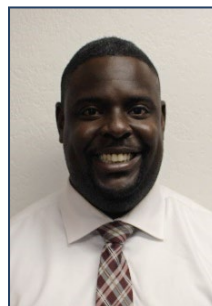
**Timothy Foley**  
Speaker of the House of  
Representatives Appointee



**Chris Chandler**  
Senate President Pro  
Tempore Appointee



**Mike Brown**  
Oklahoma Municipal  
League Appointee

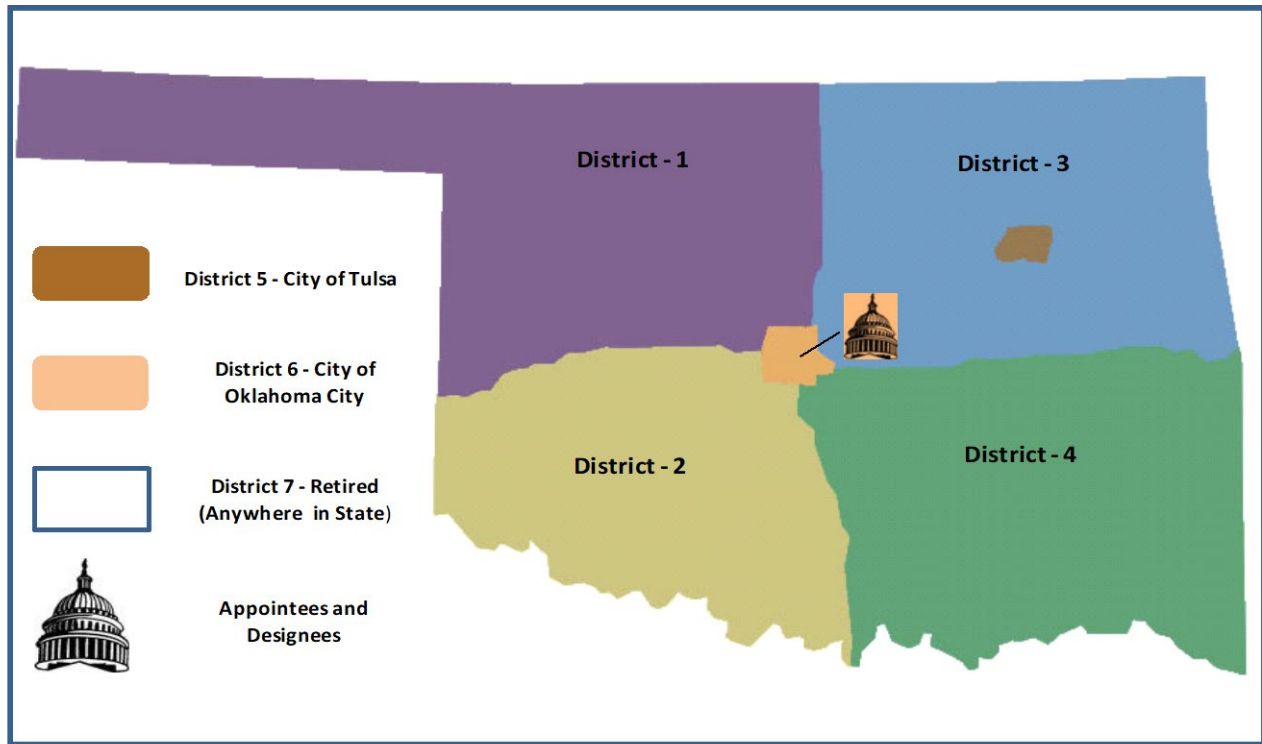


**Antuanyia "Bo" DeBose**  
Designee of the State  
Insurance Commissioner



**Lia Tepker-  
McHughes**  
Designee-Director of the  
Office of Management  
and Enterprise Services

## Oklahoma Police Pension Board - Districts, Appointees and Designees



District 1 Board Member- North of I-40 and west of I-35, excluding any area comprising Oklahoma City.

District 2 Board Member- South of I-40 and west I-35, excluding any area comprising Oklahoma City.

District 3 Board Member- North of I-40 and east of I-35, excluding any area comprising Oklahoma City or Tulsa.

District 4 Board Member- South of I-40 and east of I-35, excluding any area comprising Oklahoma City.

District 5 Board Member - Comprising the area within the City of Tulsa.

District 6 Board Member - Comprising the area within the City of Oklahoma City.

District 7 Board Member - The entire area of the State, but must be retired.

8<sup>th</sup> Member of the Board - Appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

9<sup>th</sup> Member of the Board - Appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate.

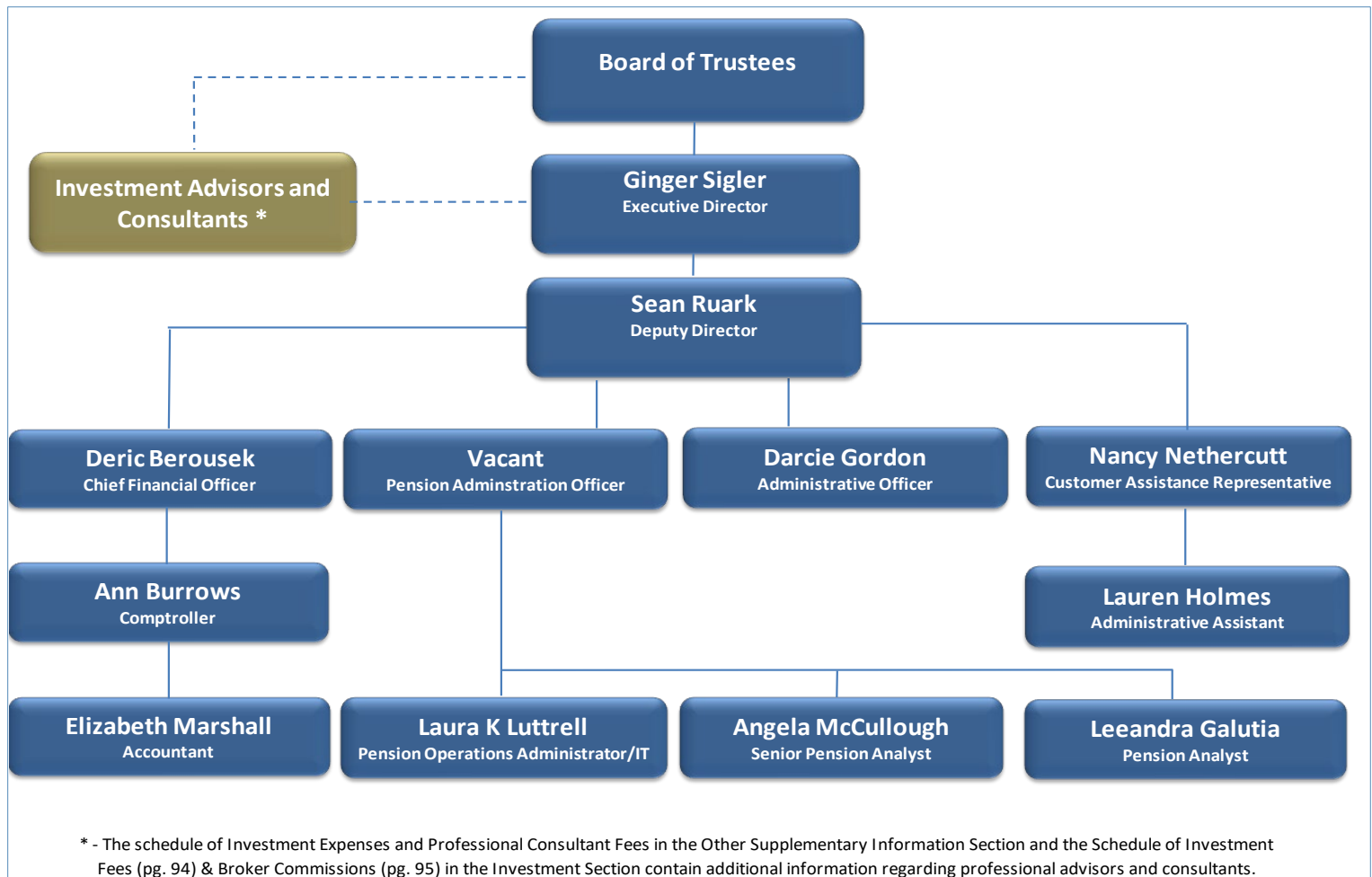
10<sup>th</sup> Member of the Board - Appointed by the Governor.

11<sup>th</sup> Member of the Board - Appointed by the President of the Oklahoma Municipal League.

12<sup>th</sup> Member of the Board - The State Insurance Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee.

13<sup>th</sup> Member of the Board - The Director of Management and Enterprise Services (formerly the Office of State Finance), or the Director's designee.

## Organization of the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System



## Professional Advisors and Consultants

### Actuary

**Cavanaugh Macdonald Consulting**  
3906 Raynor Parkway, Suite 106  
Bellevue, NE 68123

### Property Management Services

**Wiggin Properties, LLC**  
5801 N. Broadway, Suite 120  
Oklahoma City, OK 73118

### Investment Consultant

**Asset Consulting Group, LLC**  
231 S. Bemiston, 14th Floor  
St. Louis, MO 63105

### Independent Auditor

**Finley & Cook, PLLC**  
1421 E. 45th Street  
Shawnee, OK 74804

### Legal Services (Tax and Pensions)

**Davis, Graham & Stubbs, LLC**  
1550 Seventeenth Street, Suite 500  
Denver, CO

### Master Trustee (Custodian)

**Bank of New York Mellon**  
135 Santilli Highway, 026-0313  
Everett, MA 02149

### Legal Services (Pensions and Investments)

**Phillips Murrah, P.C.**  
101 N. Robinson, Corporate Tower 13th Floor  
Oklahoma City, OK 73102



Government Finance Officers Association

**Certificate of  
Achievement  
for Excellence  
in Financial  
Reporting**

Presented to

**Oklahoma Police Pension  
& Retirement System**

For its Comprehensive Annual  
Financial Report  
for the Fiscal Year Ended

**June 30, 2020**

*Christopher P. Morill*

Executive Director/CEO





OPPRS has been providing secure  
retirement benefits to its  
members for 40 years!

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## Financial Section



## **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

To the Board of Trustees of  
the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement Plan (the "Plan"), administered by the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System, which is a part of the State of Oklahoma financial reporting entity, which comprise the statements of fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, and the related statements of changes in fiduciary net position for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

### **Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

(Continued)

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT, CONTINUED**

### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the fiduciary net position of the Plan as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, and the changes in fiduciary net position of the Plan for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

### **Other Matters**

#### *Required Supplementary Information*

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 18 through 23 and the schedule of changes in the employers' net pension (asset) liability, the schedule of employers' net pension (asset) liability, the schedule of contributions from employers and other contributing entities, the schedule of investment returns, and the notes to the required supplementary information in Exhibits I, II, III, IV, and V be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### *Other Information*

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Plan's basic financial statements. The introductory section, the investment section, the actuarial section, the statistical section, and Schedules I, II, and III are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information in Schedules I, II, and III is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. In our opinion, the supplementary information in Schedules I, II, and III is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

(Continued)

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT, CONTINUED****Other Matters, Continued***Other Information, Continued*

The introductory, investment, actuarial, and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

**Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards**

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 8, 2021, on our consideration of the Plan's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Plan's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Plan's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Finley + Cook, PLLC

Shawnee, Oklahoma  
September 8, 2021

## Management's Discussion and Analysis

This discussion and analysis is presented by the management of the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System, administrator of the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement Plan (collectively the "System" or "OPPRS"). This narrative and analysis offers a summary review of the System's financial activity for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021, 2020 and 2019. The letter of transmittal preceding this narrative and the System's financial statements which follow should be referred to in conjunction with this analysis.

### Financial Highlights

	For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, (amounts in thousands)			% Change 2021 from 2020	% Change 2020 from 2019	% Change 2019 from 2018
	2021	2020	2019			
Fiduciary Net Position	\$3,289,959	\$2,621,311	\$2,618,857	25.5%	0.1%	2.2%
Contributions:						
Participating Cities	44,405	44,226	42,154	0.4%	4.9%	5.0%
Plan members	27,946	27,310	26,173	2.3%	4.3%	5.8%
Insurance Premium Tax	28,368	40,295	39,559	-29.6%	1.9%	1.4%
Net Investment Income (loss)	770,131	55,808	104,882	1280.0%	-46.8%	-48.9%
Benefits paid, including refunds and deferred option benefits	200,222	163,193	155,486	22.7%	5.0%	11.4%
Change in Fiduciary Net Position	668,648	2,454	55,411	27147.3%	-95.6%	-67.0%
Funded Ratio of the Plan	104.6%	100.8%	102.5%	3.8%	-1.7%	-0.3%
Total Plan Membership	10,162	9,964	9,704	2.0%	2.7%	2.7%

Fiscal 2021 was a record year for investment returns. Impressive investment performance across most asset classes increased net position by \$668.7 million or 25.5% to \$3.29 billion. In fiscal year 2020 returns were significantly affected, particularly value and international positions, due to the disruptions from COVID-19. For fiscal 2020 fiduciary net position increased by \$2.5 million or .01% to \$2.62 billion. During the 2019 fiscal year, returns were moderate across most domestic equity investments, modestly increasing fiduciary net position by \$55.4 million, or 2.2%, to \$2.62 billion.

Stellar returns in fiscal 2021 were partially offset by an increase in retirement expenses during the year. Overall, the System still experienced an improvement in the funded ratio to 104.6%, a 3.8% increase over 2020. In fiscal 2020 a COLA bill passed by the state legislature and lower than expected investment returns reduced the System's funded position to 100.8%, a decrease of 1.7%. In fiscal 2019, due to the amortization of some actuarial losses combined with moderate returns, the System's actuarial funded ratio decreased by .3% to 102.5%. With an actuarially funded ratio of 104.6%, the plan remains financially sound and exceptionally well positioned to meet future liabilities.

The System's membership experienced an increase in net membership of 198, growing 2% over the prior year. This pace of growth was slower than in previous years due to an increase in retirements during 2021. In fiscal 2020 total System membership increased by 260 net members, or 2.7%, showing normal increases and attrition. For fiscal 2019 the System's total membership increased by 256 on a net basis to 9,704 members, relatively consistent growth as in prior years. Fiscal 2021 contributions from members and their employers were relatively flat for the year, increasing 2.3% and 0.4%, respectively, primarily the result of static salaries. Member and



employer contributions in fiscal 2020 continued to show strength in both employment and salaries, increasing 4.3% and 4.9%, respectively. In fiscal 2019 contributions from members and employers increased 5.8% and 5.0%, respectively, due to strong employment and strengthening salaries. Insurance premium tax collections fell 29.6% for the year to \$28.4 million. This reduction was the result of 2020 legislative change reducing the System's allocation of this tax from 14% to 9.8%. Legislation in fiscal 2021 increased this rate back to 14% for fiscal 2022, raising the expectation that collections will return to historical norms. The State insurance premium tax collections increased modestly in fiscal 2020 and fiscal 2019, rising 1.9% and 1.4%, respectively, over 2018 contributions. The state insurance tax collections are generally considered a reasonable proxy of the strength of the economy. OPPRS will receive 14% of the insurance premium tax in 2022, 14.7% for 2023-2027 before returning to 14% in fiscal 2028.

## Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis introduces the System's basic financial statements. They are comprised of 1) *The Statement of Fiduciary Net Position*, 2) *The Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position*, and 3) *Notes to the Financial Statements*. This report also includes required supplementary information and other supplemental schedules. The System is a defined benefit, cost-sharing, multi-employer pension plan and is a component unit of the State of Oklahoma. The System, combined with other similar plans, form the State of Oklahoma's fiduciary pension trust funds. The financial statements are presented using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, similar in most regards to that of private business.

The System's *Statement of Fiduciary Net Position* presents the ending balance of assets and liabilities at a specific moment in time. Assets of the system include cash and cash equivalents, investments, receivables and capital assets. System liabilities are primarily accounts and benefits payable. The difference between assets and liabilities produces a "net position" balance representing the fair value of assets held in trust to pay future benefits. Net positions shown increasing over time indicate improving financial conditions within the System, while a decrease in net position represents a decline in financial condition.

The *Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position* details the sources of income and uses of resources that affected the System's financial performance for a specified period or periods. The System's primary income sources are from city and member contributions, a dedicated portion of the State of Oklahoma Insurance Premium Tax, investment gains or losses and investment income. Retirement benefits, investment charges and administrative costs are the primary expenses of the System.

The *Notes to the Financial Statements* immediately following the System's financial statements should be considered an integral part of the financial statements. The notes cover significant details about the System's financial structure and activities, providing a more complete understanding of the System's financial results.

A *required supplementary information* section follows the notes. It includes the schedule of changes in employers' net pension liability, schedule of employers' net pension liability, schedule of contributions from employers and other contributing entities, and the schedule of investment returns. These schedules offer a useful means of assessing the long-term changes in the System's assets and liabilities, total pension liabilities, changes in the Plan's net pension liability, and how effectively contributors to the System have met the actuarially determined contributions needed.

*Other supplementary information* contains several schedules that provide significant details regarding investment expenses, administrative expenses, and fees paid to consultants.

## Condensed Financial Analysis

Condensed financial information for the System is presented in the following tables. This information provides a summary of the System's financial activity for the years ended June 30, 2021, 2020 and 2019.

### Condensed Summary of Fiduciary Net Position

	For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,			% Change 2021 from 2020	% Change 2020 from 2019	% Change 2019 from 2018
	2021	2020	2019			
	(amounts in thousands)					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 62,832	\$ 37,594	\$ 18,026	67.1%	108.6%	-53.1%
Receivables	11,709	15,521	13,806	-24.6%	12.4%	-6.3%
Investments, at fair value	3,310,966	2,642,338	2,591,932	25.3%	1.9%	3.1%
Total Assets	3,385,507	2,695,453	2,623,764	25.6%	2.7%	2.2%
Other liabilities	95,548	74,142	4,907	28.9%	1410.9%	6.2%
Total Liabilities	95,548	74,142	4,907	28.9%	1410.9%	6.2%
Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 3,289,959	\$ 2,621,311	\$ 2,618,857	25.5%	0.1%	2.2%

### Condensed Summary of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

	For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,			% Change 2021 from 2020	% Change 2020 from 2019	% Change 2019 from 2018
	2021	2020	2019			
	(amounts in thousands)					
Contributions	\$ 100,719	\$ 111,831	\$ 107,886	-9.9%	3.7%	3.8%
Net investment income	770,131	55,808	104,882	1280.0%	-46.8%	-48.9%
Total Additions	870,850	167,639	212,768	419.5%	-21.2%	-31.2%
Benefits and refunds paid	135,782	125,826	121,841	7.9%	3.3%	4.4%
Deferred option benefits paid	64,440	37,367	33,645	72.5%	11.1%	47.2%
Administrative expenses	1,980	1,992	1,871	-0.6%	6.5%	8.7%
Total Deductions	202,202	165,185	157,357	22.4%	5.0%	11.4%
Total Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	668,648	2,454	55,411	27147.3%	-95.6%	-67.0%
Beginning Fiduciary Net Position	2,621,311	2,618,857	2,563,446	0.1%	2.2%	7.0%
Ending Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 3,289,959	\$ 2,621,311	\$ 2,618,857	25.5%	0.1%	2.2%

### Analysis of Overall Financial Position and Results of Operations

Fiscal 2021 saw a significant increase in the System's net position on outstanding investment returns across most asset classes, growing \$668.7 million. The System's net position remained static in fiscal 2020, increasing by \$2.5 million or .1%. COVID-19, combined with value and international equity underperforming, impacted 2020 returns. Results in fiscal 2019 were moderate as well after a strong 2018, with net position increasing \$55.4 million, or 2.2%. This was the result of less than expected investment returns as the markets weathered a pullback in late 2018, followed by charging markets that offset some of the declines. Overall, fiscal 2021 dramatically improved the 3-year performance in investment returns. These results more than offset a sizeable increase in retirement expenses due to higher-than-expected retirements in fiscal 2021. Weighing all three years on average brought substantial improvement to the System's financial position at the end of fiscal 2021. Fiscal 2021 contributions decreased 10% due to a legislated reduction of the insurance premium taxes allocated while employer and employee contributions remained relatively flat for the year. Contributions increased in

fiscal 2020 by 3.7% on strengthening salary increases. Contributions increased 3.8% overall in fiscal 2019 as salary increases started to show up in both member and employer contributions, rising 5.8% and 5.0% respectively from fiscal 2018. In fiscal 2021 there were 4082 members and beneficiaries receiving benefits, a net increase of 170 over fiscal 2020, a much larger increase than in prior years due to a substantial increase in retirement elections. For fiscal 2020 and 2019 there were 3,912 and 3,815 members and beneficiaries receiving benefits, respectively. This was a net increase of 97 and 95 retirees, respectively, growing slightly faster than in prior years. Fiscal 2021 total benefit and refund payouts jumped substantially to \$136 million, a 7.9% increase, on a much larger increase in retirements versus historical standards. High Back DOP plan calculations were a significant cause of this increase. Total benefit payouts and refunds for fiscal 2020 and fiscal 2019 were higher as well by 3.3% or \$126 million and 4.4%, or \$122 million, respectively. Increases for both years were normal and within expectations. Deferred option payouts jumped 72.5% to \$64.4 million in fiscal 2021 on the strength of investment returns, motivating an increase in retirements. 2020 deferred option payouts increased 11.1% to \$37.4 million, a modest rise from the prior year. With a large jump in new net retirees, the deferred option payouts increased significantly in fiscal 2019, rising 47.2% to \$33.6 million. Deferred option payouts are individual retirement elections that can cause large expense fluctuations from one year to the next.

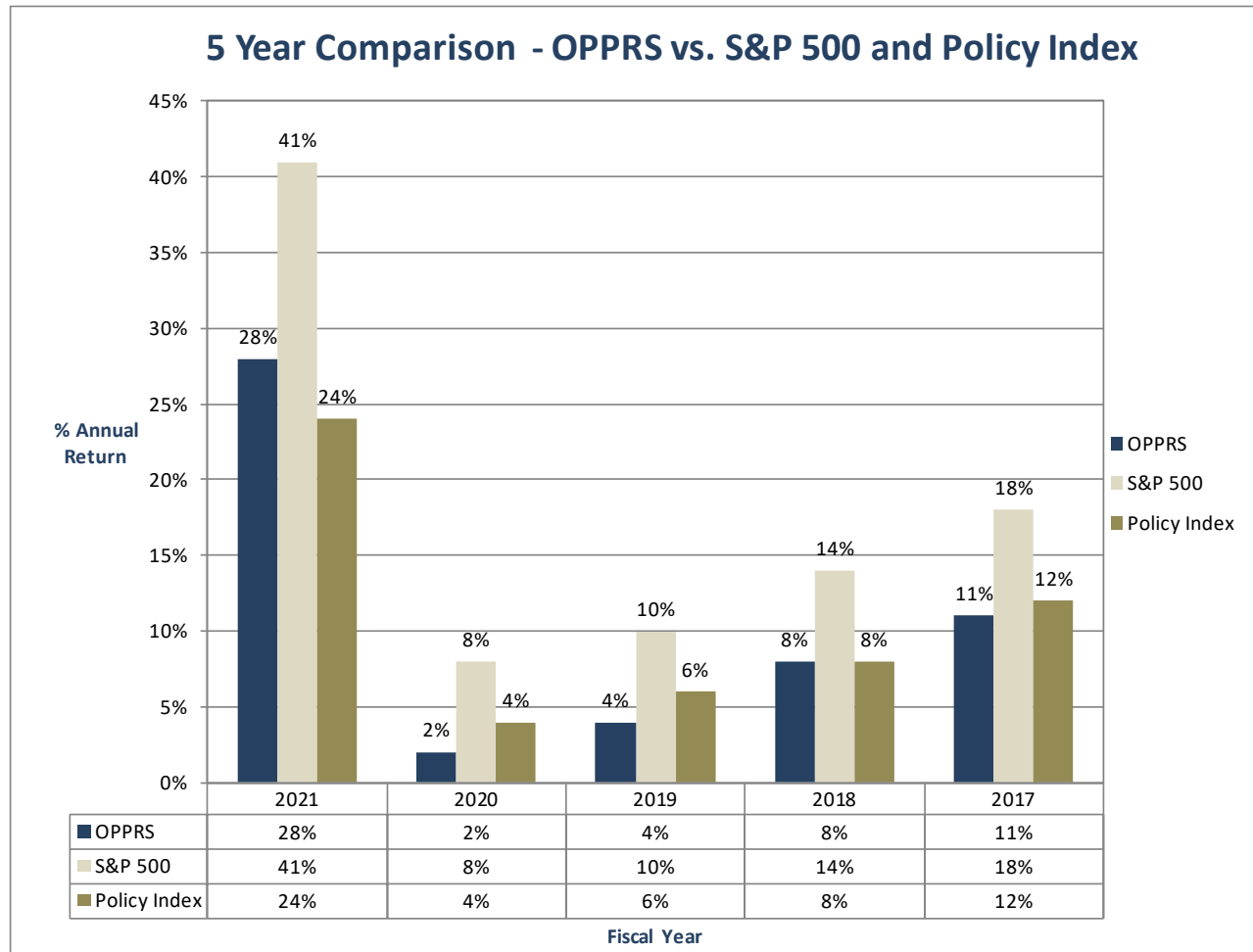
The System is funded by contributions from participating cities and their police officers, a dedicated percentage of the State of Oklahoma's insurance premium tax and returns generated by investing the System's assets. Fiscal 2021 contributions decreased 10% or \$11.1 million to \$100.7 million due primarily to a reduction in the allocated insurance premium tax to 9.8% from 14%. Statewide budget concerns due to COVID led to this legislative reduction in fiscal 2021. In fiscal 2020 contributions increased 3.7%, or \$4.0 million, to \$111.8 million on continued salary strength and increases. For fiscal 2019, contributions increased 3.8%, or \$4.0 million to \$107.9 million due to larger than normal increases in member and employer contributions. The System received 9.8% the State's total insurance premium tax collected in fiscal 2021 while this rate was 14% in fiscal 2020 and 2019. The System received \$28.3 million, \$40.3 million, and \$39.6 million for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The system's allocation was reset to 14% for fiscal 2022 and will increase to 14.7% for 2023-2027 before returning to 14% in 2028.

Total benefit payments, including refunds and deferred options, jumped 22.7% to \$200.2 million in fiscal 2021 as substantially more members elected to retire. Strong investment returns boosted deferred option benefits, motivating a larger than normal number of members to elect retirement in fiscal 2021. Total benefits increased 5% in fiscal 2020 to \$163.2 million after an 11.4% increase in fiscal 2019 to \$155.5 million. These increases were primarily due to higher retirement elections in both 2020 and 2019 that substantially increased deferred option payouts. Very high deferred option returns, such as those in fiscal 2021, often provide a strong incentive for members near or at retirement age to retire. Deferred option returns and elections are highly variable and can change substantially from one year to the next.

Administrative expenses are composed primarily of payroll and related expenses for the employees of the System, legal and professional fees, data processing fees, medical and travel costs, and depreciation. Fiscal 2021 administrative costs were flat, decreasing 0.6% or \$12 thousand, as costs were stable versus 2020. In fiscal 2020 administrative costs increased \$121 thousand, or 6.5%, due primarily to increased legal costs related to investment contracts. 2019 administration costs increased 8.7%, or \$150 thousand, due primarily to increased legal, professional and information technology costs. Legal costs can vary significantly from year to year depending on the number of new investments in a given year. Administrative expenses were \$1.98 million, \$1.99 million, and \$1.87 million for fiscal years 2021, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Net yield on assets was 28% in fiscal 2021, a record return over the last 30 years. Exceptional returns across all equity categories, combined with strong multi-sector fixed income performance, led to substantial across the board investment gains. The System's net yield on average assets was approximately 1.93% for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, as most asset classes faced significant headwinds due to COVID-19. Domestic large cap and growth-oriented funds recovered strongly after an early dip while international large cap and value focus funds lagged significantly. Core bonds outperformed during the fiscal year, returning 9.88% on declining interest

rates. Since the System values its investments at fair value, increasing volatility in both local and global markets can have a significant impact on the net position and operating results of the System. The System's net yield on average assets as compared to the S&P 500 stock index, an unmanaged pool of domestic equities, and its policy index, a combination of unmanaged domestic and international equity indices, were as follows for the periods ended June 30:



The System has experienced respectable total return performance over the last 5 years, exceeding 7.5% in 3 of those years while substantially exceeding 7.5% in fiscal 2021. The System's broad asset diversification policies produced substantial returns without relying solely on a heavy domestic equity focus that continues to see outsized returns. Although the System is directly impacted by overall stock market changes, investments are made based on the expectation of long-term performance and in the best interest of the System's members. With \$3.29 billion in assets allocated across a highly diversified range of investments, the System has the financial resources to maintain its current investment strategies while continually pursuing suitable investment options that will benefit its members.

**Other Matters**

As a matter of policy, the System attempts to stay fully invested at all times. Consequently, the System's Fiduciary Net Position could be negatively affected should global stock and bond market volatility increase, or should such markets encounter an extended period of decline.

**Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the System's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Executive Director or Chief Financial Officer, Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System, 1001 N.W. 63<sup>rd</sup> Street, Suite 305, Oklahoma City, OK 73116-7335. Additional information may also be obtained by visiting the System's website located at [www.OPPRS.ok.gov](http://www.OPPRS.ok.gov).

**OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLAN**  
**Administered by**  
**OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION AND RETIREMENT SYSTEM**

**STATEMENTS OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION**

<i>June 30,</i>	<i>2021</i>	<i>2020</i>
	<i>(Amounts in Thousands)</i>	
<b>Assets</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 62,832	37,594
Receivables:		
Interest and dividends receivable	1,712	1,789
Contributions receivable from cities	2,282	2,844
Contributions receivable from participants	1,415	1,750
Insurance premium tax receivable	5,900	7,835
Receivable from brokers	400	1,303
Total receivables	11,709	15,521
Investments, at fair value:		
U.S. government securities	42,183	37,917
Domestic corporate bonds	208,271	217,356
International corporate bonds and bond funds	286,985	219,400
Domestic equities	921,659	659,372
International equities	536,635	399,687
Private equity—non-real estate	472,871	295,859
Low volatility hedge funds	86,689	164,679
Long/short hedge funds	274,281	229,943
Real estate—core and private equity	388,478	320,500
Commodities	-	22,799
Direct real estate—Columbus Square	3,900	4,100
Total investments, at fair value	3,221,952	2,571,612
Securities lending collateral	89,014	70,726
Total assets	3,385,507	2,695,453
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Payable to brokers	391	2,505
Accounts payable	837	732
Deferred option benefits due and currently payable	5,306	179
Securities lending collateral payable	89,014	70,726
Total liabilities	95,548	74,142
Fiduciary net position restricted for pensions	\$ 3,289,959	2,621,311

See Independent Auditors' Report.  
See accompanying notes to financial statements.



**OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLAN**  
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**STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION**

<i>Years Ended June 30,</i>	<i>2021</i>	<i>2020</i>
	<i>(Amounts in Thousands)</i>	
<b>Additions</b>		
Contributions:		
Cities	\$ 44,405	44,226
Plan members	27,946	27,310
Insurance premium tax	28,368	40,295
Total contributions	<u>100,719</u>	<u>111,831</u>
Investment income:		
From investing activities:		
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	766,078	54,283
Interest	13,065	9,267
Dividends	8,484	8,783
Other	272	570
Total investment income	<u>787,899</u>	<u>72,903</u>
Less investment expense	<u>(17,869)</u>	<u>(17,147)</u>
Income from investing activities	<u>770,030</u>	<u>55,756</u>
From securities lending activities:		
Securities lending income	106	340
Securities lending expenses:		
Borrower rebates, net	85	(238)
Management fees	(90)	(50)
Income from securities lending activities	<u>101</u>	<u>52</u>
Net investment income	<u>770,131</u>	<u>55,808</u>
Total additions	<u>870,850</u>	<u>167,639</u>
<b>Deductions</b>		
Benefits paid	133,969	123,375
Deferred option benefits	64,440	37,367
Refunds of contributions	1,813	2,451
Administrative expenses	1,980	1,992
Total deductions	<u>202,202</u>	<u>165,185</u>
Net increase in net position	668,648	2,454
Net position restricted for pensions:		
Beginning of year	<u>2,621,311</u>	<u>2,618,857</u>
End of year	<u>\$ 3,289,959</u>	<u>2,621,311</u>

See Independent Auditors' Report.  
See accompanying notes to financial statements.

**OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLAN**  
**Administered by**  
**OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION AND RETIREMENT SYSTEM**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**June 30, 2021 and 2020**

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**(1) NATURE OF OPERATIONS**

The Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System (the “System”) was established by legislative act and became effective on January 1, 1981. The System is the administrator of a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined benefit pension plan that provides participants with retirement, death, and disability benefits and a deferred option plan (the “Deferred Option”), both established by the State of Oklahoma. These plans are considered a single plan for financial reporting purposes. The System is part of the State of Oklahoma financial reporting entity and is included in the State of Oklahoma’s financial reports as a pension trust fund. The System covers substantially all police officers employed by the 148 participating municipalities and state agencies within the state of Oklahoma. The System administers the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement Plan (the “Plan”). For report purposes, the System is deemed to be the administrator of the Plan. The State of Oklahoma remits, through the Oklahoma Insurance Department, a portion of the insurance premium taxes collected by authority of the State. As a result of these contributions, the State is considered a non-employer contributing entity to the Plan.

The System is a part of the State of Oklahoma financial reporting entity, which is combined with other similar funds (multiple-employer, cost-sharing) to comprise the fiduciary-pension trust funds of the State of Oklahoma.

The Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System Board of Trustees (the “Board”) is responsible for the operation, administration, and management of the System. The Board also determines the general investment policy of the System’s assets. The Board is comprised of 13 members. Six members are active System members and represent specific geographic areas of the state. They must work for a police department physically located in the district they serve. The 7th district shall be represented by a retired member of the System and encompasses the entire state area. These elected members serve 3-year terms. The remaining six members are either governmental office holders or are appointed as follows: one by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, one by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, one by the Governor, and one by the President of the Oklahoma Municipal League; the final two members of the Board are the State Insurance Commissioner or designee and the Director of the Office of Management and Enterprise Services or designee. The appointees and office holders or designees all serve a 4-year term, with the governor appointee’s term being coterminous with that office. The appointees of the Board or designees of ex officio members should have either demonstrated professional experience in investment or funds management, demonstrated experience in the banking profession, be licensed to practice law in the state and have demonstrated professional experience in commercial matters, or be licensed by the Oklahoma Accountancy Board to practice in this state as a public accountant or a certified public accountant.

See Independent Auditors’ Report.

**OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLAN**  
**Administered by**  
**OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION AND RETIREMENT SYSTEM**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

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**(1) NATURE OF OPERATIONS, CONTINUED**

The System's participants at June 30 consisted of:

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	4,082	3,912
Vested members with deferred benefits	156	161
Deferred Option plan members	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>
	<u>4,239</u>	<u>4,075</u>
Active plan members:		
Vested	2,344	2,435
Nonvested	<u>3,579</u>	<u>3,454</u>
Total active plan members	<u>5,923</u>	<u>5,889</u>
Total members	<u><u>10,162</u></u>	<u><u>9,964</u></u>
Number of participating municipalities and state agencies	<u><u>148</u></u>	<u><u>147</u></u>

**(2) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The following are the significant accounting policies followed by the Plan.

**Basis of Accounting**

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, under which expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, revenues are recorded in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable, and investment purchases and sales are recorded as of their trade date. The financial statements are in conformity with provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans—an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 25* (GASB 67).

The Plan is administered by the System, a part of the State of Oklahoma financial reporting entity, which together with other similar pension and retirement funds comprise the fiduciary-pension trust funds of the State of Oklahoma. Administrative expenses are paid with funds provided by operations of the Plan.

See Independent Auditors' Report.

**OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLAN**  
**Administered by**  
**OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION AND RETIREMENT SYSTEM**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

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**(2) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED**

**Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases* (GASB 87). GASB 87 provides accounting and reporting guidance for leases, effectively considering most leases, other than those for terms of less than one year, as capital leases. GASB 87 guides that lessees will recognize a lease liability at the outset of the lease, and an intangible right-to-use lease asset. The liability will be amortized as payments are made, and the asset will generally be depreciated over the shorter of the lease term or the service life of the asset. The Plan adopted GASB 87 on July 1, 2020, for the June 30, 2021, reporting year, which did not have a significant impact on the financial statements.

In June 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period* (GASB 89). GASB 89 directs that interest costs incurred during the construction period of an asset be expensed in the period incurred. GASB 89 changes previous guidance regarding capitalized construction costs where such costs were typically included in the capitalized cost of the asset constructed and depreciated over time. The Plan adopted GASB 89 on July 1, 2020, for the June 30, 2021, reporting year, which did not have a significant impact on the financial statements.

In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations* (GASB 91). The objective of GASB 91 is to provide a single method of reporting for conduit debt obligations issued and eliminate diversity in practice regarding (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The Plan will adopt GASB 91 on July 1, 2021, for the June 30, 2022, reporting year. The Plan does not expect GASB 91 to have a significant impact the financial statements.

In January 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020* (GASB 92). GASB 92 is a cleanup omnibus that addresses multiple issues including; interim lease reporting, intra-entity asset transfers between the primary government and a component unit for defined benefit pension and OPEB plans, reporting of postemployment benefit plans that do not meet the definition of a trust, applicability of certain fiduciary activities to postemployment benefit arrangements, measurement of liabilities and assets related to ARO's (asset retirement obligations) in a government acquisition, reporting by public entity risk pools, references to nonrecurring fair value measurements of assets and liabilities and terminology used when referring to derivative instruments. The Plan adopted GASB 92 on July 1, 2020, for the June 30, 2021, reporting year, which did not have a significant impact on the financial statements.

**OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLAN**  
**Administered by**  
**OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION AND RETIREMENT SYSTEM**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

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**(2) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED**

**Recent Accounting Pronouncements, Continued**

In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offer Rates* (GASB 93). GASB 93 addresses upcoming changes and the eventual removal of a global reference rate called LIBOR (London Interbank Offered Rate) which is often used as a reference rate for variable and derivative instruments. GASB 93 addresses allowable exceptions to existing contracts and agreements where LIBOR can be replaced with another IBOR without needed a new contract. GASB 93 also identifies the SOFR (Secured Overnight Financing Rate) and the FFR (Federal Funds Rate) as benchmarks for evaluating interest rate swaps. Finally, GASB 93 modifies lease agreements to allow for a change in the IBOR without being considered a modification to a lease. The Plan adopted GASB 93 on July 1, 2020, for the June 30, 2021, reporting year, which did not have a significant impact on the financial statements.

In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements* (GASB 94). GASB 94 defines and provides financial reporting requirements for Public-Private or Public-Public Partnerships (PPP) and Availability Payment Arrangements (APA). A PPP is an arrangement between a government (transferor) and an operator (governmental or non-governmental) to provide public services by conveying the right to control or use a nonfinancial or infrastructure asset for a period of time in an exchange-like transaction. An APA is a similar arrangement where the operator may also be compensated for services that include designing, constructing, financing and maintaining a nonfinancial asset for a period of time. The Plan will adopt GASB 94 on July 1, 2022, for the June 30, 2023, reporting year. GASB 94 will not have a significant impact on the Plan's financial statements.

In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance* (GASB 95). GASB 95 provides temporary postponement of the effective dates of certain provisions in GASB Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective after June 15, 2018. Most affected statements are postponed by one year while GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, and Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, *Leases*, are postponed by 18 months. GASB 95 was effective immediately for the June 30, 2020, reporting year. The Plan does not anticipate a significant impact on the financial statements due to GASB 95. The Plan does not anticipate deferring any affected GASB Statements since their impact on the Plan's financial reporting will not be significant.

See Independent Auditors' Report.

**OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLAN**  
**Administered by**  
**OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION AND RETIREMENT SYSTEM**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

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**(2) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED**

**Recent Accounting Pronouncements, Continued**

In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements* (GASB 96). GASB 96 provides accounting and financial reporting guidance for the governmental end users of subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs). GASB 96 defines an SBITA, establishes right-to-use assets and corresponding liabilities, and provides capitalization criteria and the note disclosures required for SBITAs. The Plan will adopt GASB 96 on July 1, 2022, for the June 30, 2023, reporting year. The Plan does not expect GASB 96 to significantly impact the financial statements.

In June 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 97, *Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans* (GASB 97). GASB 97 seeks to improve consistency and comparability related to fiduciary component unit reporting in circumstances where the potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs such duties. GASB 97 also seeks to mitigate reporting costs for certain defined-contribution, OPEB and other employee benefit plans as fiduciary component units and to enhance the relevance, consistency and comparability of Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans. Portions of GASB 97 were effective immediately for the June 30, 2020, reporting year. The Plan will adopt sections of GASB 97 related to IRC Section 457 plans on July 1, 2021, for the June 30, 2022, reporting year. GASB 97 will not significantly impact the Plan's financial statements.

**Use of Estimates**

The preparation of the Plan's financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management of the Plan to make significant estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of net position restricted for pensions at the date of the financial statements and the actuarial information in Exhibits I, II, and III included in the required supplementary information as of the benefit information date, the changes in the Plan's net position during the reporting period, and when applicable, disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

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**(2) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED**

**Risks and Uncertainties**

Contributions to the Plan and the actuarial information in Exhibits I, II, and III included in the required supplementary information are reported based on certain assumptions pertaining to interest rates, inflation rates, and employee compensation and demographics. Due to the changing nature of these assumptions, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in these assumptions may occur in the near term and, due to the uncertainties inherent in setting assumptions, that the effect of such changes could be material to the financial statements.

**Plan Contributions**

Contributions to the Plan are recognized when due pursuant to formal commitments, as well as statutory or contractual requirements.

**Plan Benefit Payments and Refunds**

Benefits and refunds of the Plan are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

**Receivables**

At June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Plan had no long-term receivables. All the receivables reflected in the statements of fiduciary net position are expected to be received and available for use by the Plan in its operations. Also, no allowance for any uncollectible portions is considered necessary.



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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

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**(2) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED**

**Investments**

Management of the Plan is authorized to invest in eligible investments as approved by the Board as set forth in its investment policy. The Board reviews and updates the plan investment policy at least annually, making changes as deemed necessary to achieve policy goals. An investment policy change can be made anytime the need should arise at the discretion of the Board.

*Investment Allocation Policy*—The Board's asset allocation policy will currently maintain approximately 65% of assets in equity instruments, including public equity, long/short hedge, venture capital, and private equity strategies; approximately 20% of assets in fixed income to include investment grade bonds, high yield and non-dollar denominated bonds, convertible bonds, low volatility hedge funds, and absolute return strategies; and 15% of assets in core and opportunistic real estate.

*Significant Investment Policy Changes Made During the Year*—During the year ended June 30, 2021, the Board approved a change in investment allocations. The Board increased equity allocations to 65% from 60% by raising the U.S. small and midcap allocation to 10%. The Board also reduced fixed income allocations from 25% to 20% by reducing the core bonds allocation by 5%. The allocation to real assets remained unchanged at 15%. During the year ended June 30, 2020, no significant investment policy changes were made.

*Rate of Return*—For the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 29.73% and 2.15%, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

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**(2) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED**

**Investments, Continued**

*Method Used to Value Investments*—As a key part of the Plan's activities, it holds investments that are measured and reported at fair value on a recurring basis. Generally accepted accounting principles establish a fair value hierarchy for the determination and measurement of fair value. This hierarchy is based on the type of valuation inputs needed to measure the fair value of an asset. The hierarchy generally is as follows:

Level 1—Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets.

Level 2—Quoted prices for similar assets, or inputs that are observable or other forms of market corroborated inputs.

Level 3—Pricing based on best available information, including primarily unobservable inputs and assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset.

Short-term investments include an investment fund composed of an investment in units of a commingled trust fund of the Plan's custodial agent (which is valued at amortized cost, which approximates fair value), commercial paper, treasury bills, and U.S. government agency securities. Active manager accounts holding debt and equity securities are reported at fair value, as determined by the Plan's custodial agent, using pricing services or prices quoted by independent brokers based on the latest reported sales prices in active markets, and at current exchange rates for securities traded on national or international exchanges. The fair value of the pro rata share of units owned by the Plan in equity index and commingled trust funds is determined by the respective fund trustee or manager based on quoted sales prices of the underlying securities. The fair value of hedge fund and private equity investments is priced by each respective manager using a combination of observable and unobservable inputs. The fair value of the real estate is determined from independent appraisals and discounted income approaches. Investments which do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value based on primarily unobservable inputs.

Net investment income (loss) includes net appreciation (depreciation) in the fair value of investments, interest income, dividend income, investment income from real estate, securities lending income and expenses, and investment expenses, which includes investment management and custodial fees and all other significant investment related costs. Foreign currency translation gains and losses are reflected in the net appreciation (depreciation) in the fair value of investments. Investment income from real estate includes the Plan's share of income from operations, net appreciation (depreciation) in the fair value of the underlying real estate properties, and the Plan's real estate investment management fees. The fair value of the limited partnerships is determined by managers of the partnerships based on the values of the underlying assets.

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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

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**(2) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED**

**Investments, Continued**

The Plan's international investment managers enter into forward foreign exchange contracts to protect against fluctuation in exchange rates between the trade date and the settlement date of foreign investment transactions. The gains and losses on these contracts are included in income in the period in which the exchange rates change.

The Plan may invest in various traditional financial instruments that fall under the broad definition of derivatives. The Plan's derivatives may include collateralized mortgage obligations, convertible stocks and bonds, and variable rate instruments. These investments do not increase investment risk beyond allowable limits specified in the Plan's investment policy.

The Plan's investment policy provides for investments in stocks, bonds, fixed-income securities, and other investment securities, along with investments in commingled, mutual, and index funds. Investment securities and investment securities underlying commingled or mutual fund investments are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate and market and credit risks. Due to the risks associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities may occur in the near term, and such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the statements of fiduciary net position.

The investment policy limits the concentration of each portfolio manager. Except as noted below, no investment with a single firm exceeds 5% of the Plan's net position.

The Plan invests in domestic equity index funds, domestic equity commingled trust funds, and international equity funds. The Plan shares the risk of loss in these funds with other participants in proportion to its respective investment. Because the Plan does not own any specific identifiable investment securities of these funds, the market risk associated with any derivative investments held in these funds is not apparent. The degree of market risk depends on the underlying portfolios of the funds, which were selected by the Plan in accordance with its investment policy guidelines, including risk assessment. The international funds invest primarily in equity securities of entities outside the United States and may enter into forward contracts to purchase or sell securities at specified dates in the future at a guaranteed price in a foreign currency to protect against fluctuations in exchange rates of foreign currency.

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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

**(2) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED**

**Investments, Continued**

The following table presents individual investments held by a single organization that exceed 5%\* of the Plan's fiduciary net position at June 30:

<u>Classification of Investment</u>	<u>Name of Organization</u>	<u>Shares Held</u>	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
<i>(Amounts in Thousands)</i>				
<u>2021</u>				
Long/short hedge funds	K2 Mauna Kea	N/A	\$ 172,820	271,809
Domestic equities	Northern Trust	11,912,260	247,786	617,234
Domestic corporate bonds	Agincourt	N/A	242,048	257,876
International equities	Barings	187,945,506	117,000	187,946
International Equities— Value Focus	Mondrian International	3,939,387	56,861	164,710
<u>2020</u>				
Long/short hedge funds	K2 Mauna Kea	N/A	\$ 98,020	143,883
Domestic equities	Northern Trust	13,808,925	287,239	500,201
Domestic corporate bonds	Agincourt	N/A	238,915	258,342
International equities	Barings	148,738,494	117,000	148,738
International corporate bonds and private equity—non-real estate	Oaktree Capital Mgmt.	147,568,282	156,368	146,699
Real estate—core and private equity	JP Morgan	14,809,408	93,330	150,762

\* While the investment with a single entity may exceed 5% of the Plan's net position, each investment is comprised of numerous individual securities. As such, no individual security exceeds the 5% threshold.

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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

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**(2) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED**

**Repurchase/Reverse Repurchase Agreement**

The Plan has a master repurchase/reverse repurchase agreement. Under the agreement, the Plan may enter into a purchase/sale of a security with a simultaneous agreement to resell/repurchase the security at a specified future date and price. The Plan did not enter into any transactions under this agreement during fiscal year 2021 or 2020.

**Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which consist of software, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Capital assets were fully depreciated as of June 30, 2021 and 2020.

**Income Taxes**

The Plan is exempt from federal and state income taxes.

**Plan Termination**

In the event the Plan terminates, the Oklahoma Statutes contain no provision for the order of distribution of the net position of the Plan. Plan termination would take an act of the Oklahoma Legislature, at which time the order of distribution of the Plan's net position would be addressed.

**Administrative Items**

***Operating Leases***

The Plan had an operating lease which ended June 30, 2021. The lease has been renewed for the period July 1, 2021, through June 30, 2022. Total lease expense was approximately \$91,000 for both years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020.

***Compensated Absences***

Employees of the System earn annual vacation leave at the rate of 10 hours per month for up to 5 years of service, 12 hours per month for service of 5 to 10 years, 13.3 hours per month for service of 10 to 20 years, and 16.7 hours per month for over 20 years of service. Unused annual leave may be accumulated to a maximum of 480 hours. All accrued leave is payable upon termination, resignation, retirement, or death. As of June 30, 2021 and 2020, approximately \$118,000 and \$126,000, respectively, was included in accounts payable as the accrual for compensated absences.

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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

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**(2) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED**

**Administrative Items, Continued**

***Compensated Absences, Continued***

The changes in the accrual for compensated absences for the years ended June 30 were as follows:

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Balane at beginning of year	\$ 125,707	151,696
Additions and transfers	81,911	76,124
Amount used	<u>(89,297)</u>	<u>(102,113)</u>
Balance at end of year	<u>\$ 118,321</u>	<u>125,707</u>

***Retirement Expense***

Employees of the System are eligible to participate in the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement Plan, which is administered by the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing public retirement defined benefit pension plan and a defined contribution plan. OPERS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to its plan members and beneficiaries. OPERS issues a publicly available financial report which includes financial statements and required supplementary information for OPERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System, 5400 N. Grand Blvd, Suite 400, Oklahoma City, OK 73112-5625.

***Defined Benefit Plan***

Eligible employees of the System are required to contribute 3.5% of their annual covered salary to the defined benefit plan. The System is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate, which was 16.5% of annual covered payroll as of June 30, 2021, 2020, and 2019. During 2021, 2020, and 2019, totals of \$165,179, \$166,036, and \$152,014, respectively, were paid to OPERS. The System has contributed 100% of required contributions to OPERS for 2021, 2020, and 2019. The System's and the employees' portions of those amounts were as follows:

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
System's portion	\$ 132,903	133,610	122,610
Employees' portion	<u>32,276</u>	<u>32,426</u>	<u>29,404</u>
	<u>\$ 165,179</u>	<u>166,036</u>	<u>152,014</u>

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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

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**(2) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED**

**Administrative Items, Continued**

***Defined Benefit Plan, Continued***

The Plan adopted GASB 68 as of July 1, 2014, as it applies to its participation in OPERS. The effects on the financial statements of the Plan as a result of the adoption of GASB 68 are considered immaterial.

The Plan adopted GASB 75 as of July 1, 2017, as it applies to its participation in OPERS, OPEB, and Implicit Rate Subsidy. The effects on the financial statements of the Plan as a result of the adoption of GASB 75 are considered immaterial.

***Defined Contribution Plan***

Effective November 1, 2015, OPERS established the Pathfinder Defined Contribution Plan ("Pathfinder"), a mandatory defined contribution plan for eligible state employees who first become employed by a participating employer on or after November 1, 2015 and have no prior participation in OPERS. Under Pathfinder, members will choose a contribution rate which will be matched by their employer up to 7%. All state employers with Pathfinder participants contribute 16.5% of salary, with contributions in excess of the matched amount going into the Defined Benefit Plan, as required by statute. During 2021, 2020, and 2019, totals of \$18,219, \$17,386, and \$16,591, respectively, were paid to OPERS, representing 100% of the required contributions. The System's and employees' contributions to Pathfinder were as follows:

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
System's portion	\$ 12,203	12,062	11,649
Employees' portion	<u>6,016</u>	<u>5,324</u>	<u>4,942</u>
	<u>\$ 18,219</u>	<u>17,386</u>	<u>16,591</u>

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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

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**(2) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED**

**Administrative Items, Continued**

***Risk Management***

The Risk Management Division (the “Division”) of the Office of Management and Enterprise Services is empowered by the authority of Title 74 O.S. Supp. 1993, Section 85.34 et seq. The Division is responsible for the acquisition and administration of all insurance purchased by the State of Oklahoma or administration of any self-insurance plans and programs adopted for use by the State of Oklahoma for certain organizations and bodies outside of state government, at the sole expense of such organizations and bodies.

The Division is authorized to settle claims of the State of Oklahoma and shall govern the dispensation and/or settlement of claims against a political subdivision. In no event shall self-insurance coverage provided by the State of Oklahoma, an agency, or other covered entity exceed the limitations on the maximum dollar amount of liability specified by the Oklahoma Government Tort Claims Act, as provided by Title 51 O.S. Supp. 1988, Section 154. The Division oversees the collection of liability claims owed to the State of Oklahoma incurred as the result of a loss through the wrongful or negligent act of a private person or other entity.

The Division is also charged with the responsibility to immediately notify the attorney general of any claims against the State of Oklahoma presented to the Division. The Division purchases insurance policies through third-party insurance carriers that ultimately inherit the risk of loss. The Division annually assesses each State agency, including the System, their pro rata share of the premiums purchased. The System has no obligations to any claims submitted against the System.

**Date of Review of Subsequent Events**

The Plan has evaluated subsequent events through September 8, 2021, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued, and determined that no subsequent events have occurred that require adjustment to or disclosure in the financial statements.



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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

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**(3) DESCRIPTION OF THE PLAN**

The following brief description of the Plan is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the Oklahoma Statutes for more complete information.

**General**

The Plan is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined benefit pension plan covering members who have actively participated in being a police officer for an Oklahoma municipality or state agency which is a member of the Plan.

**Contributions**

The contribution requirements of the Plan are at an established rate determined by Oklahoma statute and are not based on actuarial calculations.

An eligible municipality may join the Plan on the first day of any month. Upon approval by the Board, its membership is irrevocable. All persons employed as police officers are required to participate in the Plan upon initial employment with the police department of the participating municipality. The Oklahoma Legislature has authority to establish and amend contribution amounts. Until July 1, 1991, each municipality contributed to the System 10% of the actual base salary of each participant employed by the municipality. Beginning July 1, 1991, municipality contributions increased by 1/2% per year and continued this increase until July 1, 1996, when the contribution level reached 13%, which it remains at currently. Each participant of the Plan contributes 8% of their actual paid base salary. Additional funds are provided to the Plan by the State of Oklahoma, a non-employer contributing entity, through an allocation of the tax on premiums collected by insurance companies operating in Oklahoma and by the net investment income generated on assets held by the Plan. The Plan is responsible for paying administrative costs. Administrative costs of the Plan are paid by using the earnings from the invested assets of the Plan.

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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

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**(3) DESCRIPTION OF THE PLAN, CONTINUED**

**Benefits**

In general, the Plan provides defined retirement benefits based on members' final average compensation, age, and term of service. In addition, the retirement program provides for benefits upon disability and to survivors upon death of eligible members. The Plan's benefits are established and amended by State statute. Retirement provisions are as follows:

- The normal retirement date under the Plan is the date upon which the participant completes 20 years of credited service, regardless of age. Participants become vested upon completing 10 years of credited service as a contributing participant of the Plan. No vesting occurs prior to completing 10 years of credited service. Participants' contributions are refundable, without interest, upon termination prior to normal retirement. Participants who have completed 10 years of credited service may elect a vested benefit in lieu of having their accumulated contributions refunded. If the vested benefit is elected, the participant is entitled to a monthly retirement benefit commencing on the date the participant reaches 50 years of age or the date the participant would have had 20 years of credited service had employment continued uninterrupted, whichever is later.
- Monthly retirement benefits are calculated at 2.5% of the final average salary (defined as the average paid base salary of the officer over the highest 30 consecutive months of the last 60 months of credited service) multiplied by the years of credited service, with a maximum of 30 years of credited service considered.
- Monthly benefits for participants due to permanent disability incurred in the line of duty are 2.5% of the participants' final average salary multiplied by 20 years. This disability benefit is reduced by stated percentages for partial disability based on the percentage of impairment unless the disability is due to a violent act in the line of duty. In such cases, as determined by the Board, there will be no reduction in the monthly benefit. After 10 years of credited service, participants who retire due to disability incurred from any cause are eligible for a monthly benefit based on 2.5% of their final average salary multiplied by the years of service. This disability benefit is also reduced by stated percentages for partial disability based on the percentage of impairment. Effective July 1, 1998, once a disability benefit is granted to a participant, that participant is no longer allowed to apply for an increase in the dollar amount of the benefit at a subsequent date.

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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

---

**(3) DESCRIPTION OF THE PLAN, CONTINUED**

**Benefits, Continued**

- Survivor's benefits are payable in full to the participant's beneficiary upon the death of a retired participant. The beneficiary of any active participant killed in the line of duty is entitled to a pension benefit. Effective July 1, 1999, a \$5,000 death benefit is also paid, in addition to any survivor's pension benefits under the Plan, to the participant's beneficiary or estate for active or retired members.
- The Deferred Option allows participants otherwise eligible for a normal retirement benefit to defer terminating employment and drawing retirement benefits for a period not to exceed 5 years. Under the Deferred Option, retirement benefits are calculated based on compensation and service at the time of election and a separate account is established for each participant. During the participation period, the employee's retirement benefit is credited to the participant's account along with a portion of the employer's contribution and interest. Interest is credited at a rate of 2% below the rate of return on the investment portfolio of the Plan, with a guaranteed minimum interest equal to the assumed actuarial interest of 7.5%. Employee contributions cease once participation in the Deferred Option is elected. At the conclusion of participation in the Deferred Option, the participant will receive the balance in the separate account under payment terms allowed by the Deferred Option and will then begin receiving retirement benefit payments as calculated at the time of election.
- In the 2003 Legislative Session, Senate Bill 688 and House Bill 1464 created a "Back" DROP for members of the System. The "Back" DROP is a modified deferred retirement option plan. The "Back" DROP allows the member flexibility by not having to commit to terminate employment within 5 years. Once a member has met their normal retirement period of 20 years, the member can choose, upon retirement, to be treated as if the member had entered into the "Back" DROP. A member, however, cannot receive credit to the "Back" DROP account based upon any years prior to when the member reached their normal retirement date. Once a member is ready to retire, the member can make the election to participate in the "Back" DROP and can receive a "Back" DROP benefit based upon up to 5 years of participation. The member's regular retirement benefit will not take into account any years of service credited to the "Back" DROP.

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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

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**(3) DESCRIPTION OF THE PLAN, CONTINUED**

**Benefits, Continued**

- In 2006, the Board approved a method of payment called the Deferred Option Payout Provision (the “Payout Provision”). The Payout Provision allows a retired member who has completed participation in the Deferred Option or the “Back” DROP the ability to leave their account balance in the Plan. The retired member’s account balance will be commingled and reinvested with the total assets, and therefore the member will not be able to direct their personal investments. Written election must be made to the Board no more than 30 days following the termination of employment.
- Upon participating in the Payout Provision, a retired member shall not be guaranteed a minimum rate of return on their investment. A retired member shall earn interest on their account as follows:
  - a) The retired member shall earn two percentage points below the net annual rate of return of the investment portfolio of the System.
  - b) If the portfolio earns less than a 2% rate of return, but more than zero, the retired member shall earn zero percentage points.
  - c) If the portfolio earns less than zero percentage points, there shall be a deduction from the retired member’s balance equal to the net annual rate of return of the investment portfolio of the System.

Interest as earned above shall be credited to the retired member’s account.

The Oklahoma Legislature has the authority to grant percentage increases or special one-time payments to persons receiving benefits from the Plan. Additionally, certain retirees are entitled to receive a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) when a COLA is granted to active police officers in the retiree’s city. Participants eligible to receive both types of benefit increases are to receive the greater of the legislative increase or the benefit increase the participant would receive pursuant to the COLA provision.

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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

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**(4) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS**

**Cash and Cash Equivalents**

At June 30, cash and cash equivalents were composed of the following:

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	<i>(Amounts in Thousands)</i>	
Short-term investments:		
OK INVEST	\$ 9,644	5,023
Domestic	53,188	32,571
Total short-term investments	<u>62,832</u>	<u>37,594</u>
 Total cash and cash equivalents	 <u>\$ 62,832</u>	 <u>37,594</u>

At June 30, 2021 and 2020, as a result of outstanding checks and deposits, the carrying amount of the Plan's OK INVEST account totaled \$9,643,953 and \$5,022,669, respectively, and the bank balance totaled \$32,553,104 and \$13,005,407, respectively.

Included in cash and cash equivalents are investments included in the State of Oklahoma's OK INVEST Portfolio. Because these investments are controlled by the State of Oklahoma and the balances change on a daily basis, they are considered cash equivalents. The balances are overnight funds consisting of U.S. agencies, mortgage-backed agencies, U.S. Treasury notes, municipal bonds, foreign bonds, tri-party repurchase agreements, certificates of deposit, commercial paper, and money market mutual funds. As of June 30, the investment balances were as follows:

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
U.S. agencies	\$ 13,025,353	3,014,720
Mortgage-backed agencies	9,431,211	4,832,370
U.S. Treasury notes	8,169,022	4,136,089
Municipal bonds	45,663	16,674
Certificates of deposit	220,219	191,940
Commercial paper	228,317	135,149
Money market mutual funds	<u>1,433,319</u>	<u>678,465</u>
	 <u>\$ 32,553,104</u>	 <u>13,005,407</u>

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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

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**(4) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED**

**Cash and Cash Equivalents, Continued**

The Plan's other short-term investments consist of temporary investments in commingled trust funds of the Plan's custodial agent, commercial paper, treasury bills, and U.S. government agency securities. The commingled trust funds are composed of high-grade money market instruments with short maturities. Each participant shares the risk of loss in proportion to their respective investment in the funds.

**Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of a counterparty, the Plan will not be able to recover the value of its investments. Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are uninsured and uncollateralized. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the Plan, and are held by a counterparty or the counterparty's trust department but not in the name of the Plan. While the investment policy does not specifically address custodial credit risk of deposits, it does limit the amount of cash and short-term investments to no more than 5% of each manager's portfolio. At June 30, 2021 and 2020, approximately \$53,188,000 and \$32,571,000, respectively, of cash and cash equivalents was uninsured and uncollateralized. The policy also provides that investment collateral be held by a third-party custodian with whom the Plan has a current custodial agreement in the Plan's name.

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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

**(4) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED**

**Foreign Currency Risk**

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit. The investment policy limits foreign equity investments to 15% of total assets through its asset allocation policy. Investments in equities and fixed-income securities as of June 30 are shown by monetary unit to indicate possible foreign currency risk.

<u>Currency</u>	<u>Equities</u>	<u>Corporate Bonds and Bond Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
<i>(Amounts in Thousands)</i>			
<u>2021</u>			
Commingled funds:			
Barings Focused International Equity Fund	\$ 187,945	-	187,945
Mondrian International Equity Fund	164,710	-	164,710
AllianceBernstein EM Strategic Core Fund	117,541	-	117,541
Wasatch Emerging Markets Small Capitalization Fund	66,439	-	66,439
Loomis Sayles World Bond Fund	-	89,668	89,668
Metwest Unconstrained Bond Fund	-	64,325	64,325
Oaktree Global Credit Fund	-	132,992	132,992
	<u>\$ 536,635</u>	<u>286,985</u>	<u>823,620</u>
<u>2020</u>			
Commingled funds:			
Barings Focused International Equity Fund	\$ 148,738	-	148,738
Mondrian International Equity Fund	122,217	-	122,217
AllianceBernstein EM Strategic Core Fund	86,540	-	86,540
Wasatch Emerging Markets Small Capitalization Fund	42,192	-	42,192
Loomis Sayles World Bond Fund	-	85,485	85,485
Oaktree Global Credit Fund	-	133,915	133,915
	<u>\$ 399,687</u>	<u>219,400</u>	<u>619,087</u>

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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

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**(4) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED**

**Foreign Currency Risk, Continued**

The Plan was exposed to foreign currency risk through investments in the following commingled funds:

- Barings Focused International Equity Fund—The fund seeks long-term capital growth by investing in a concentrated portfolio of equity securities from developed international markets combined with a limited number of equities from emerging markets.
- Mondrian International Equity Fund—The fund's investment objective is long-term total return through a value-driven approach of equity selection. The fund pursues this strategy by investing primarily in non-U.S. and emerging market equity securities.
- AllianceBernstein Emerging Markets Strategic Core Fund—The fund seeks long-term capital growth through a bottom-up fundamental selection of equities in global emerging markets. The fund will generally hold between 70–85 equity positions which may include up to 20% in developed-market domiciled companies that have significant emerging market exposure. The fund may also hold up to 10% in Frontier Market companies.
- Wasatch Emerging Markets Small Capitalization Fund—The fund seeks long-term capital growth by investing primarily in equity securities of small companies located in emerging markets. Companies will generally have a market capitalization of less than \$3 billion when purchased, and holdings will generally span broadly across countries and sectors.
- Loomis Sayles World Bond Fund—The fund normally invests at least 80% of its assets in fixed-income securities. The fund focuses primarily on investment grade fixed-income securities worldwide, although it may invest up to 20% of its fair value in lower rated fixed-income securities. Securities held by the fund may be denominated in any currency, may be from issuers located in emerging markets, or may be fixed-income securities of any maturity.
- MetWest Unconstrained Bond Fund—The fund will normally invest at least 80% of its assets in securities and investments it regards as bonds in the U.S. and abroad, including emerging markets. Up to 50% of assets may be invested in securities rated below investment grade. Investment categories may range across global credit, currency, and interest rate type instruments.
- Oaktree Global Credit Fund—The fund invests across a broad spectrum of debt instruments including high-yield corporate bonds, senior loans, emerging market debt, real estate debt, structured credit, and convertible securities with a primary emphasis on issuers in North America and Europe.

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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

**(4) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED**

**Credit Risk**

Fixed-income securities are subject to credit risk. Credit quality rating is one method of assessing the ability of the issuer to meet its obligation. The investment portfolio for domestic fixed-income securities requires the portfolio to maintain an average of A+ or higher. For international fixed-income securities, the investment policy requires the portfolio to invest in securities equal to or better than Moody's Baa3 or Standard & Poor's BBB. Exposure to credit risk as of June 30 was as follows:

<u>Investment Type</u>	<u>Moody's Ratings</u> <u>(Unless Noted)</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	Fair Value as a Percent of Total Fixed Maturity <u>Fair Value</u>
<u>2021</u>			
U.S. government agency securities	Aaa	\$ 6,346	15.04%
U.S. Treasury securities	UST*	35,837	84.96%
<b>Total U.S. government securities</b>		<b>\$ 42,183</b>	<b>100.00%</b>
Domestic corporate bonds	Aaa	\$ 79,577	38.21%
	A- (S&P)	1,319	0.63%
	Aa1	772	0.37%
	Aa2	4,975	2.39%
	AA+ (S&P)	418	0.20%
	Aa3	1,532	0.74%
	A1	7,099	3.41%
	A2	23,365	11.22%
	A3	16,032	7.70%
	Baa1	30,587	14.67%
	Baa2	33,878	16.27%
	Baa3	8,098	3.89%
	Ba1	408	0.20%
	Not Rated	211	0.10%
<b>Total domestic corporate bonds</b>		<b>\$ 208,271</b>	<b>100.00%</b>
International corporate bonds and bond funds (average rating)	A2	\$ 89,668	31.24%
	AA (S&P)	64,325	22.41%
	B2	132,992	46.35%
<b>Total international corporate bonds and bond funds</b>		<b>\$ 286,985</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

\*U.S. Treasury securities.

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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

**(4) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED**

**Credit Risk, Continued**

<u>Investment Type</u>	<u>Moody's Ratings</u> <u>(Unless Noted)</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	Fair Value as a Percent of Total Fixed Maturity <u>Fair Value</u>
<u>2020</u>			
U.S. government agency securities	Aaa	\$ 10,624	28.02%
U.S. Treasury securities	UST*	27,293	71.98%
<b>Total U.S. government securities</b>		<b>\$ 37,917</b>	<b>100.00%</b>
Domestic corporate bonds	Aaa	\$ 79,538	36.59%
	A- (S&P)	1,302	0.60%
	Aa1	900	0.41%
	Aa2	6,750	3.11%
	Aa3	651	0.30%
	A1	7,568	3.48%
	A2	17,149	7.89%
	A3	24,673	11.35%
	Baa1	36,432	16.77%
	Baa2	31,347	14.42%
	Baa3	10,047	4.62%
	Ba1	359	0.17%
	Not Rated	640	0.29%
<b>Total domestic corporate bonds</b>		<b>\$ 217,356</b>	<b>100.00%</b>
International corporate bonds and bond funds (avg. rating)	A3	\$ 85,485	38.96%
	B1	133,915	61.04%
<b>Total international corporate bonds and bond funds</b>		<b>\$ 219,400</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

\*U.S. Treasury securities.

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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

**(4) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED**

**Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. While all investments are subject to market changes, securities invested in index funds are more sensitive to market risk. Although the investment policy does not specifically address the duration of fixed-income securities, the Plan does monitor interest rate risk by monitoring the performance of each investment manager. As of June 30, the Plan had the following investments with maturities:

	Investment Maturities at Fair Value (in Years)				
	Less	5 or More, Less	10 or More	Investments with No	Total Fair
Investment Type	Than 5	Than 10	More	Duration	Value
	(Amounts in Thousands)				
2021					
U.S. government securities:					
U.S. government agency	\$ -	-	6,346	-	6,346
U.S. Treasury	-	7,162	28,675	-	35,837
Total U.S. government securities	-	7,162	35,021	-	42,183
Domestic corporate bonds:					
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	-	-	12,129	-	12,129
Corporates and other credit	50,817	52,240	32,619	-	135,676
U.S. government mortgages	620	532	59,314	-	60,466
Total domestic corporate bonds	51,437	52,772	104,062	-	208,271
International corporate bonds and bond funds (effective duration)	197,317	89,668	-	-	286,985
	\$ 248,754	149,602	139,083	-	537,439

As noted above, the Plan had approximately \$60,466,000 of investments in U.S. government mortgages, of which \$45,078,000 represents FNMA loans and \$15,388,000 represents FHLMC mortgages. U.S. government agency securities of \$6,346,000 represent GNMA mortgages.

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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

**(4) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED**

**Interest Rate Risk, Continued**

	<u>Investment Maturities at Fair Value (in Years)</u>				
		5 or More,		Investments	
<u>Investment Type</u>	<u>Less Than 5</u>	<u>Less Than 10</u>	<u>10 or More</u>	<u>with No Duration</u>	<u>Total Fair Value</u>
	<i>(Amounts in Thousands)</i>				
<u>2020</u>					
<b>U.S. government securities:</b>					
U.S. government agency	\$ -	-	10,624	-	10,624
U.S. Treasury	-	171	27,122	-	27,293
<b>Total U.S. government securities</b>	-	171	37,746	-	37,917
<b>Domestic corporate bonds:</b>					
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	-	-	6,438	-	6,438
Corporates and other credit	55,759	50,227	37,284	-	143,270
U.S. government mortgages	1	1,665	65,982	-	67,648
<b>Total domestic corporate bonds</b>	55,760	51,892	109,704	-	217,356
<b>International corporate bonds and bond funds (effective duration)</b>	133,915	85,485	-	-	219,400
	\$ 189,675	137,548	147,450	-	474,673

As noted above, the Plan had approximately \$67,648,000 of investments in U.S. government mortgages, of which \$40,622,000 represents FNMA loans and \$27,026,000 represents FHLMC mortgages. U.S. government agency securities of \$10,624,000 represent GNMA mortgages.

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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

**(4) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED**

**Investments Measured at Fair Value**

		Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using		
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
	Amounts Measured at Fair Value			
<i>June 30, 2021</i>				
<b><u>Investments by Fair Value Level</u></b>				
<b>Cash and cash equivalents:</b>				
OK INVEST—State managed short-term high liquidity	\$ 9,644	-	9,644	-
BNY Mellon—STIF-type investment; high liquidity	53,188	-	53,188	-
Total cash equivalents measured at fair value	<u>\$ 62,832</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>62,832</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Debt securities:</b>				
U.S. government agency	\$ 6,346	-	6,346	-
U.S. Treasury	35,837	35,837	-	-
Domestic corporate bonds:				
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	12,129	-	12,129	-
Corporate bonds	135,676	-	135,676	-
U.S. government mortgages	60,466	-	60,466	-
International corporate bonds:				
Oaktree Global Credit Fund	132,992	-	-	132,992
Metwest Unconstrained Bond Fund	64,325	-	64,325	-
Loomis Sayles World Bond Fund	89,668	-	89,668	-
Total debt securities	<u>537,439</u>	<u>35,837</u>	<u>368,610</u>	<u>132,992</u>
<b>Equity securities—domestic:</b>				
Domestic Large Cap—				
Northern Trust Russell 1000 Index Fd	617,234	-	617,234	-
Domestic Small Cap Value Focus—Boston Partners	146,323	146,323	-	-
Domestic Small Cap Growth Focus—Silvercrest	158,102	158,102	-	-
Total domestic equities	<u>921,659</u>	<u>304,425</u>	<u>617,234</u>	<u>-</u>

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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

**(4) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED**

**Investments Measured at Fair Value, Continued**

		Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using		
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
	Amounts Measured at <u>Fair Value</u>			
<i>June 30, 2021</i>				
<b><u>Investments by Fair Value Level, Continued</u></b>				
<b>Equity securities—international:</b>				
Intl. Equities—Barings Focused Intl Equity Fund (developed markets)	187,946	-	187,946	-
Intl. Equities—Value Focus—Mondrian Partners	164,710	-	164,710	-
Intl. Emerging Markets—Wasatch EM Small Cap Fund	66,438	-	66,438	-
Intl. Emerging Markets—AB EM Strategic Core	117,541	-	117,541	-
Total international equities	<u>536,635</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>536,635</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Private equity:</b>				
Private equity—non-real estate focused	472,871	-	-	472,871
Real estate	65,323	-	-	65,323
Total private equity	<u>538,194</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>538,194</u>
<b>Real estate—direct ownership—income producing:</b>				
Total direct ownership real estate	<u>3,900</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,900</u>
<b>Investments measured at net asset value (NAV):</b>				
Low Volatility Hedge Fund—PAAMCO	7,239			
Long/Short Equity Hedge Fund— Grosvenor Class A & B	2,472			
Long/Short Equity Hedge Fund— K2 Mauna Kea	271,809			
Low Volatility Hedge Fund—Wellington Global Total Return Fund	79,450			
Core Real Estate—JP Morgan Strategic Property Fund	159,717			
Core Real Estate—Blackstone Property Partners	163,438			
Total investments measured at NAV	<u>684,125</u>			
Total investments measured at fair value	<u>\$ 3,221,952</u>			

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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

**(4) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED**

**Investments Measured at Fair Value, Continued**

		Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using		
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
	Amounts Measured at Fair Value			
<i>June 30, 2020</i>				
<b><u>Investments by Fair Value Level</u></b>		<i>(Amounts in Thousands)</i>		
<b>Cash and cash equivalents:</b>				
OK INVEST—State managed short-term high liquidity	\$ 5,023	-	5,023	-
BNY Mellon—STIF-type investment; high liquidity	32,571	-	32,571	-
Total cash equivalents measured at fair value	<u>\$ 37,594</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>37,594</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Debt securities:</b>				
U.S. government agency	\$ 10,624	-	10,624	-
U.S. Treasury	27,293	27,293	-	-
Domestic corporate bonds:				
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	6,438	-	6,438	-
Corporate bonds	143,270	-	143,270	-
U.S. government mortgages	67,648	-	67,648	-
International corporate bonds:				
Oaktree Global Credit Fund	133,915	-	-	133,915
Loomis Sayles World Bond Fund	85,485	-	85,485	-
Total debt securities	<u>474,673</u>	<u>27,293</u>	<u>313,465</u>	<u>133,915</u>
<b>Equity securities—domestic:</b>				
Domestic Large Cap—				
Northern Trust Russell 1000 Index Fd	500,201	-	500,201	-
Domestic Small Cap Value Focus—Boston Partners	71,705	71,705	-	-
Domestic Small Cap Growth Focus—Silvercrest	87,466	87,466	-	-
Total domestic equities	<u>659,372</u>	<u>159,171</u>	<u>500,201</u>	<u>-</u>

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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

**(4) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED**

**Investments Measured at Fair Value, Continued**

		Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using		
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
	Amounts Measured at Fair Value			
<i>June 30, 2020</i>				
<b><u>Investments by Fair Value Level, Continued</u></b>		<i>(Amounts in Thousands)</i>		
<b>Equity securities—international:</b>				
Intl. Equities—Barings Focused Intl Equity Fund (developed markets)	148,738	-	148,738	-
Intl. Equities—Value Focus—Mondrian Partners	122,217	-	122,217	-
Intl. Emerging Markets—Wasatch EM Small Cap Fund	42,193	-	42,193	-
Intl. Emerging Markets—AB EM Strategic Core	86,539	-	86,539	-
Total international equities	399,687	-	399,687	-
<b>Private equity:</b>				
Private equity—non-real estate focused	295,859	-	-	295,859
Real estate	56,294	-	-	56,294
Total private equity	352,153	-	-	352,153
<b>Real estate—direct ownership—income producing:</b>				
Total direct ownership real estate	4,100	-	-	4,100
<b>Investments measured at net asset value (NAV):</b>				
Low Volatility Hedge Fund—PAAMCO	86,528			
Long/Short Equity Hedge Fund— Grosvenor Class A & B	86,060			
Long/Short Equity Hedge Fund— K2 Mauna Kea	143,883			
Low Volatility Hedge Fund—Wellington Global Total Return Fund	78,151			
Core Real Estate—JP Morgan Strategic Property Fund	150,762			
Core Real Estate—Blackstone Property Partners	113,444			
Commodities—Mt. Lucas—MLM Macro-Peak	22,799			
Total investments measured at NAV	681,627			
Total investments measured at fair value	\$ 2,571,612			

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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

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**(4) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED**

**Investments Measured at Fair Value, Continued**

*Fair Value of Cash and Cash Equivalents*—Short-term investments include cash equivalents held at the State Treasurer’s office and an investment fund composed of units of a commingled trust fund of the Plan’s custodial agent, commercial paper, treasury bills, and U.S. government agency securities. These investments offer high, immediate liquidity and are readily converted to cash. The funds are comprised primarily of very short-term debt instruments, and are valued at amortized cost, which also approximates fair value. For determining fair value, the instruments held are valued using actual quoted prices or by using matrix pricing, a method of pricing securities based on their relationship to benchmark quoted market prices. Both of these investments are classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy based on the development of an aggregate daily value of the individual instruments in each fund that are typically classified in either Level 1 or Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

*Fair Value of Debt Securities*—The Plan holds a diversified mix of debt instruments through an active domestic bond manager, Agincourt, and has international debt exposure through the Loomis Sayles Global Bond Fund and the MetWest Unconstrained Bond Fund. Agincourt generally holds a mix of U.S. government agency securities and U.S. government mortgages, U.S. Treasury securities, domestic corporate bonds, and commercial mortgage-backed securities. U.S. Treasury securities are classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy, using quoted prices in active markets. The remaining debt securities are classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, valued using a matrix pricing technique. This method values securities based on their relationship to benchmark quoted prices. The Loomis Sayles Global Bond Fund is a global debt instrument commingled fund, and is classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy based the development of a total value through the aggregation of Level 1 and Level 2 quoted prices for instruments held by the fund. The MetWest Unconstrained Bond Fund (UBF) is a global debt instrument commingled fund that may also invest in currencies and other interest rate fixed income items as conditions warrant. The MetWest UBF is classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy as it daily prices investment units using Level 1 and Level 2 quoted prices and other over-the-counter quotations for investments held.

The Plan also holds a limited partnership, the Oaktree Global Credit Fund, managed by Oaktree Capital Management that focuses primarily on domestic and international fixed-income and debt type securities, senior loans, convertible securities, secured loans, structured credit, and emerging market debt. The investments in this mandate are held in a limited partnership account where the underlying investments are priced in either Level 1, Level 2, or Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy, using quoted prices in active markets or other market corroborated inputs, as well as independent valuation sources for certain debt instruments. The Oaktree account is classified in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy based on the aggregation of the investments held. Oaktree prices the fund monthly and offers monthly liquidity after 30 days’ notice.

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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

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**(4) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED**

**Investments Measured at Fair Value, Continued**

*Fair Value of Equity Securities*—The Plan holds equity securities through a number of managers, both actively and passively managed. They are as follows:

**DOMESTIC**

*Northern Trust Collective Russell 1000 Index Fund*—The Plan holds a proportionate share of a fund managed by Northern Trust that seeks to correlate the holdings of the Russell 1000 Index Fund, a basket of passively managed holdings to serve as a benchmark for the U.S. equity market. The equities that comprise this index are all domestic, publicly traded securities and are daily priced. The Northern Trust Collective Russell 1000 Index Fund is a commingled fund and is classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, as its total value is calculated daily through the aggregation of Level 1 quoted prices, providing the equivalent of the Russell 1000 Index, a daily priced basket of assets. The Plan has daily liquidity access to its investment in this fund.

*Boston Partners (Small Cap Value Focus)*—The Plan has an active investment manager that focuses on domestic small- to mid-capitalization sized companies with a mandate to follow the value style of investing. Boston Partners manages an account through the Plan's custodian, and purchases securities in the primary active domestic equity markets. The Boston Partners account is classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy since all securities are priced at quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets.

*Cortina (Small Cap Growth Focus)*—The Plan has an active investment manager focused on the small to micro segment of the equities market with a mandate to pursue the growth style of investing. Cortina actively manages an account through the Plan's custodian and deals in equity securities in the domestic market. The Cortina account is classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy since all securities are priced at quoted market prices in active markets for identical securities.

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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

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**(4) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED**

**Investments Measured at Fair Value, Continued**

*Fair Value of Equity Securities—Continued*

INTERNATIONAL

*AllianceBernstein (AB) Emerging Markets Strategic Core Equity*—The Plan initiated an investment with AllianceBernstein in November 2016 from the liquidation of its holdings in the Northern Trust Emerging Markets Index Fund. The AB fund is a commingled fund that focuses on companies located in emerging markets or that have significant exposure to emerging markets. This fund is classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy since the price of the fund is derived from securities that are all priced as quoted market prices in active markets. The fund prices on a daily basis and provides liquidity on a monthly (30-day notice) basis.

*Barings Focused International Equity*—The Plan participates in a commingled equity fund that focuses on a smaller number of equity securities located primarily in international developed markets. This investment is a commingled fund of international equity securities that are typically priced based on quoted market prices in active markets around the globe. This fund is classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, as the price of the fund is derived from securities that are all priced at quoted market prices in active markets. This fund prices and provides liquidity to its investors on a monthly basis.

*Mondrian Partners International Equity Fund L.P.*—The Plan participates in a fund managed by Mondrian Partners that invests primarily in non-US equity securities, with a focus on the value style of investing. This fund is classified in Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy since the price of the fund is derived from securities that are all priced at quoted market prices in active markets. The fund prices and provides liquidity to its investors on a monthly basis.

*Wasatch Emerging Markets Small Capitalization Fund*—The Plan invests in a Wasatch fund that is focused on small-capitalization equity securities that are located in non-U.S. emerging markets. The Wasatch fund is a commingled investment trust that is managed for institutional investors. The fund is classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, as the holdings of the fund are all priced at quoted market prices in active markets, allowing the fund sponsor to develop daily net asset value pricing and liquidity.

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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

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**(4) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED**

**Investments Measured at Fair Value, Continued**

*Fair Value of Private Equity*—The Plan participates in a number of private equity partnerships as a limited partner. Private equity investments are structured to be operated by a general partner, usually highly experienced in the specific focus of the fund, who calls for investments from the limited partners when a suitable investment opportunity arises. As such, investments in private equity can generally never be redeemed, but instead participate in distributions from the fund as liquidations of the underlying assets are realized.

Several of the limited partnerships invest in equity securities outside of the United States and may enter into forward contracts to purchase or sell securities at specified dates in the future at a guaranteed price in a foreign currency to protect against fluctuations in exchange rates of foreign currency. In addition, some of the partnerships may engage in hedging transactions involving derivative instruments as a part of their investment strategy.

The Plan's private equity (PE) investments have a long investment horizon of 5 to 10 years, are not liquid, and the Plan generally holds this type of investment to maturity. Depending on the type of holdings within a given partnership, the investment horizon can be extended many years if the general partner deems the remaining investments in the fund still hold significant future value and a majority of limited partners concur. The Plan's PE general partners typically make fair value determinations on the investments in each of their respective funds quarterly using a variety of pricing techniques including, but not limited to, observable transaction values for similar investments, third-party bids, appraisals of both properties and businesses, and public market capitalization of similar or like businesses. Each PE fund then calculates the fair value of the Plan's ownership of the partners' capital on a quarterly basis. The Plan classifies all private equity investments in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy, as most investments of this type require unobservable inputs and other ancillary market metrics to determine fair value. Although most PE interests are marketable in a secondary market, the Plan generally does not sell its interests early at values less than its interest in the partnership.

At June 30, 2021, the Plan was invested in 79 different private equity strategies (10 of which were in real estate PE) and had remaining commitments of \$330 million for the non-real estate PE partnerships and \$73 million for the real estate PE partnerships. The Plan entered into 6 new private equity partnership agreements during fiscal year 2021 (1 non-real estate PE partnerships), 4 which have an average contract maturity of 10 years, 1 with a 15-year maturity and 1 with a 3-year maturity. These new PE investments will require total commitments of \$144 million.

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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

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**(4) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED**

**Investments Measured at Fair Value, Continued**

*Fair Value of Private Equity—Continued*

The Plan had commitments of \$260 million remaining at June 30, 2021, to PE partnership investments entered into prior to 2021, with an estimated maturity between 1 and 10 years. Since the Plan follows a rolling year PE strategy, new PE investments are made as older PE investments reach their expiration.

At June 30, 2020, the Plan was invested in 73 different private equity strategies (9 of which were in real estate PE) and had remaining commitments of \$318 million for the non-real estate PE partnerships and \$42 million for the real estate PE partnerships. The Plan entered into 10 new private equity partnership agreements during fiscal year 2020 (10 non-real estate PE partnerships), 9 which have an average contract maturity of 10 years, and 1 with a 3-year maturity. These new PE investments will require total commitments of \$185 million.

The Plan had commitments of \$175 million remaining at June 30, 2020, to PE partnership investments entered into prior to 2020, with an estimated maturity between 1 and 9 years. Since the Plan follows a rolling year PE strategy, new PE investments are made as older PE investments reach their expiration.

The Plan is invested in the following private equity strategies:

**BUYOUT**—This private equity strategy seeks to invest capital in mature businesses that have the potential for growth in value from efficiencies gained through structural, strategic management, and operational improvements.

**DISTRESSED**—Under the distressed strategy, a fund will invest in the debt of companies that are struggling, with the intent of influencing the process by which the company restructures its debt, narrows its focus, or implements a plan for a turnaround in its operations. Distressed investments of this nature can be debt, equity, or other types of lending.

**MEZZANINE**—Private equity funds that pursue the mezzanine strategy will usually make unsecured loans or purchase preferred equity, often in smaller capitalization companies, where the unsecured risk is typically offset by the prospect of higher returns.

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**(4) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED**

**Investments Measured at Fair Value, Continued**

*Fair Value of Private Equity—Continued*

VENTURE CAPITAL—The venture strategy primarily seeks to invest in early-stage, high-potential, high-growth companies. This type of investment is usually through equity ownership in the company, where the private equity general partner can lend expertise and facilitate growth. Investment returns are usually realized if the portfolio company is taken public through an IPO or the fund may sell its equity investment to another investor.

EMERGING MARKETS AND OTHER—Private equity investment in emerging markets may make use of one or more of the above-listed strategies in smaller global markets in an effort to realize returns by identifying and capitalizing on new startup companies, as well as market inefficiencies. Investments in the other category are generally highly focused private equity funds that seek to maximize returns through a specific market segment, such as energy or healthcare.

FUND OF FUNDS—Under a fund of funds private equity investment, the general partner seeks to build a combination of private equity investments that will work synergistically together to maximize returns and minimize the risk of loss.

REAL ESTATE—Private equity investment in real estate may encompass several of the above-mentioned strategies, based on the skill and experience of the general partner. Generally, real estate private equity investments seek to capitalize on distressed situations, as well as seek to identify lucrative investments that produce a high level of current income.

The Plan is invested with 7 separate private equity real estate managers, some with more than one fund by a given manager. The Plan's managers are Siguler Guff, The Realty Associates, Cerberus, Angelo Gordon, Blackstone, Hall Capital Partners and Starwood. The fair value of real estate investments is determined by each manager respectively at each valuation date and rely primarily on third-party appraisals and other unobservable inputs. Siguler Guff's advisory board may request an independent appraisal of any portfolio investment within 30 days of the fund's audited financial statements. The Realty Associates utilizes independent appraisers to value properties at a frequency of no less than once every 3 years after acquisition. Cerberus follows detailed internal valuation policies and procedures and may engage independent valuation consultants on an as-needed basis. Angelo Gordon property values will be estimated by the general partner; however, an advisory committee can request an independent valuation on any property if one has not been performed in the previous 12 months. Blackstone as general partner will value properties internally with the added consent of an LP advisory committee. Hall Capital Partners values investments in the fund on an income approach rather than base valuations on cyclical appraisals. Starwood uses an advisory committee that will solicit independent valuation appraisals no more than once every 2 years for portfolio properties.

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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

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**(4) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED**

**Investments Measured at Fair Value, Continued**

*Fair Value of Investments Measured at Net Asset Value (NAV)*

*Low Volatility Hedge Fund—PAAMCO*—The Plan is invested in a hedge fund managed by Pacific Alternative Asset Management Company (PAAMCO) structured as a fund of funds to manage and moderate volatility of the value of the investment. The fund uses a number of sub-managers to achieve its desired level of diversification, but is limited to a maximum number of 55 sub-managers. This fund uses a multitude of investment strategies and will invest in debt, equities, credit instruments, distressed debt, merger arbitrage, and sovereign and convertible debt, as well as take both long and short equity positions. This investment is valued at NAV monthly and provides quarterly redemptions with at least 60 days' written notice.

*Low Volatility Hedge Fund—Wellington Global Total Return (GTR) Fund*—The Plan invested in the Wellington GTR Fund in fiscal year 2017. The Wellington GTR Fund is an absolute return fund designed to be without directional dependence, or correlation to, equities, bonds, and credit markets. The fund pursues opportunistic strategies in long/short exposure to global interest rates, currencies, and credit, and will invest globally to pursue this strategy. This investment is valued at NAV daily and provides daily liquidity.

*Long/Short Equity Hedge Fund—Grosvenor Class A & B*—The Plan has two hedge fund investments with Grosvenor Capital Management. Both of these investments are structured as fund of funds and utilize a number of sub-managers that invest in long and short positions of U.S. and international equity securities. The Class A investment is highly diversified and will generally have between 20 and 30 sub-managers at any given time that will be selected and managed by Grosvenor at its discretion. The Class B investment is more concentrated and will generally have 15 or fewer sub-managers that are selected by the System's investment consultant, ACG, with confirmation by Grosvenor and the approval of the System's Board. Grosvenor does not have primary investment discretion over the Class B shares, but performs due diligence on the investment for addition to their menu of investible funds. While the Class A investment takes a more market neutral approach to allocations, the Class B investment is designed to capture more upside movement within the markets and has a greater focus on long bias positions. These funds are valued at NAV monthly, and the Class A shares are redeemable at the end of each calendar quarter with 70 days' prior written notice. The Class B shares are redeemable at any time, subject to any gates or lockups by the underlying sub-managers. Due to these gates and lockups, the Class A fund would be able to liquidate varied amounts quarterly over the next 4 quarters; 100%, or \$3.3 million, could be liquidated by June 30, 2022.

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**(4) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED**

**Investments Measured at Fair Value, Continued**

*Fair Value of Investments Measured at Net Asset Value (NAV), Continued*

*Long/Short Equity Hedge Fund—Grosvenor Class A & B—Continued*

In late 2019, the Board voted to re-weight its allocation to long/short hedge funds. In fiscal year 2020, the Plan began a full exit from both Grosvenor Classes A and B. At fiscal year end, the Plan had fully exited Grosvenor Class B. The proceeds from this exit were moved to a new hedge fund manager, K2 Mauna Kea. The full exit from Grosvenor Class A will be completed in fiscal year 2022. Some proceeds from Grosvenor Class A will also be moved to the new hedge fund platform to bring the hedge fund allocation to investment policy targets.

*K2 Mauna Kea Hedge Fund*—The Plan has moved a portion of the assets from Grosvenor Classes A and B to K2 Mauna Kea. This investment is structured as a hedge fund of funds and utilizes sub-managers that have been approved to join the K2 Mauna Kea platform. This allocation will generally have between 10 and 15 sub-managers that are selected by the System's investment consultant, ACG, with confirmation by the System's Board. Any new fund new to the K2 Mauna Kea platform must also pass all K2's due diligence requirements to be listed on the platform as an eligible fund. The K2 Mauna Kea allocation is designed to have a long-bias intended to capture more upside movements in the markets. The underlying funds are valued at NAV monthly and withdrawals are allowable at any time subject to gates and redemption windows that vary by underlying sub-manager. Due to these gates and redemption windows, a full exit from the K2 Mauna Kea platform would take approximately 4 quarters.

*Core Real Estate—JP Morgan Strategic Property Fund and Blackstone Property Partners*—The Plan invests in two core real property funds: the JP Morgan Strategic Property Fund and the Blackstone Property Partners Limited Partnership. Both of these funds invest in core real properties seeking to realize capital appreciation on its portfolio while also generating a high level of current income. These funds both make strategic property acquisitions primarily in the U.S. As part of JPMorgan's and Blackstone Property Partners' valuation process, independent appraisers value properties on an annual basis (at a minimum). Both funds are valued at NAV monthly. The JP Morgan fund allows withdrawals once per quarter subject to "available cash" as determined by a pool trustee with 45 days' advance written notice. The Blackstone Property Partners fund has an initial lockup period of 24 months, after which withdrawals are available at the end of each quarter with 90 days' advance written notice. The Plan's lockup period in the Blackstone Property partnership expired on December 31, 2017.

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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

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**(4) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED**

**Investments Measured at Fair Value, Continued**

*Fair Value of Investments Measured at Net Asset Value (NAV), Continued*

*Commodities—MLM Macro-Peak Fund*—The MLM Macro-Peak Fund, structured as a liquid limited partnership, is a global macro strategy managed by Mount Lucas. This fund trades in the world's major asset classes and financial markets, including equity, global fixed income, currency, and commodity sectors following internally developed proprietary trading models. This fund is priced at NAV on a monthly basis. The MLM Macro-Peak Fund also offers monthly liquidity with at least 10 days' written notice. Under the MLM Macro-Peak Fund, 90% of the cash proceeds are ordinarily paid within 10 days, with the remaining 10% balance paid within 60 days.

In fiscal year 2021, the Plan made a complete exit from the MLM Macro-Peak Fund. This exit eliminated the Plan's exposure to commodity focused funds.

**Foreign Currency Transactions**

The Plan has certain investment managers that trade on foreign exchanges. Foreign currency gains and losses are calculated at the transaction date using the current exchange rate, and assets are remeasured to U.S. dollars using the exchange rate as of each month end. During the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, there were no foreign currency gains and no remeasurement losses.

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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

**(4) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED**

**Securities Lending**

The Plan's investment policy and state statute allow for participation in a securities lending program which was implemented on July 1, 2019. The program is administered by its master custodian. Lendable securities (U.S. equities, U.S. corporate bonds, and U.S. government instruments) within the Plan are loaned to contractually approved brokers who provide collateral in the form of cash, U.S. Treasury or government agency securities, industrialized country governmental and bank securities, and domestic and foreign equities or corporate bonds. Cash or dollar denominated securities provided as collateral must represent 102% of the fair market value of securities on loan. Foreign currency denominated collateral must represent 105% of the fair market value of securities on loan. The Plan cannot pledge or sell collateral securities without a borrower default. The Plan has no restrictions on the amount of securities that may be loaned, and the custodian has indemnified the Plan by agreeing to provide replacement securities or cash in the event of a borrower default. There were no such failures in fiscal year 2021 or fiscal year 2020. This indemnification does not cover market losses the Plan could incur by investing the security lending cash collateral. The loan premium paid by the borrower of securities, as well as related program fees and costs, are apportioned between the Plan and its custodian in accordance with the securities lending agreement.

For the fiscal year, the Plan and the borrowers retained the right to terminate any and all securities lending transactions on demand. The cash collateral received for loans was invested by the Plan's custodian in a separately managed account. Investments made with cash collateral, as well as their duration, are limited to securities outlined in the securities lending agreement. At June 30, 2021 and 2020, the average duration of securities held with cash collateral was 1 day. Since the security loans are terminable at will, their duration generally does not match the duration of investments made with cash collateral. At June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Plan had no credit risk exposure to borrowers since the amounts the Plan owes to borrowers exceed the amounts borrowers owed to the Plan. The collateral held and the fair value of securities on loan at June 30 were as follows:

	<u>Collateral Held</u>	<u>Market Value of Securities on Loan</u>	<u>Percent of Collateral to Loan</u>
	<i>(Amounts in Thousands)</i>		
<u>2021</u>			
Securities on loan with:			
Cash collateral	\$ 2,986	2,924	102%
Non-cash collateral	<u>86,028</u>	<u>76,750</u>	112%
	<u>\$ 89,014</u>	<u>79,674</u>	

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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

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**(4) CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED**

**Securities Lending, Continued**

	<u>Collateral Held</u>	<u>Market Value of Securities on Loan</u>	<u>Percent of Collateral to Loan</u>
	<i>(Amounts in Thousands)</i>		
<u>2020</u>			
Securities on loan with:			
Cash collateral	\$ 12,277	11,987	102%
Non-cash collateral	<u>58,449</u>	<u>52,082</u>	112%
	<u>\$ 70,726</u>	<u>64,069</u>	

**(5) DERIVATIVES AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS**

Derivative instruments are financial contracts whose values depend on the values of one or more underlying assets, reference rates, or financial indexes. They include futures contracts, swap contracts, options contracts, and forward foreign currency exchange. The Plan's investment policy notes that in order to achieve maximum returns, the Plan may diversify between various investments, including common stocks, bonds, real estate, private equity, venture equity and other hedge fund strategies, short-term cash instruments, and other investments deemed suitable. The investment policy also requires investment managers to follow certain controls and documentation and risk management procedures. The Plan did not have any direct derivative investments at June 30, 2021 or 2020. Investments in limited partnerships (alternative investments) and commingled funds may include derivatives. The Plan's investments in alternative investments are reflected at fair value, and any exposure is limited to its investment in the partnership and any unfunded commitment. Commingled funds have been reviewed to ensure they are in compliance with the Plan's investment policy.

The Plan invests in mortgage-backed securities, which are reported at fair value in the statements of fiduciary net position and are based on the cash flows from interest and principal payments by the underlying mortgages. As a result, they are sensitive to prepayments by mortgagees, which are likely in declining interest rate environments, thereby reducing the values of these securities. The Plan invests in mortgage-backed securities to diversify the portfolio and increase the return while minimizing the extent of risk. Details regarding interest rate risks for these investments are included under the interest rate risk disclosures.

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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

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**(6) INVESTMENT IN BUILDING**

The Plan owns a building (Columbus Square) originally purchased for approximately \$1.5 million, and it is held as a long-term investment. The building is accounted for at fair value based on periodic appraisals. Rental income and expenses associated with the building are reported currently. The Plan utilizes part of the building for its administrative offices and charges itself rent, which is reflected as administrative expense and other investment income. The fair value of the building at June 30, 2021 and 2020, was estimated at approximately \$3.9 million and \$4.1 million, respectively.

**(7) CAPITAL ASSETS**

The Plan has only one class of capital assets, consisting of software. A summary as of June 30 is as follows:

	<u>Balance at June 30, 2020</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Disposals</u>	<u>Balance at June 30, 2021</u>
Cost	\$ 1,014,045	-	-	1,014,045
Accumulated amortization	<u>(1,014,045)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,014,045)</u>
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>Balance at June 30, 2019</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Disposals</u>	<u>Balance at June 30, 2020</u>
Cost	\$ 1,014,045	-	-	1,014,045
Accumulated amortization	<u>(1,014,045)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,014,045)</u>
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

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**(8) DEFERRED OPTION BENEFITS**

As noted previously, the Plan has Deferred Option, "Back" DROP, and Payout Provision benefits available to its members. A summary of the changes in the various options as of June 30 is as follows:

	Deferred <u>Option</u>	"Back" <u>DROP</u>	Payout <u>Provision</u>	<u>Total</u>
	<i>(Amounts in Thousands)</i>			
<u>2021</u>				
Beginning balance	\$ 413	179	1,011	1,603
Employer contributions	15	4,395	-	4,410
Plan reassignments	-	(156)	156	-
Member contributions	-	5,409	-	5,409
Deferred benefits	124	39,849	-	39,973
Payments	(475)	(58,838)	-	(59,313)
Interest	<u>118</u>	<u>14,468</u>	<u>269</u>	<u>14,855</u>
Ending balance	<u>\$ 195</u>	<u>5,306</u>	<u>1,436</u>	<u>6,937</u>
<u>2020</u>				
Beginning balance	\$ 720	3,796	1,693	6,209
Employer contributions	19	2,604	-	2,623
Plan reassignments	-	-	-	-
Member contributions	-	3,207	-	3,207
Deferred benefits	144	24,332	-	24,476
Payments	(500)	(39,788)	(696)	(40,984)
Interest	<u>30</u>	<u>6,028</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>6,072</u>
Ending balance	<u>\$ 413</u>	<u>179</u>	<u>1,011</u>	<u>1,603</u>

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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

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**(9) NET PENSION LIABILITY OF PARTICIPATING EMPLOYERS**

The components of the net pension liability of the participating employers at June 30 were as follows:

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	<i>(Amounts in Thousands)</i>	
Total pension liability	\$ 2,810,243	2,736,156
Plan fiduciary net position	<u>3,289,959</u>	<u>2,621,311</u>
Employers' net pension (asset) liability	<u>\$ (479,716)</u>	<u>114,845</u>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	<u>117.07%</u>	<u>95.80%</u>

*Actuarial assumptions*—The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021 and 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation:	2.75%
Salary increases:	3.5% to 12.0% average, including inflation
Investment rate of return:	7.5%, net of pension plan investment expense
Cost-of-living adjustments:	Police officers eligible to receive increased benefits according to repealed Section 50-120 of Title 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes pursuant to a court order receive an adjustment of 1/3 to 1/2 of the increase or decrease of any adjustment to the base salary of a regular police officer, based on an increase in base salary of 3.5% (wage inflation).
Mortality rates:	Active employees (pre-retirement): RP-2000 Combined Blue Collar Healthy Table with age set back 4 years with fully generational improvement using Scale AA.  Active employees (post-retirement) and nondisabled pensioners: RP-2000 Combined Blue Collar Healthy Table with fully generational improvement using scale AA.  Disabled pensioners: RP-2000 Combined Blue Collar Healthy Table with age set forward 4 years.

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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

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**(9) NET PENSION LIABILITY OF PARTICIPATING EMPLOYERS, CONTINUED**

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021 and 2020, valuations were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of July 2012 to June 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The Plan fully exited its commodities allocation in fiscal year 2021 and has accordingly set that long-term return expectation at 0.00%. The inflation factor added back was 2.0% for both 2021 and 2020. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30 (see discussion of the pension plan's investment policy at Note 2) are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return</u>	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	(includes inflation factor)	
Fixed income	3.22%	5.11%
Domestic equity	4.55%	6.80%
International equity	8.50%	11.45%
Real estate	7.97%	8.60%
Private equity	9.36%	11.58%

*Discount rate*—The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5% for 2021 and 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, determined by the Oklahoma Statutes. Projected cash flows also assume the State of Oklahoma will continue contributing 14% of the insurance premium, as established by statute. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

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**(9) NET PENSION LIABILITY OF PARTICIPATING EMPLOYERS, CONTINUED**

*Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate*—The following presents the net pension liability of the employers, calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.5%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.5%)	Current Discount Rate (7.5%)	1% Increase (8.5%)
	<i>(Amounts in Thousands)</i>		
<u>2021</u>			
Employers' net pension (asset) liability	\$ <u>(179,908)</u>	<u>(479,716)</u>	<u>(733,226)</u>
<u>2020</u>			
Employers' net pension liability (asset)	\$ <u>405,701</u>	<u>114,845</u>	<u>(131,158)</u>

**(10) PLAN TERMINATION AND STATE FUNDING**

The Plan has not developed an allocation method if it were to terminate. The Oklahoma Legislature is required by statute to make such appropriation as necessary to assure that benefit payments are made.

A suggested minimum contribution from the State of Oklahoma is computed annually by an actuary hired by the State of Oklahoma. However, funding by the State of Oklahoma to the Plan is based on statutorily determined amounts rather than the actuarial calculations of the amount required to fund the Plan.

**(11) FEDERAL INCOME TAX STATUS**

As an instrumentality of the State of Oklahoma, the Plan is tax-exempt. It is not subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended. The Plan has received favorable determination from the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) regarding its tax-exempt status. The Plan has been amended since receiving the determination letter. However, the plan administrator believes that the Plan is designed and is currently being operated in substantial compliance with the applicable requirements of the Internal Revenue Code.

**(12) HISTORICAL INFORMATION**

Historical trend information designed to provide information about the Plan's progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in Exhibits I, II, III, and IV.

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**(13) LEGISLATIVE AMENDMENTS**

The following is a summary of significant plan provision changes that were enacted by the Oklahoma Legislature during 2021 and 2020:

2021

- House Bill 2457—Amends the age at which retirees must begin receiving benefits and take required distributions. Previously, the age for taking required distributions was 70 1/2. HB 2457 modifies this age, based on US Treasury regulations, to 72 for all retirements and distributions after December 31, 2019.
- House Bill 2499—Provides that active and retired members, as well as surviving spouses and other eligible participants due either benefits or contributions, may direct payment of such monies, at the time they decease, to a trust if such trust has been properly established and designated by the member or beneficiary.
- House Bill 2893—Amends the allocation of the insurance premium tax apportioned to the Plan each year. Effective for fiscal year 2022, the insurance premium tax apportioned will be 14% of applicable collections. This rate will increase to 14.7% for fiscal years 2023 to 2027 and return to 14% for fiscal year 2028 and beyond.

2020

- House Bill 2742—Adjusts the allocation of the insurance premium tax apportioned to the Plan each year. Effective September 1, 2021, the amount of insurance premium tax apportioned to the Plan will be reduced to 9.8% from 14%. In fiscal year 2021 this rate will rise to 10.5%. For fiscal years 2023 to 2027, this rate will rise to 15.4% returning to 14% in fiscal year 2028.
- House Bill 3330—Provides that members who are injured in the performance of duties as a police officer by a violent act will be eligible for the State Board to assess that the member has sustained a one-hundred-percent disability for the determination of a benefit. HB 3330 further defines a violent act as “a violent attack on the member by means of a dangerous weapon, including, but not limited to, a firearm, knife, automobile, explosive device, or other dangerous weapon.”
- House Bill 3350—Provides a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) to any person receiving a benefit from the System and who continues to receive a benefit on or after July 1, 2020, based on the following retirement dates: Zero (0%) if the person was retired 2 years or less on July 1, 2020; Two (2%) if the person has been retired for at least 2 years but less than 5 years as of July 1, 2020 and; Four (4%) if the person has been retired for 5 years or more on July 1, 2020. This COLA is offset by any increase in benefits a person received pursuant to repealed Section 50-120 of Title 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes after June 30, 2008.

See Independent Auditors’ Report.

**OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLAN**  
**Administered by**  
**OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION AND RETIREMENT SYSTEM**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED**

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**(14) CONTINGENCIES**

The Plan is involved in legal proceedings in the normal course of operations, none of which, in the opinion of management, will have a material effect on the net position or changes in net position of the Plan.

The novel coronavirus (“COVID-19”), which was declared a global health emergency in January 2020 and a pandemic in March 2020, has caused significant changes in political and economic conditions around the world, including disruptions and volatility in the global capital markets. In response, the State of Oklahoma and local municipalities have taken various preventative or protective actions, such as imposing restrictions on business operations and advising or requiring individuals to limit or forgo their time outside of their homes. The Plan’s management has considered the economic implications of the COVID-19 pandemic in making critical and significant accounting estimates included in the June 30, 2021, financial statements.

The extent to which the COVID-19 pandemic may impact the Plan will depend on future developments which are uncertain, such as the duration of the outbreak, additional governmental mandates issued to mitigate the spread of the disease, business closures, economic disruptions, and the effectiveness of actions taken to contain and treat the virus. Accordingly, the COVID-19 pandemic may have a negative impact on the Plan’s future operations, the size and duration of which is difficult to predict. The Plan’s management will continue to actively monitor the situation and may take further actions altering operations that the Plan’s management determines are in the best interests of its employees and stakeholders, or as required by federal, state, or local authorities.

## **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

**Exhibit I**

**OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLAN**  
**Administered by**  
**OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION AND RETIREMENT SYSTEM**

**SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN EMPLOYERS' NET PENSION (ASSET) LIABILITY****Last 10 Fiscal Years (Dollar Amounts in Thousands)**

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
<b>Total pension liability</b>										
Service cost	\$ 70,743	68,239	64,777	62,896	63,029	58,695	54,592	53,042	56,160	54,059
Interest	197,839	189,926	182,961	175,092	171,306	165,076	164,141	159,256	150,394	144,742
Changes of benefit terms	-	43,716	-	2,161	-	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	-	4,410	(13,155)	(41,985)	596	(12,764)	(18,258)	7,194	(10,069)
Changes in assumptions	5,727	(15,005)	-	25,307	-	-	-	-	(2,444)	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(200,222)	(163,193)	(155,486)	(139,563)	(144,092)	(138,625)	(141,693)	(119,241)	(114,835)	(113,300)
Net change in total pension liability	74,087	123,683	96,662	112,738	48,258	85,742	64,276	74,799	96,469	75,432
 Total pension liability—beginning	<u>2,736,156</u>	<u>2,612,473</u>	<u>2,515,811</u>	<u>2,403,073</u>	<u>2,354,815</u>	<u>2,269,073</u>	<u>2,204,797</u>	<u>2,129,998</u>	<u>2,033,529</u>	<u>1,958,097</u>
Total pension liability—ending (a)	<u>\$ 2,810,243</u>	<u>2,736,156</u>	<u>2,612,473</u>	<u>2,515,811</u>	<u>2,403,073</u>	<u>2,354,815</u>	<u>2,269,073</u>	<u>2,204,797</u>	<u>2,129,998</u>	<u>2,033,529</u>

(Continued)

See Independent Auditors' Report.  
See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

**Exhibit I, Continued**

**OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLAN**  
**Administered by**  
**OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION AND RETIREMENT SYSTEM**

**SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN EMPLOYERS' NET PENSION (ASSET) LIABILITY, CONTINUED****Last 10 Fiscal Years (*Dollar Amounts in Thousands*)**

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
<b>Plan fiduciary net position</b>										
Contributions—employers (cities)	\$ 44,405	44,226	42,154	40,135	38,887	38,533	37,261	35,547	34,645	32,896
Contributions—members	27,946	27,310	26,173	24,747	23,916	23,787	22,867	22,131	21,518	20,113
Contributions—State of Oklahoma, a non-employer contributing entity	28,368	40,295	39,559	39,028	34,283	35,915	35,490	31,329	31,412	28,092
Net investment income (loss)	770,131	55,808	104,882	205,439	242,415	(21,104)	74,554	294,897	221,174	8,374
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(200,222)	(163,193)	(155,486)	(139,563)	(144,092)	(138,625)	(141,693)	(119,241)	(114,835)	(113,300)
Administrative expense	<u>(1,980)</u>	<u>(1,992)</u>	<u>(1,871)</u>	<u>(1,721)</u>	<u>(1,699)</u>	<u>(1,831)</u>	<u>(1,949)</u>	<u>(1,862)</u>	<u>(2,053)</u>	<u>(1,952)</u>
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	668,648	2,454	55,411	168,065	193,710	(63,325)	26,530	262,801	191,861	(25,777)
 Plan fiduciary net position—beginning	<u>2,621,311</u>	<u>2,618,857</u>	<u>2,563,446</u>	<u>2,395,381</u>	<u>2,201,671</u>	<u>2,264,996</u>	<u>2,238,466</u>	<u>1,975,665</u>	<u>1,783,804</u>	<u>1,809,581</u>
Plan fiduciary net position—ending (b)	<u>\$ 3,289,959</u>	<u>2,621,311</u>	<u>2,618,857</u>	<u>2,563,446</u>	<u>2,395,381</u>	<u>2,201,671</u>	<u>2,264,996</u>	<u>2,238,466</u>	<u>1,975,665</u>	<u>1,783,804</u>
 Plan's net pension liability (asset) (a) - (b)	<u>\$ (479,716)</u>	<u>114,845</u>	<u>(6,384)</u>	<u>(47,635)</u>	<u>7,692</u>	<u>153,144</u>	<u>4,077</u>	<u>(33,669)</u>	<u>154,333</u>	<u>249,725</u>

See Independent Auditors' Report.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

**Exhibit II**

**OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLAN**  
**Administered by**  
**OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION AND RETIREMENT SYSTEM**

**SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYERS' NET PENSION (ASSET) LIABILITY****Last 10 Fiscal Years (*Dollar Amounts in Thousands*)**

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
Total pension liability	\$ 2,810,243	2,736,156	2,612,473	2,515,811	2,403,073	2,354,815	2,269,073	2,204,797	2,129,998	2,033,529
Plan fiduciary net position	<u>3,289,959</u>	<u>2,621,311</u>	<u>2,618,857</u>	<u>2,563,446</u>	<u>2,395,381</u>	<u>2,201,671</u>	<u>2,264,996</u>	<u>2,238,466</u>	<u>1,975,665</u>	<u>1,783,804</u>
Plan's net pension liability (asset)	<u>\$ (479,716)</u>	<u>114,845</u>	<u>(6,384)</u>	<u>(47,635)</u>	<u>7,692</u>	<u>153,144</u>	<u>4,077</u>	<u>(33,669)</u>	<u>154,333</u>	<u>249,725</u>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	<u>117.07%</u>	<u>95.80%</u>	<u>100.24%</u>	<u>101.89%</u>	<u>99.68%</u>	<u>93.50%</u>	<u>99.82%</u>	<u>101.53%</u>	<u>92.75%</u>	<u>87.72%</u>
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 341,577</u>	<u>340,200</u>	<u>324,262</u>	<u>308,731</u>	<u>299,131</u>	<u>296,408</u>	<u>295,307</u>	<u>289,502</u>	<u>279,014</u>	<u>266,038</u>
Plan's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll	<u>(140.44)%</u>	<u>33.76%</u>	<u>(1.97)%</u>	<u>(15.43)%</u>	<u>2.57%</u>	<u>51.67%</u>	<u>1.38%</u>	<u>(11.63)%</u>	<u>55.31%</u>	<u>93.87%</u>

See Independent Auditors' Report.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

**Exhibit III****OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLAN****Administered by****OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION AND RETIREMENT SYSTEM****SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FROM EMPLOYERS AND OTHER CONTRIBUTING ENTITIES****Last 10 Fiscal Years *(Dollar Amounts in Thousands)***

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 44,682	39,475	36,720	32,798	51,417	45,054	63,908	90,283	79,314	64,746
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution:										
Employers (Cities)	44,405	44,226	42,154	40,135	38,887	38,533	37,261	35,547	34,645	32,896
State of Oklahoma, a non-employer contributing entity	28,368	40,295	39,559	39,028	34,283	35,915	35,490	31,329	31,412	28,092
	<u>72,773</u>	<u>84,521</u>	<u>81,713</u>	<u>79,163</u>	<u>73,170</u>	<u>74,448</u>	<u>72,751</u>	<u>66,876</u>	<u>66,057</u>	<u>60,988</u>
Contribution (excess) deficiency	\$ <u>(28,091)</u>	<u>(45,046)</u>	<u>(44,993)</u>	<u>(46,365)</u>	<u>(21,753)</u>	<u>(29,394)</u>	<u>(8,843)</u>	<u>23,407</u>	<u>13,257</u>	<u>3,758</u>
Covered payroll	\$ <u>341,577</u>	<u>340,200</u>	<u>324,262</u>	<u>308,731</u>	<u>299,131</u>	<u>296,408</u>	<u>295,307</u>	<u>289,502</u>	<u>279,014</u>	<u>266,038</u>
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	<u>21.31%</u>	<u>24.84%</u>	<u>25.20%</u>	<u>25.64%</u>	<u>24.46%</u>	<u>25.12%</u>	<u>24.64%</u>	<u>23.10%</u>	<u>23.68%</u>	<u>22.92%</u>

See Independent Auditors' Report.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

**Exhibit IV**

**OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLAN**  
**Administered by**  
**OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION AND RETIREMENT SYSTEM**

**SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS****Last 9 Fiscal Years**

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	29.73%	2.15%	4.12%	8.64%	11.11%	(0.94)%	3.36%	15.04%	12.56%

Information to present a 10-year history is not readily available.

See Independent Auditors' Report.  
 See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.



**Exhibit V**

**OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLAN**  
**Administered by**  
**OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION AND RETIREMENT SYSTEM**

**NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION****June 30, 2021**

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The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of an actuarial valuation by an independent enrolled actuary (Cavanaugh Macdonald Consulting, LLC for 2021, 2020, 2019, and 2018, and by Buck Consultants, LLC for all other years presented) at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the July 1, 2021, valuation follows:

**Assumptions**

Actuarial cost method:	Entry age
Amortization method:	Level dollar—open
Remaining amortization:	30 years
Asset valuation method:	5-year smoothed
<b><u>Actuarial assumptions:</u></b>	
Investment rate of return:	7.5%, net of pension plan investment expense
Projected salary increases*:	3.5% to 12.0%
Cost-of-living adjustments:	Police officers eligible to receive increased benefits according to repealed Section 50-120 of Title 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes pursuant to a court order receive an adjustment of 1/3 to 1/2 of the increase or decrease of any adjustment to the base salary of a regular police officer, based on an increase in base salary of 3.5% (wage inflation).

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\* Includes inflation at 3.5%.

See Independent Auditors' Report.

## **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

See Independent Auditors' Report.

**Schedule I**

**OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLAN**  
**Administered by**  
**OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION AND RETIREMENT SYSTEM**

**SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT EXPENSES**

<i>Years Ended June 30,</i>	<i>2021</i>	<i>2020</i>
	<i>(Amounts in Thousands)</i>	
Investment management fees:		
Fixed income managers:		
Global Fixed Income	\$ 1,524	1,279
Low Volatility	525	989
Equity managers:		
Domestic Equity	2,584	2,555
International Equity	2,473	2,374
Private Equity	5,543	5,355
Real estate:		
Real estate	4,310	3,407
Commodities	19	339
Total investment management fees	16,978	16,298
Investment consultant fees	650	650
Investment custodial fees	241	199
Total investment expenses	\$ 17,869	17,147

See Independent Auditors' Report.

**Schedule II**

**OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLAN**  
**Administered by**  
**OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION AND RETIREMENT SYSTEM**

**SCHEDULE OF ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES**

<i>Years Ended June 30,</i>	<i>2021</i>	<i>2020</i>
	<i>(Amounts in Thousands)</i>	
Staff salaries	\$ 880	903
FICA and retirement	217	218
Insurance	115	115
Total personnel services	<u>1,212</u>	<u>1,236</u>
Actuarial	40	44
Audit	80	78
Information Technology	78	76
Legal	228	213
Total professional/consultant services	<u>426</u>	<u>411</u>
Office space and equipment	104	103
Total rental	<u>104</u>	<u>103</u>
Travel	12	40
Maintenance	27	70
Other	199	132
Total miscellaneous	<u>238</u>	<u>242</u>
Total administrative expenses	<u>\$ 1,980</u>	<u>1,992</u>

See Independent Auditors' Report.

**Schedule III****OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLAN****Administered by****OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION AND RETIREMENT SYSTEM****SCHEDULE OF PROFESSIONAL/CONSULTANT FEES**

<i>Years Ended June 30,</i>		<i>2021</i>	<i>2020</i>
		<i>(Amounts in Thousands)</i>	
<b><u>Professional/Consultant</u></b>	<b><u>Service</u></b>		
Cavanaugh MacDonald Consulting	Actuarial	\$ 40	44
Finley & Cook, PLLC	Audit	58	62
Crawford & Associates	Audit	22	16
Levi, Ray and Shoup	IT\Web hosting	78	76
Davis, Graham, Stubbs, LLP	Legal	71	71
Phillips Murrah, PC	Legal	<u>157</u>	<u>142</u>
		<u>\$ 426</u>	<u>411</u>

See Independent Auditors' Report.



OPPRS has been providing secure  
retirement benefits to its  
members for 40 years!

## Investment Section

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## Investment Section

## REPORT ON INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES

November 4, 2021

In our role as investment consultant to the Oklahoma Police Pension & Retirement System's (OPPRS) Board, Asset Consulting Group works in tandem with the Board to establish and maintain an Investment Policy and asset allocation strategy that are designed to meet the long-term objectives of OPPRS. As part of our duties, we meet formally with the Board on a monthly basis to assess the capital markets, the overall investment landscape and the unique considerations of OPPRS. We report on current investment activity, provide perspective on the market environment and make recommendations as appropriate to enhance or modify the investment strategy and/or its component parts. We provide monthly reports and more comprehensive quarterly reports to inform the Board of progress towards meeting the long-term objectives of OPPRS and to highlight areas of interest, opportunity and/or for potential discussion. In addition, we provide education on an ongoing basis in the areas most relevant to the investment objectives and needs of OPPRS. This ongoing collaboration is an effort to maximize the advantages of portfolio diversification, achieve a favorable risk-adjusted return and meet or exceed the long-term actuarial return assumption of 7.5%

Due to the strength of the Retirement System's funded status, the OPPRS investment portfolio has been constructed with an emphasis on risk mitigation and a goal of achieving its long-term return expectation in the most risk-conscious fashion. Special attention is given to reduced volatility and downside portfolio protection. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021, the OPPRS' portfolio generated a gross investment return of 28.4%, which outperformed the policy benchmark return of 23.9%. Over the 3-year period ending June 30, 2021, the total portfolio has produced an annualized return of 11.2% relative to a return of 11.1% for its policy benchmark. For the recent 10-year period, the OPPRS' portfolio has generated an annualized return of 8.5%, which exceeds the 7.5% actuarial rate of return assumption. The OPPRS' portfolio has achieved its results over each of these time periods with approximately 20% less volatility than that of its benchmark, and OPPRS' risk conscious approach has resulted in a more favorable risk-adjusted return profile than its median peer and benchmark. The calculation methodology used in our performance reports and this investment section is consistent with the methodology prescribed by the CFA Institute, including time-weighted rates of return and the fair market value of assets. In providing these results, we rely on the timeliness and accuracy of financial data provided by the OPPRS' custodian bank and its investment managers.

### Total Portfolio Statistics - 10 Years (Annualized) Periods Ending June 30, 2021

	OPPRS	Total Fund Policy
<b>Return</b>	8.54%	8.56%
<b>Standard Deviation</b>	7.24%	8.69%
<b>Sharpe Ratio</b>	1.10	0.92



## ACG | ASSET CONSULTING GROUP

The major asset category returns are also summarized as follows:

### Total Portfolio Rates of Return Summary & Universe Comparison Periods Ending June 30, 2021

	10 Years
<b>Total Fund</b>	<b>8.54%</b>
<i>Policy Index<sup>1</sup></i>	8.56%
<i>Median Total Fund (55-70% Equity)</i>	8.55%
<b>Total Equity Composite</b>	<b>11.26%</b>
<i>MSCI ACWI</i>	10.48%
<b>Global Bonds Composite</b>	<b>4.11%</b>
<i>BloomBar Universal</i>	3.74%
<b>Real Assets Composite</b>	<b>5.68%</b>
<i>Real Assets Blended Index<sup>2</sup></i>	4.41%

<sup>1</sup>As of April 2021

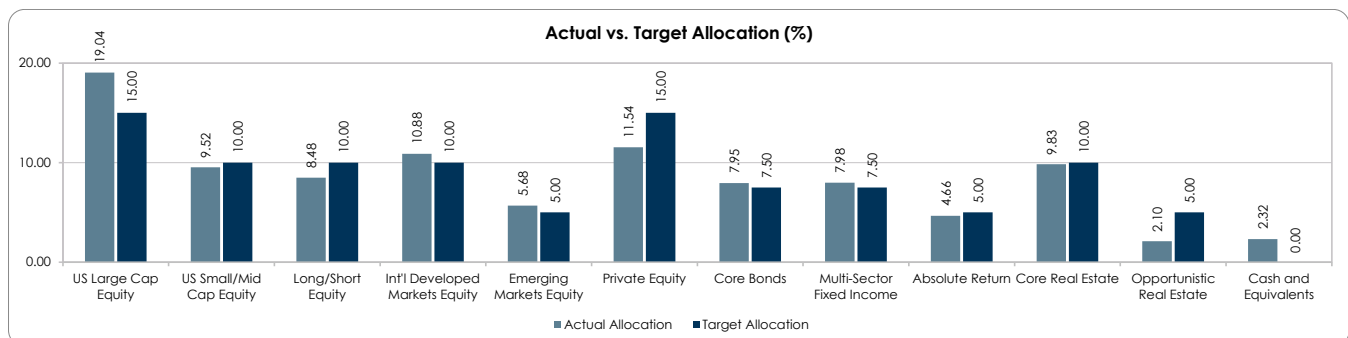
The index consists of 65.0% MSCI ACWI, 20.0% BloomBar Universal, 15.0% NFI ODCE Net

<sup>2</sup>As of September 2019

The index consists of 100% NFI ODCE Net

On an ongoing basis and as appropriate, the OPPRS strategic investment strategy is reviewed and modified following thorough analysis of alternatives evaluated, the unique considerations of OPPRS and the current investment opportunity set. The investment strategy is refined as appropriate to ensure compatibility with the expected long-term return objectives, liability profile of OPPRS and the Board's risk tolerance. The portfolio is highly diversified across asset classes, strategies, styles, geographies, currencies, capitalizations, liquidity, type, number of instruments and other methods. As of June 30, 2021, the OPPRS' targeted asset allocation consisted of:

### Periods Ending June 30, 2021 Policy Asset Allocation



**ACG** | ASSET CONSULTING GROUP

ACG believes that we have collaborated with OPPRS to adopt, implement, maintain and monitor a sound Investment Policy and portfolio strategy. In consideration of OPPRS' healthy funded status, we have worked with the Board to design a portfolio structured to achieve strong risk-adjusted returns while maintaining a protective stance against significant asset loss. This portfolio strategy is monitored and revised on an ongoing basis as appropriate.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, reading "George A. Tarlas". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "George" being the most prominent.

George A. Tarlas, CFA  
Senior Managing Director

## Schedule of Largest Assets Held For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

The Plan's ten largest stock, fixed income and partnership holdings at June 30, 2021.

### Largest Stock Holdings (by Fair Value)

Security	Shares Held	Fair Value
Skyline Champion Corp	68,473	\$ 3,649,611
Caredx Inc	37,493	3,431,359
Ranpak Holdings Corp	123,774	3,098,063
Atricure Inc	31,790	2,521,901
SLM Corp	117,983	2,470,564
Noodles & Co	197,850	2,469,168
Wesco International Inc	23,299	2,395,603
Workiva Inc	20,568	2,289,835
Axogen Inc	103,968	2,246,748
Covera Communications Inc	54,117	2,156,562

### Largest Fixed Income Holdings (by Fair Value)

Security	Par Value	Fair Value
FHLMC Pool #SD-0232 3.0% 01/01/2050	4,943,907	\$ 5,211,965
FNMA Pool #OMA4306 2.5% 04/01/2051	3,779,678	3,915,482
FNMA Pool #OBR1155 2.0% 12/01/2050	3,081,611	3,117,697
COMM 2013-CCRE 12 CR12 A4 4.046% 10/10/2046	2,470,000	2,639,763
FNMA Pool #OFM4967 2.5% 12/01/2050	2,521,547	2,613,281
FNMA Pool #OMA2868 2.5% 01/01/2032	2,446,413	2,560,367
FNMA Pool #OFM7496 2.0% 06/01/2051	2,439,458	2,468,195
WFRBS Commercial Mort C8 A3 3.001% 08/15/2045	2,150,000	2,189,710
UBS-Barclays Commercial C5 A4 3.185% 03/10/2046	2,060,000	2,123,407
FNMA Pool #OMA4158 2.0% 10/01/2050	2,042,015	2,065,906

### Largest Limited Partnership Holdings (by Fair Value)

Limited Partnership	Fair Value
Warburg Pincus Global Growth	\$ 32,167,391
FirstMark Capital I	31,374,057
FirstMark Capital Opportunities II	24,417,854
Firstmark Capital III	21,710,968
Weathergage Venture Capital II	18,884,090
Firstmark Capital IV	17,373,217
Francisco Partners Fund IV	17,211,433
LBC Credit Partners IV	15,962,212
Weathergage Venture Capital IV	15,700,331
North Sky Clean Growth Fund V	14,827,301

A complete list of portfolio holdings may be requested from the OPPRS Accounting Department at 1001 NW 63rd Street, Suite 305, Oklahoma City, OK, 73116-7335.

## Portfolio by Investment Type and Manager

### For the Period Ended June 30, 2021

Investment Managers by Investment Type	Investment Class	Fair Value (000s)	% of Asset Class (boxed)	% of Total Portfolio
<b>International Equity</b>				
Baring Focused	Equity	\$ 187,946	10.8%	5.7%
Mondrian International Equity Fund, LP	Equity	164,710	9.5%	5.0%
AllianceBernstein EM Strategic Core	Equity	117,541	6.8%	3.6%
Wasatch Small Cap	Equity	66,438	3.8%	2.0%
<b>Domestic Equity</b>				
<b>Small/Mid Cap</b>				
Boston Partners - Value	Equity	146,323	8.4%	4.5%
Cortina - Growth	Equity	158,102	9.1%	4.8%
<b>Large Cap</b>				
Northern Trust Index Russell 1000	Equity	617,234	35.6%	18.8%
<b>Long/Short Equity</b>				
Grosvenor A and B	Equity	2,472	0.1%	0.1%
K2 Mauna Kea	Equity	271,809	15.7%	8.3%
<b>Private Equity</b>				
Various Managers *	Equity	472,871 (*)	100.0%	14.4%
<b>Global Fixed Income</b>				
Agincourt- Core	Fixed Income	250,454	40.1%	7.6%
Oaktree Capital Management	Fixed Income	132,992	21.3%	4.0%
TCW MetWest Unconstrained Bond	Fixed Income	64,325	10.3%	2.0%
Loomis Sayles	Fixed Income	89,668	14.4%	2.7%
<b>Low Volatility Strategies</b>				
PAAMCO - Newport Mesa	Fixed Income	7,239	1.2%	0.2%
Wellington Global Total Return	Fixed Income	79,450	12.7%	2.4%
<b>Real Assets</b>				
MLM Macro - Peak Partners L.P.	Commodities	0	0.0%	0.0%
JP Morgan Core Real Estate	Core RE	159,717	40.7%	4.9%
Blackstone Core Real Estate	Core RE	163,438	41.7%	5.0%
Angelo Gordon Realty Value Fund X	Opportunistic	9,837	2.5%	0.3%
Blackstone Real Estate Partners IX	Opportunistic	10,145	2.6%	0.3%
Cerberus Fund III	Opportunistic	7,612	1.9%	0.2%
Cerberus Fund IV	Opportunistic	13,202	3.4%	0.4%
Columbus Square - Direct Ownership	Opportunistic	3,900	1.0%	0.1%
Siguler Guff - Opportunistic	Opportunistic	3,090	0.8%	0.1%
Siguler Guff II- Opportunistic	Opportunistic	6,707	1.7%	0.2%
Siguler Guff IIB- Opportunistic	Opportunistic	8,494	2.2%	0.3%
Hall Capital III	Opportunistic	4,549	1.2%	0.1%
Starwood DOF XII	Opportunistic	(195)	0.0%	0.0%
TA Associates Realty X - Opportunistic	Opportunistic	1,882	0.5%	0.1%
<b>Cash and Cash Equivalents</b>				
OK Invest	Cash & Cash Eq.	9,644	15.3%	0.3%
Cash at BNY Mellon	Cash & Cash Eq.	53,188	84.7%	1.6%
Total Investments and Cash and Cash Equivalents		\$ 3,284,784	100.0%	

(\*) See the following page for a detailed listing of Private Equity Managers.

## Private Equity (PE) by Strategy and Manager For the Period Ended June 30, 2021

Investment Focus and Manager	Market Value
<b>Private Equity (PE) Investment Focus - Buyout</b>	
Apollo Investment Fund VIII	\$ 5,332,982
Apollo Investment Fund XI	7,030,531
Arsenal Capital Partners Fund II, L.P.	150,394
Arsenal Capital Partners Fund III, L.P.	2,002,211
Calera Capital Fund IV	(15,008)
CenterOak Equity I	5,634,664
Francisco Partners Agility Fund II	520,044
Francisco Partners Fund IV	17,211,433
Francisco Partners Fund V	13,847,396
Francisco Partners Fund VI	2,544,211
Leonard Green Equity Investors VII	11,959,215
Leonard Green Equity Investors VIII	6,361,582
Leonard Green Jade	2,307,512
Levine Leichtman Capital Partners III, L.P.	5,639
Levine Leichtman Capital Partners IV, L.P.	1,409,838
Sun Capital Fund V	2,999,216
Thompson Street Capital Partners II GP, LP	2,124,853
Thompson Street Capital Partners III GP, LP	4,326,876
Thompson Street Capital Partners VI GP, LP	9,768,230
Thompson Street Capital Partners V GP, LP	12,478,339
Subtotal - Buyout	108,000,158
<b>PE Investment Focus - Distressed</b>	
Apollo European Principal Finance Fund III	6,064,199
CarVal Credit Value V	4,957,619
Oaktree Opportunity Fund VII	53,162
Oaktree Opportunity Fund VIIb	6,720
Oaktree Opportunity Fund VIII	150,288
Oaktree Opportunity Fund IX	5,358,840
Oaktree Opportunity Fund X	6,553,956
Oaktree Opportunity Fund XB	5,788,821
Oaktree Opportunity Fund XI	4,095,061
Oaktree European Dislocation	194,908
Siguler Guff Distressed Opportunity Fund III	2,778,875
Subtotal - Distressed	36,002,449
<b>PE Investment Focus - Fund of Funds</b>	
Lexington Cap VI-B	948,269
Subtotal - Fund of Funds	948,269
<b>PE Investment Focus - Mezzanine and Private Credit</b>	
Apollo Accord III	1,325,117
Apollo Accord IIIB	577,825
Apollo Accord IV	3,794,558
LBC Credit Partners Fund IV	15,962,212
Newstone Capital Partners II, LP	917,496
Newstone Capital Partners III, LP	14,658,902
TCW/Crescent Mezzanine V, L.P.	50,914
Subtotal - Mezzanine	37,287,024
<b>PE Investment Focus - Venture Capital</b>	
Accel Europe, L.P.	418,863
FirstMark Cap Opportunity Fund I	12,881,197
FirstMark Cap Opportunity Fund II	24,417,854
FirstMark Cap Opportunity Fund III	10,930,260
FirstMark Capital Fund I	31,374,057
FirstMark Capital Fund II	12,697,061
FirstMark Capital Fund III	21,710,968
FirstMark Capital Fund IV	17,373,217
FirstMark Capital Fund V	3,200,502
Greenspring Global Partners X-B	3,491,796
KnightsBridge	7,524,084
TA XIII-B	9,031,248
Warburg Pincus X	585,937
Warburg Pincus XI	4,588,181
Warburg Pincus XII	14,827,301
Warburg Pincus Global Growth	32,167,391
Weathergage Capital I	6,151,540
Weathergage Capital II	18,884,090
Weathergage Capital IV	15,700,331
Subtotal - Venture Capital	247,955,878
<b>PE Investment Focus - Emerging Markets</b>	
Actis 4 Global	5,181,000
Subtotal - Emerging Markets	5,181,000
<b>PE Investment Focus - Other</b>	
ArcLight Energy VI	4,769,302
ArcLight Energy VII	3,472,162
EnCap Energy Fund IX	3,835,497
EnCap Energy Fund X	6,545,012
EnCap Energy Fund XI	3,702,072
North Sky Clean Growth V	15,171,833
Subtotal - Other	37,495,878
Total Private Equity (PE) Investments	\$ 472,870,656

### OPPRS Private Equity Investments

Private equity investments usually consist of a general partner as the active investor with a number of passive limited partners (like OPRRS) where all contribute to a combined fund and invest according to one of the following strategies:

**Buyout** - this strategy will invest capital in more mature businesses that have the potential for growth in value from efficiencies gained through structural, strategic management and operational improvements.

**Distressed** – under this strategy, the general partner will invest in the debt of companies that are struggling, with the intent of influencing the process by which the company restructures its debt, narrows its focus or implements a plan to turn around its operations. Distressed positions can involve debt, equity and lending investments.

**Fund of Funds** – this strategy combines many different investments approaches into a single investment.

**Mezzanine** – this strategy typically involves the partnership making either unsecured loans or purchasing preferred equity, often in smaller companies, where the unsecured risk is offset by higher returns.

**Venture Capital** – this strategy seeks to invest funds in early-stage, high-potential, high growth companies. This type of investment is usually through equity ownership in the developing company.

**Emerging Markets** – this strategy focuses on investing in companies in emerging economies around the globe.

**Other** – for this strategy, investments will usually be concentrated within a specific industry or region.

## Net Performance Summary by Investment Manager

### For the Period Ended June 30, 2021

Investment Managers by Investment Type	Investment Performance*			
	One Quarter	One Year	Three Years	Five Years
<b>International Equity</b>				
Baring Focused	2.24%	27.33%	8.26%	11.15%
Mondrian	5.30%	34.77%	5.99%	7.82%
MSCI EAFE Net Div	5.17%	32.35%	8.27%	10.28%
Alliance Bernstein EM Strategic Core	1.89%	35.82%	9.07%	N/A
MSCI Emerging markets	5.12%	41.36%	11.67%	13.43%
Wasatch Emerging Markets - Small Cap	13.58%	59.61%	23.75%	18.82%
MSCI Emerging Markets Small Cap	11.36%	64.38%	12.74%	12.24%
<b>Domestic Equity Managers</b>				
<b>Small/Mid Capitalization Equity</b>				
Boston Partners - Value	5.43%	72.14%	11.55%	13.88%
Russell 2500 Value	5.00%	63.23%	10.60%	12.29%
Silvercrest- Growth	7.14%	79.62%	25.72%	27.50%
Russell 2000 Growth	3.92%	51.36%	15.94%	18.76%
<b>Large Capitalization Equity</b>				
Northern Trust Russell 1000 Index Fund	8.52%	43.04%	19.15%	17.99%
Russell 1000	8.54%	43.07%	19.16%	17.99%
<b>Long/Short Equity</b>				
Grosvenor	13.21%	35.36%	12.49%	11.34%
K2 Mauna Kea	3.19%	25.43%	N/A	N/A
MSCI ACWI	7.53%	39.87%	15.14%	15.20%
HFRI FOF Strategic	5.86%	26.20%	8.21%	7.96%
<b>Private Equity</b>	18.99%	58.50%	22.67%	16.87%
<b>Global Fixed Income Managers</b>				
Agincourt- Core Bonds	2.11%	-0.10%	6.04%	3.66%
Oaktree Capital Management	2.39%	15.43%	5.00%	5.80%
BloomBar US Aggregate	1.83%	-0.33%	5.34%	3.03%
Loomis Sayles	1.44%	5.24%	5.57%	3.63%
FSTE World Gov't Bond	0.98%	0.76%	3.59%	1.66%
TCW MetWest Unconstrained Bond Fund	1.32%	N/A	N/A	N/A
US T-Bills 90 Day +3%	0.74%	3.10%	4.38%	4.21%
Private Credit	6.80%	24.75%	11.97%	N/A
<b>Low Volatility Strategies Managers</b>				
PAAMCO - Newport Mesa	2.94%	12.66%	3.24%	3.99%
HFRI FOF Conservative	1.51%	14.27%	5.09%	4.92%
Wellington Global Total Return	-0.52%	2.28%	3.44%	N/A
US T-Bills 90 Day + 4.0%	0.99%	4.10%	5.39%	5.22%
<b>Real Assets</b>				
Private Real Estate (Opportunistic)	2.90%	8.64%	7.97%	8.53%
Columbus Square (Opportunistic-Plan owned)	0.95%	-7.10%	1.22%	3.37%
Blackstone Property Partners (Core RE)	2.30%	5.44%	5.51%	7.70%
JP Morgan (Core RE)	2.92%	6.84%	4.79%	6.03%
NFI ODCE(net)	0.00%	3.29%	3.35%	4.86%
<b>Cash and Cash Equivalents</b>				
OK Invest	0.31%	1.59%	2.14%	2.05%
Cash at BNY Mellon ^	0.00%	0.03%	1.21%	1.55%
<b>Total Portfolio</b>				
Total Portfolio Net of Fees	5.81%	28.00%	10.79%	10.37%
Policy Index (1)	5.26%	23.93%	11.11%	10.61%

Source: Asset Consulting Group, Report June 30, 2021. All returns based on investment industry standards for return calculations.

\* - Returns are calculated using time-weighted return rates with trade date reporting, daily weighting of cash flows and accruals due.

^ - Cash with custodian includes miscellaneous equity securities in process of liquidation.

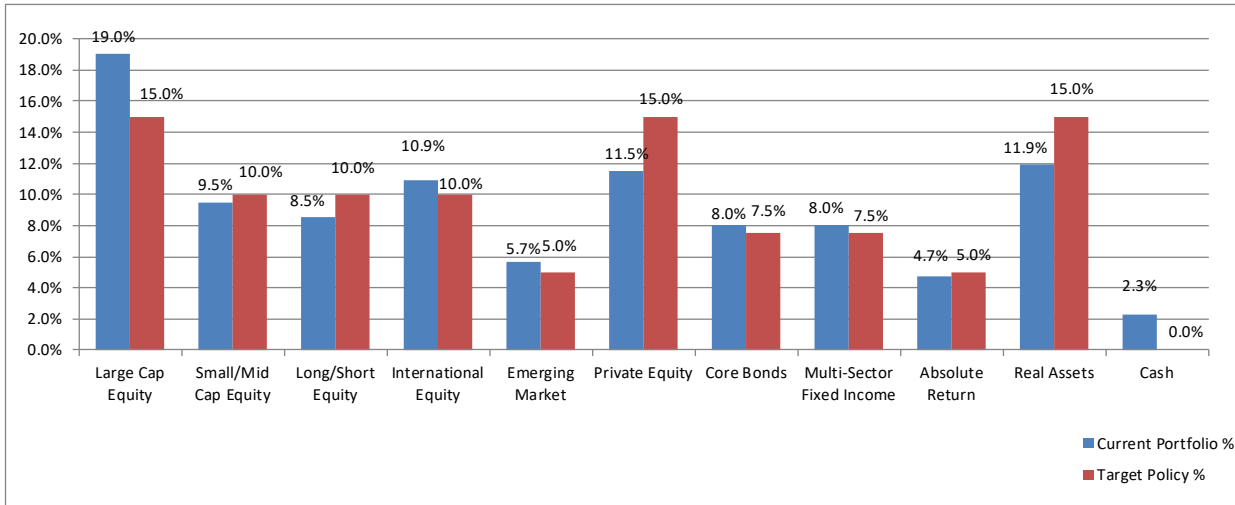
(1) The Total Fund Policy Index History (by effective date of change)

04/2021 - The policy index consisted of 65.0% MSCI ACWI, 20.0% BloomBar Universal, 15.0% NFI ODCE Net.

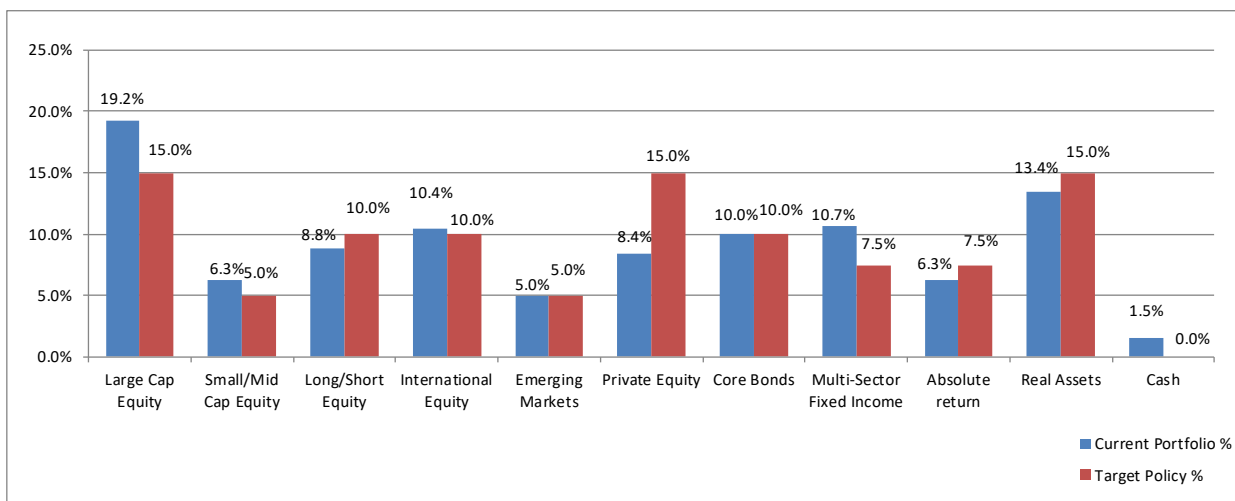
09/2019 - The policy index consisted of 60.0% MSCI ACWI, 25.0% BloomBar Universal, 15.0% NFI ODCE Net.

## Current Portfolio versus Target Policy Allocation For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020

Period Ending June 30, 2021



Period Ending June 30, 2020



## Schedule of Investment Fees For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

Investment Managers Fees	2021	2020
Domestic Equity	\$ 2,584,000	\$ 2,555,000
Private Equity	5,543,000	5,355,000
International Equity	2,473,000	2,374,000
Real Estate	4,310,000	3,407,000
Commodities	19,000	339,000
Fixed Income-Low Volatility	525,000	989,000
Fixed Income	1,524,000	1,279,000
Subtotal - Investment Managers Fees	16,978,000	16,298,000
Custodian fee	241,000	199,000
Investment Consultant fee	650,000	650,000
Total Investment Management Fees	\$ 17,869,000	\$ 17,147,000

## Schedule of Broker Commissions

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Schedule of Broker Commissions				
Broker Name\Location	Base Commission	Base amount Traded	Units Traded	Commission per Share
B RILEY AND CO LLC, NEW YORK	822	755,059	23,223	0.03541
BAIRD, ROBERT W & CO INC, MILWAUKEE	3,070	3,579,588	79,238	0.03875
BARCLAYS CAPITAL INC./LE, NEW JERSEY	721	633,909	21,978	0.03281
BERNSTEIN SANFORD C & CO, NEW YORK	213	594,705	19,069	0.01119
BMO CAPITAL MARKETS CORP, NEW YORK	807	796,204	40,330	0.02000
BNY CAPITAL MARKETS INC, NEW YORK	53,833	47,815,389	1,723,997	0.03123
BTIG LLC, NEW YORK	1,237	1,486,371	51,169	0.02418
CANTOR CLEARING SERV, NEW YORK	24	12,219	1,189	0.02000
CANTOR FITZGERALD & CO INC, NEW YORK	19	17,988	965	0.02000
CITIGROUP GLOBAL MARKETS, INC., NEW YORK	1,380	1,678,066	46,288	0.02981
CJS SECURITIES INC, JERSEY CITY	3,550	2,516,809	118,336	0.03000
CORNERSTONE MACRO LLC, NEW YORK	4,773	3,035,020	152,932	0.03121
COWEN AND CO LLC, NEW YORK	33,756	20,050,871	989,508	0.03411
COWEN AND COMPANY, LLC, JERSEY CITY	13,744	11,814,391	458,131	0.03000
CREDIT SUISSE, NEW YORK (CSUS)	14,056	10,946,653	520,706	0.02699
DAVIDSON(D A) & CO INC, NEW YORK	2,387	3,199,759	60,946	0.03916
DOUGHERTY & COMPANY LLC, MINNEAPOLIS	3,326	2,919,231	91,563	0.03632
GOLDMAN SACHS & CO, NY	8,784	30,420,424	854,741	0.01028
GUGGENHEIM CAPITAL MARKETS LLC, NEW YORK	2,804	3,485,479	70,103	0.04000
INSTINET CORP, NEW YORK	10	23,864	959	0.01000
ITG INC, NEW YORK	282	1,069,429	20,849	0.01351
J.P. MORGAN SECURITIES LLC, NEW YORK	4,083	6,628,469	203,771	0.02004
JEFFERIES & CO INC, NEW YORK	11,376	12,436,018	448,885	0.02534
JMP SECURITIES, SAN FRANCISCO	3,294	2,115,130	109,808	0.03000
JONESTRADING INST SVCS LLC, NEW YORK	3,411	2,350,348	115,637	0.02949
KEYBANC CAPITAL MARKETS INC, NEW YORK	3,337	2,368,987	96,753	0.03449
LEERINK SWANN AND COMPANY, NEW YORK	2,364	1,820,581	71,484	0.03307
LIQUIDNET INC, NEW YORK	1,322	941,244	46,246	0.02859
LOOP CAPITAL MARKETS, JERSEY CITY	702	853,822	23,388	0.03000
MERRILL LYNCH PIERCE FENNER SMITH INC NY	4,056	7,351,108	248,286	0.01634
MIRAE ASSET SEC USA, NEW YORK	52	39,223	2,617	0.02000
MORGAN STANLEY & CO INC, NY	1,991	6,062,198	141,058	0.01411
NATIONAL FINL SVCS CORP, NEW YORK	10,013	6,644,983	335,686	0.02983
NEEDHAM AND CO LLC, NEW YORK	4,443	3,149,393	122,494	0.03627
NORTHLAND SECURITIES INC., NEW YORK	770	800,794	25,654	0.03000
OPPENHEIMER & CO INC, NEW YORK	4,075	5,731,412	157,739	0.02584
PERSHING LLC, JERSEY CITY	3,154	3,354,168	83,859	0.03762
TOTAL - THIS PAGE (PER SHARE IS AVERAGE)	\$208,041	\$209,499,307	7,579,585	0.02745

Continued on the following page



## Schedule of Broker Commissions (continued from previous page)

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Schedule of Broker Commissions				
Broker Name\Location	Base Commission	Base amount Traded	Units Traded	Commission per Share
PIPER JAFFRAY & CO., JERSEY CITY	6,427	4,158,487	215,583	0.02981
RAYMOND JAMES & ASSOC INC, ST PETERSBURG	6,591	6,586,596	170,263	0.03871
RBC CAPITAL MARKETS LLC, NEW YORK	11,006	11,688,896	368,229	0.02989
ROTH CAPITAL PARTNERS LLC, NEW YORK	2,107	435,667	60,629	0.03475
SEAPORT GROUP SECURITIES, LLC, NEW YORK	562	347,310	18,392	0.03055
SIDOTI AND COMPANY LLC, NEW YORK	523	986,690	13,706	0.03814
STIFEL NICOLAUS	2,562	3,746,979	124,561	0.02057
STRATEGAS SECURITIES LLC, NEW YORK	2,170	1,855,277	72,339	0.03000
SUNTRUST CAPITAL MARKETS INC, NEW YORK	4,151	2,478,467	243,708	0.01703
UBS SECURITIES LLC, STAMFORD	3,552	7,296,494	202,798	0.01751
WEDBUSH MORGAN SECS INC, LOS ANGELES	1,966	845,006	49,154	0.04000
WEDBUSH SECURITIES INC./P3, LOS ANGELES	94	234,445	4,685	0.02000
WELLS FARGO SECURITIES, LLC, NEW YORK	4,435	3,594,219	139,215	0.03185
WILLIAM BLAIR & CO, CHICAGO	4,514	3,138,407	145,412	0.03104
TOTAL - THIS PAGE (PER SHARE IS AVERAGE)	\$50,658	\$47,392,942	1,828,674	0.02770
<b>GRAND TOTAL (PER SHARE IS AVERAGE)</b>	<b>\$258,700</b>	<b>\$256,892,249</b>	<b>9,408,259</b>	<b>0.02750</b>



OPPRS has been providing secure  
retirement benefits to its  
members for 40 years!

## Actuarial Section

- 99 - Actuarial Certification Letter
- 101 - Summary of Actuarial Valuation Results
- 102 - Schedule of Active Member Data
- 102 - Schedule of Retirants Added\Removed from Rolls
- 102 - Schedule of Funding Progress (Actuarial)
- 103 - Solvency Test
- 104 - Analysis of Financial Experience
- 105 - Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods
- 110 - Summary of System Provisions



## Actuarial Section



Cavanaugh Macdonald  
3802 Raynor Parkway, Suite 202  
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[www.CavMacConsulting.com](http://www.CavMacConsulting.com)

October 22, 2021

Board of Trustees  
Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System  
1001 NW 63rd Street, Suite 305  
Oklahoma City, OK 73116-7335

Members of the Board:

We have completed an actuarial valuation of the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System (OPPRS) as of July 1, 2021 for the purpose of determining the actuarial contribution rate and calculating and analyzing key financial measurements. Actuarial valuations are performed annually. This valuation reflects the benefit provisions and contribution rates in effect as of July 1, 2021.

In preparing the valuation, we, as the actuary, relied on the data provided by the System. As part of our work, we performed a limited review of the data for consistency and reasonableness and did not find material defects in the data.

All of the information and supporting schedules in the Actuarial Section have been provided by Cavanaugh Macdonald Consulting, LLC, including:

- *Summary of Actuarial Results*
- *Schedule of Active Member Valuation Data*
- *Schedule of Retirants and Beneficiaries Added to and Removed from the Annuity Roles*
- *Schedule of Funding Progress*
- *Solvency Test*
- *Analysis of Financial Experience*

We also prepared the following exhibits shown in the financial section of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report:

- *Schedule of Funding Progress*
- *Schedule of Employer Contributions*

All historical information that references a valuation date prior to July 1, 2016 was prepared by the prior actuarial firm.

We certify that all costs, liabilities, rates of interest and other factors for OPPRS have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer our best estimate of anticipated experience affecting OPPRS. We further certify that these assumptions meet the parameters for the disclosures under statements issued by the Governmental Accounting Board.

In order to prepare the results in the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation report, we have utilized appropriate actuarial models that were developed for this purpose. These models use assumptions about future contingent events along with recognized actuarial approaches to develop the needed results. Future actuarial results may differ significantly from the current results presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the plan's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. Since the potential impact of such factors is outside the scope of a normal annual actuarial valuation, an analysis of the range of results is not presented herein.

This is to certify that the independent consulting actuaries, Brent Banister and Aaron Chochon, are Members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the qualification standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinion contained herein. They have experience in performing valuations for public retirement systems. The valuation was prepared in accordance with principles of practice prescribed by the Actuarial Standards Board. In particular, the actuarial assumptions and methods used for determining the funding requirements were developed under the applicable Actuarial Standards of Practice. The actuarial calculations were performed by qualified actuaries in accordance with accepted actuarial procedures, based on the current provisions of the retirement system and on actuarial assumptions that are internally consistent and reasonably based on the actual experience of the System.

Respectfully submitted,



Brent Banister, PhD, FSA, EA, FCA, MAAA  
Chief Actuary



Aaron Chochon, ASA, EA, FCA, MAAA  
Associate Actuary

## Oklahoma Police Pension & Retirement System

### Actuarial Section

The Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System is funded on a statutory basis, with contribution rates for employee, employer and the non-employer contributing entity established by statute. The Board, in conjunction with advice from the actuary, reviews the adequacy and appropriateness of the funding policy on a long-term basis. The System's actuary annually calculates an actuarially determined contribution (ADC) to assist with this determination. The actuarial section presents data primarily from a funding perspective, which can differ from the results determined for financial reporting purposes in the financial section. The actuarial assumptions used to calculate both the funding perspective and the financial perspective are materially the same. Exhibit III in the Required Supplementary Information portion of the Financial Section presents the ADC required and the contribution effort made toward the ADC by employers and the State of Oklahoma, a non-employer contributing entity.

## Summary of Actuarial Valuation Results

### As of July 1, 2021

	Actuarial Valuation as of		% Change
	July 1, 2021	July 1, 2020	
Summary of Costs			
Required State Contributions for Current Year	\$ -	\$ -	- %
Actual State Contributions Received in Prior Year	28,368,000	40,295,000	(29.60)
Funded Status			
Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$ 2,810,243,000	\$ 2,736,156,000	2.71 %
Actuarial Value of Assets	2,940,118,000	2,756,877,000	6.65
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	(129,875,000)	(20,721,000)	526.78
Funded Ratio	104.6%	100.8%	3.84
Market Value of Assets and Additional Liabilities			
Market Value of Assets	\$ 3,289,959,000	\$ 2,621,311,000	25.51 %
Actuarial Present Value of Accumulated System Benefits (ASC 960)	2,605,176,000	2,537,542,000	2.67
Present Value of Projected System Future Benefits	3,461,941,000	3,381,260,000	2.39
Summary of Data			
Number of Members in Valuation			
Active Paid Members (vested and not vested) (a)	4,920	4,990	(1.40) %
Deferred Option Plan Members	1	2	(50.00)
Terminated Members with Refunds Due	1,003	899	11.57
Terminated Members with Deferred Benefits	156	161	(3.11)
Retired Members	3,088	2,954	4.54
Beneficiaries	862	828	4.11
Disabled Members	132	130	1.54
Total	10,162	9,964	1.99
Active Member Statistics			
Total Projected Annual Compensation (b)	\$ 350,565,103	\$ 351,343,791	(0.22) %
Average Projected Compensation (b/a)	\$ 71,253	\$ 70,410	1.20
Average Age	39.6	39.7	(0.25)
Average Service	11.5	11.7	(1.71)

## Schedule of Active Member Valuation Data

Valuation Date July 1,	Number of Members	Projected Annual Payroll	Projected Average Annual Payroll	Percentage Change in Average Payroll
2012	4,441	263,529,629	59,340	2.05%
2013	4,467	276,920,177	61,992	4.47%
2014	4,557	287,105,267	63,003	1.63%
2015	4,570	293,483,501	64,220	1.93%
2016	4,679	312,751,104	66,841	4.08%
2017	4,695	313,087,696	66,685	-0.23%
2018	4,791	323,111,811	67,441	1.13%
2019	4,902	339,195,248	69,195	2.60%
2020	4,990	351,343,791	70,410	1.76%
2021	4,920	350,565,103	71,253	1.20%

## Schedule of Retirants/Beneficiaries Added to/Removed from Rolls

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Added to Rolls		Removed from Rolls		Rolls at Year End		Percentage Increase	Average Annual Benefits
	Number of Additions	Annual Benefits	Number of Removals	Annual Benefits	Year End Roll Count	Annual Benefits		
2012	139	4,587,513	51	1,073,612	3,148	91,197,782	4.0%	28,970
2013	151	4,773,719	60	694,596	3,239	95,276,905	4.5%	29,416
2014	123	3,873,758	42	1,303,391	3,320	97,847,272	2.7%	29,472
2015	175	6,613,773	47	947,483	3,448	103,513,562	5.8%	30,021
2016	175	6,489,659	73	2,024,379	3,550	107,978,842	4.3%	30,417
2017	181	6,601,023	73	2,234,813	3,658	112,345,052	4.0%	30,712
2018	177	6,561,513	115	3,252,707	3,720	115,653,858	2.9%	31,090
2019	184	7,351,430	89	2,766,637	3,815	120,238,651	4.0%	31,517
2020	213	8,778,156	116	3,416,592	3,912	129,851,595	8.0%	33,193
2021	310	12,844,091	140	4,358,609	4,082	138,337,077	6.5%	33,890

## Schedule of Funding Progress (Actuarial Basis)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
7/1/2012	1,834,170,000	2,034,485,171	200,315,171	90.2%	266,038,359	75.3%
7/1/2013	1,902,581,000	2,131,172,172	228,591,172	89.3%	279,013,522	81.9%
7/1/2014	2,086,297,000	2,204,797,154	118,500,154	94.6%	289,502,327	40.9%
7/1/2015	2,229,272,000	2,269,073,426	39,801,426	98.2%	295,307,065	13.5%
7/1/2016	2,323,407,000	2,354,815,000	31,408,000	98.7%	296,407,692	10.6%
7/1/2017	2,447,351,000	2,403,073,000	(44,278,000)	101.8%	299,131,000	-14.8%
7/1/2018	2,586,061,000	2,515,811,000	(70,250,000)	102.8%	308,731,000	-22.8%
7/1/2019	2,677,255,000	2,612,473,000	(64,782,000)	102.5%	324,262,000	-20.0%
7/1/2020	2,756,877,000	2,736,156,000	(20,721,000)	100.8%	340,200,000	-6.1%
7/1/2021	2,940,118,000	2,810,243,000	(129,875,000)	104.6%	341,577,000	-38.0%

## Solvency Test

The OPPRS funding objective is to be able to pay long-term benefit promises through contributions that remain approximately level from year to year as a percent of salaries earned by members. In this way, members and employers in each year pay their fair share for retirement service accrued in that year by OPPRS members.

If the retirement system follows level contribution rate financing principles, the system will pay all promised benefits when due – the ultimate test of financial soundness.

A short-term solvency test is one means of monitoring OPPRS funding progress. In a short-term solvency test, the retirement System's present valuation assets are compared with: 1) active member contributions on deposit, 2) the liabilities for future benefits to persons who have retired and the liabilities for terminated employees with vested benefits, and 3) the liabilities for service already rendered by active members. In a system that has been following the discipline of level contribution rate financing, the liabilities for member contributions on deposit (liability 1), the liabilities for future benefits to present retirees and the liabilities for future benefits for terminated employees (liability 2) will be fully covered by present assets, except in rare circumstances.

In addition, the liabilities for service already rendered by members (liability 3) will be partially covered by the remainder of present assets. Generally, if the system has been using level contribution rate financing, the funded portion of liability 3 will increase over time; however, a decrease generally occurs in those years when substantial benefit improvements are granted by the Legislature. It is unusual for liability 3 to be fully funded. The funded ratio of the System based on total actuarial accrued liabilities (1 + 2 + 3) provides an indication of how well the System is funded.

The schedule below illustrates the progress of funding the actuarial accrued liabilities of OPPRS.

Valuation Year July 1,	Aggregate Accrued Liability and Valuation Assets (in thousands)				Reported Assets * (in thousands)	Portion of Accrued Liabilities Covered by Assets			Funded Ratio of Total Accrued Actuarial Liability
	Active Member Contributions (Liability 1)	Retirees, Beneficiaries and Terminated Vested Members (Liability 2)	Employer Financed Portion of Active Members (Liability 3)	Total Liability (1 + 2 + 3)		(1)	(2)	(3)	
2012	189,460	983,507	861,518	2,034,485	1,834,170	100%	100%	76.7%	90.2%
2013	199,233	1,037,457	894,482	2,131,172	1,902,581	100%	100%	74.4%	89.3%
2014	209,577	1,057,854	937,367	2,204,798	2,086,297	100%	100%	87.4%	94.6%
2015	214,686	1,112,856	941,532	2,269,074	2,229,272	100%	100%	95.8%	98.2%
2016	223,255	1,176,401	955,159	2,354,815	2,323,407	100%	100%	96.7%	98.7%
2017	238,151	1,193,676	971,246	2,403,073	2,447,351	100%	100%	104.6%	101.8%
2018	245,909	1,225,406	1,044,496	2,515,811	2,586,061	100%	100%	106.7%	102.8%
2019	251,559	1,266,287	1,094,627	2,612,473	2,677,255	100%	100%	105.9%	102.5%
2020	258,774	1,358,154	1,119,228	2,736,156	2,756,877	100%	100%	101.9%	100.8%
2021	257,254	1,461,095	1,091,894	2,810,243	2,940,118	100%	100%	111.9%	104.6%

\* - Actuarial Value of assets based on the smoothing technique adopted by the Board.



## Analysis of Financial Experience

As of July 1, 2021

<b>1. Expected Actuarial Accrued Liability</b>	
a. Actuarial Accrued Liability at July 1, 2020	\$ 2,736,156,000
b. Normal Cost and Expenses for Plan Year Ended June 30, 2021	65,807,000
c. Benefit Payments for Plan Year Ending June 30, 2021	(200,222,000)
d. Change in Actuary	-
e. Interest on (a), (b), (c) and (d)	202,775,000
f. Change in Actuarial Accrued Liability at July 1, 2021 due to changes in Actuarial Assumptions	-
g. Change in Actuarial Accrued Liability at July 1, 2021 due to changes in System Provisions (ad hoc COLA)	-
h. Expected Actuarial Accrued Liability at July 1, 2021	2,804,516,000
<b>2. Actuarial Accrued Liability at July 1, 2021</b>	<b>2,810,243,000</b>
<b>3. Actuarial Liability Gain/(Loss) (1h. - 2)</b>	<b>(5,727,000)</b>
<b>4. Expected Actuarial Value of Assets</b>	
a. Actuarial Value of Assets at July 1, 2020	2,756,877,000
b. Contributions Made for Plan Year Ending June 30, 2021	100,719,000
c. Benefit Payments and Expenses for Plan Year Ending June 30, 2021	(202,202,000)
d. Interest on (a + b - c) to End of Year	203,029,000
e. Expected Actuarial Value of Assets at July 1, 2021	2,858,423,000
<b>5. Actuarial Value of Assets at July 1, 2021</b>	<b>2,940,118,000</b>
<b>6. Actuarial Asset Gain/(Loss) (5 - 4e.)</b>	<b>81,695,000</b>
<b>7. Actuarial Gain/(Loss) (3 + 6)</b>	<b>75,968,000</b>

# Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

## Actuarial Cost Method

Liabilities and contributions shown in this report are computed using the Individual Entry Age method of funding. Sometimes called the “funding method,” this is a particular technique used by actuaries for establishing the amount of the annual actuarial cost of pension benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily the annual contribution to the System is comprised of (1) the normal cost; and (2) an amortization payment on the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Under the Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method, the Normal Cost is computed as the level percentage of pay which, if paid from the earliest time each member would have been eligible to join the System had it existed (thus entry age) until his retirement or termination, would accumulate with interest at the rate assumed in the valuation to a fund sufficient to pay all benefits under the System.

The Actuarial Accrued Liability under this method, at any point in time, is the theoretical amount of the fund that would have accumulated had annual contributions equal to the normal cost been made in prior years (it does not represent the liability for benefits accrued to the valuation date). The Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability is the excess of the actuarial accrued liability over the actuarial value of System assets on the valuation date.

Under this method, experience gains or losses, i.e. decreases or increases in actuarial accrued liabilities attributable to deviations in experience from the actuarial assumptions, adjust the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

## Asset Valuation Method

The actuarial value of assets is based on a five-year moving average of expected and actual market values determined as follows:

- at the beginning of each fiscal year, a preliminary expected actuarial asset value is calculated as the sum of the previous year’s actuarial value increased with a year’s interest at the System valuation rate plus net cash flow adjusted for interest (at the same rate) to the end of the previous fiscal year;
- the expected actuarial asset value is set equal to the preliminary expected actuarial value plus the unrecognized investment gains and losses as of the beginning of the previous fiscal year;
- the difference between the expected actuarial asset value and the market value is the investment gain or loss for the previous year;
- the (final) actuarial asset value is the preliminary value plus 20% of the investment gains and losses for each of the five previous fiscal years, but in no case more than 120% of the market value or less than 80% of the market value.

### Amortization Method

The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is amortized as a level dollar amount over a 5-year open period. Surplus, if any, is amortized as a level dollar amount over a 30-year open period.

### Valuation Procedures

The wages used in the projection of benefits and liabilities are pay for the year ending June 30, 2021 (including longevity bonuses). These amounts were projected into the valuation year using the valuation salary scale.

In computing accrued benefits, average earnings were determined using the valuation salary scale. Historical earnings for the past five years have been retained.

Retired Members were assumed to be married according to the probability of marriage assumption. For those in the Baker group, the assumption is 100% married.

The impact from compensation limit under IRC Section 401(a)(17) and from the dollar limitation required by the Internal Revenue Code Section 415 for governmental plans were considered in this valuation and was determined to be *de minimis*.

The calculations for the required state contribution are determined as of mid-year. Since the agency contributions, member contributions and State insurance premium tax allocations are made on a monthly basis throughout the year, a mid-year determination date represents an average weighting of the contributions.

**Economic Assumptions**

1. Inflation 2.75% per annum, compound annually.
2. Investment Return 7.5%, net of investment expenses, per annum, compound annually.
3. Salary Scale Sample rates are shown below:

Attained Service	Inflation %	Merit %	Increase %
0	3.50	8.50	12.00
1	3.50	6.50	10.00
2	3.50	5.50	9.00
3	3.50	4.50	8.00
4-6	3.50	4.00	7.50
7	3.50	3.75	7.25
8	3.50	3.50	7.00
9	3.50	3.25	6.75
10-12	3.50	3.00	6.50
13	3.50	2.00	5.50
14	3.50	1.25	4.75
15	3.50	0.75	4.25
16-25	3.50	0.25	3.75
26+	3.50	0.00	3.50

**Demographic Assumptions**

1. Retirement Rates Sample rates are shown below:

Attained Service	Annual Rates of Retirement
20	15%
21	8
22	8
23	8
24	8
25	20
26	10
27	10
28	10
29	15
30	20
31	30
32	40
33	50
34	75
35	100

## 2. Mortality Rates

(a) Active participants

RP-2000 Combined Blue Collar Healthy Employees (Fully generational using Scale AA) with age set back four years

(b) Active participants (post-retirement) and nondisabled pensioners

RP-2000 Combined Blue Collar Healthy Employees (generational using Scale AA)

(c) Disabled pensioners

RP-2000 Combined Blue Collar Healthy Combined with age set forward four years (no generational improvement)

## 3. Disability Rates

Sample rates are shown below:

Age	Rate
20-24	0.02%
25-29	0.02
30-34	0.04
35-39	0.06
40-44	0.08
45-49	0.10
50-54	0.12
Over 55	0.14

## 4. Withdrawal Rates

Sample rates are shown below:

Service Range	Rate
0	15.0%
1	12.0
2	10.0
3	8.0
4	7.0
5	6.0
6	5.0
7	4.5
8	4.0
9	3.5
10	3.0
11	2.5
12	2.0
13	1.5
14-20	1.0
Over 20	0.0

## 5. Marital Status

(a) Percentage married: Males: 85%; Females: 85%

(b) Age difference: Males are assumed to be three (3) years older than females.

**Other Assumptions:**

1. Deferred Benefits Begin at: Age 50, or the date at which the participant would have achieved twenty years of service, if later.
2. Provision for Expenses: Administrative Expenses, as budgeted by the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System.
3. Percentage of Disability: Members becoming disabled have a 50%-74% impairment.
4. Duty-Related Death: All pre-retirement deaths are duty-related.
5. Cost-of-Living Allowance: Police officers eligible to receive increased benefits according to repealed Section 50-120 of Title 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes pursuant to a court order receive an adjustment of  $\frac{1}{3}$  to  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the increase or decrease of any adjustment to the base salary of a regular police officer, based on an increase in base salary of 3.5% (wage inflation).
6. Deferred Option Plan: Members currently participating in the Deferred Option plan (DOP) are assumed to remain in the DOP for the maximum of five years. Active members leaving active service are assumed to retroactively elect to join the DOP for the maximum allowable period. DOP account balances are assumed to accumulate at 11% (to reflect the interest rate guarantee prior to retirement) for future BackDOP elections and members are assumed to elect a lump sum at retirement. All balances held in Deferred Option payout accounts are assumed to be paid immediately upon the end of employment.

## Summary of System Provisions

<b>Effective Date and Plan Year:</b>	The System became effective July 1, 1981 and has been amended each year since then. The plan year is July 1 to June 30.
<b>Administration:</b>	The System is administered by the Oklahoma Police Pension Retirement Board consisting of thirteen Members. The Board shall be responsible for the policies and rules for the general administration of the System.
<b>Plan Type:</b>	Defined benefit plan.
<b>Employers Included:</b>	An eligible employer may join the System on the first day of any month. An application of affiliation must be filed in the form of a resolution before the eligible municipality can become a participating municipality.
<b>Eligibility:</b>	All persons employed full-time as officers working more than 25 hours per week or any person undergoing police training to become a permanent police officer with a police department of a participating municipality, with ages not less than twenty-one (21) nor more than forty-five (45) when accepting membership.
<b>Salary Considered:</b>	Base salary used in the determination of benefits does not include payment for accumulated sick and annual leave upon termination of employment or any uniform allowances.
<b>Final Average Salary:</b>	Final average salary means the average paid base salary for normally scheduled hours of an officer over the highest 30 consecutive months of the last 60 months of credited service.
<b>Service Considered:</b>	Credited service consists of the period during which the Member participated in the System or predecessor municipal pay as an active employee, plus any service prior to the establishment of the municipal plan which was credited under the predecessor municipal systems of credited service granted by the State Board, plus any applicable military service.
<b>State Contributions:</b>	<p>Insurance premium tax allocation. Historically, the System has received 14% of these collected taxes. For FY 2005 through FY 2009, the System received 17% of these collected taxes. For the period beginning July 1, 2009 and ending August 31, 2020, the System received 14% of these collected taxes. For the period beginning September 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021, the System received 9.8% of these collected taxes. For FY 2022, 14% of the taxes collected will be allocated to the System. For FY 2023 through FY 2027, 14.7% of the taxes collected will be allocated to the System. For the following fiscal years, 14% of the taxes collected will be allocated to the System.</p> <p>Beginning in FY 2006 the System began receiving 26% of a special allocation established to refund the System for reduced allocations of insurance premium taxes resulting from increases in insurance premium tax credits. For the period beginning September 1, 2020 through June</p>

30, 2021, the System received 18.2% of the insurance premium tax allocation. For FY 2022 and thereafter, the System will receive 26% of the insurance premium tax allocation. Beginning in fiscal year July 1, 2010, the amount of insurance premium tax apportioned to the System will be applied prior to the calculation of the Home Office Credit.

In addition to these allocations, the System will receive \$16,250 annually for FY 2023 through FY 2027.

**Member Contributions:** 8% percent of paid salary. These contributions shall “be picked up” after December 31, 1988 pursuant to Section 414(h)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code.

**Municipality Contributions:** Contribution is 13% percent of paid salary as of July 1, 1996.

**Normal Retirement Benefit:**

Normal Retirement Eligibility: 20 years of credited service.

Benefit Amount: 2 1/2% of the final average salary multiplied by the years of credited service, with a maximum of 30 years of credited service considered.

Normal Form of Benefit: The benefit is paid as a Joint and 100% Survivor Annuity if the Member was married 30 months prior to death.

**Termination Benefit:**

Less than 10 Years of Service: Refund of member contributions without interest.

More than 10 Years of Service: If greater than 10 years of service, but not eligible for the normal retirement benefit, the benefit is payable at the later of the date the member would have had 20 years of service and the date the member reaches age 50. The benefit amount is equal to 2 1/2% of the greater of (i) final average salary or (ii) the salary paid to active employees as described under “salary considered” multiplied by the number of years and completed months of credited service.

**Disability Benefit (Duty):**

Total Disability

Upon determination of disability incurred as a result of the performance of duty, the normal disability benefit is 50% of final average salary.

Partial Disability

Upon determination of partial disability incurred as a result of the performance of duty, the normal disability is reduced according to the percentage of impairment, as outlined in the “American Medical Association’s Guide to the Evaluation of Permanent Impairment.” The following shows the percent of normal disability benefit payable as related to the percent of impairment.



<u>% Impairment</u>	<u>% of Benefit</u>
1% to 49%	50%
50% to 74%	75%
75% to 100%	100%

**Disability Benefit (Non-Duty):**

Upon determination of disability after 10 years of service due to causes other than duty, the benefit equals the accrued benefit of 2 ½% of final average salary times years of credited service (maximum of 30 years) times:

- 100%, if permanent and total, or
- The following percentages, if partial disability.

<u>% Impairment</u>	<u>% of Benefit</u>
1% to 24%	25%
25% to 49%	50%
50% to 74%	75%
75% to 99%	90%

**Death Benefits Payable to Beneficiaries:**

Upon determination of disability with less than 10 years of service due to causes other than duty, a refund of member contributions without interest will be paid.

**Prior to Retirement (Duty):**

The greater of:

1) 2 ½% of final average salary times years of credited service (maximum of 30 years), or

2) 50% of final average salary.

**Prior to Retirement (Non-Duty):**

After 10 years of service, a benefit equal to 2 ½% of final average salary times years of credited service (maximum if 30 years).

Prior to 10 years of service, a refund of the accumulated contributions made by the Member will be paid to the estate.

**After Retirement or Vested Termination:**

100% of the Member's retirement or deferred vested benefit, payable when the Member would have been eligible to receive it, payable to the beneficiary.

**Lump Sum:**

The beneficiary shall receive a lump-sum amount of \$5,000.

<b>Beneficiary Eligibility:</b>	<p>Surviving spouses must be married to the member 30 months prior to the date of death (waived in the case of duty related death).</p> <p>If the beneficiary is a child, the benefits are payable to age 18, or to age 22 if a full-time student. If the beneficiary is a spouse to whom the Member was married for at least 30 months prior to death, if the death was not duty related, the benefits are payable for life.</p>
<b>Postretirement Adjustments:</b>	<p>Police officers eligible to receive increased benefits according to repealed Section 50-120 of Title 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes pursuant to a court order receive an adjustment of 1/3 or ½ of the increase or decrease of any adjustment to the base salary of a regular police officer.</p>
<b>Deferred Option Plan:</b>	<p>A Member with 20 or more years of service may elect to participate in the Deferred Option Plan (DOP). Participation in the DOP shall not exceed five years. The members' contributions cease upon entering the DOP, but the agency contributions are divided equally between the Retirement System and Deferred Option Plan. The monthly retirement benefits that the member is eligible to receive are paid into the Deferred Option Plan account.</p> <p>Members can elect to retroactively join the DOP as of a back-drop-date which is no earlier than the member's normal retirement date or five years before his termination date. The monthly retirement benefits and employee contributions that would have been payable had the member elected to join the DOP are credited to the member's DOP account with interest.</p> <p>The retirement benefits are not recalculated for service and salary past the election date to join the Deferred Option Plan. However, the benefits are increased by cost-of-living increases applicable to retired members during the DOP period.</p> <p>When the Member actually terminates employment, the Deferred Option Plan account balance may be paid in a lump sum or to an annuity provider. Monthly retirement benefits are then paid directly to the retired Member.</p> <p>This Plan became effective during the July 1, 1991 to June 30, 1992 Plan Year. The Deferred Option Plan account is guaranteed a minimum of the valuation interest rate for investment return, or 2% less than the fund rate of return, if greater.</p>



OPPRS has been providing secure  
retirement benefits to its  
members for 40 years!

## Statistical Section

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## Statistical Section

## Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System Statistical Section

This section provides additional detailed information covering extended time spans to facilitate a better understanding of the System's results presented in the financial statements, notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information. Multi-year presentations of financial and operational results help to assess the economic condition and long-term economic stability of the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System (OPPRS).

### Financial Trends

Financial trend information helps determine whether or not the financial position of the System has improved or declined over time. Trend information also provides a long-term comparison of financial activity to assess the affect decisions and changes have had on the System's financial position. The following schedules present financial trend information:

*Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position*  
*Schedule of Revenue by Source*  
*Schedule of Benefit Payments and Refunds by Type*

*Schedule of Expenses by Type*  
*Funded Ratio (Chart)\**

### Revenue Capacity

Revenue capacity information helps assess the System's performance in generating its own-source revenue. As a pension plan, the System generates revenue primarily through investing available assets with the goal of generating investment income and positive investment returns. The following schedule presents revenue capacity information:

*Schedule of Rate of Return by Investment Type\*\**

### Operating and Demographic Information

Operating and demographic information helps to assess changes in the System's membership, resources and operating performance over time. This information provides a better understanding of the employers that participate in the System, the size and types of payments made to participants, and the changes to the size of the System's active and retired membership. The following schedules present operating and demographic information:

*Schedule of Retired Members by Type of Benefit*  
*Schedule of Principal Participating Employers*  
*Membership Statistics Data\**

*Schedule of Average Benefit Payments\**  
*Schedule of Participating Employers*

Unless otherwise noted, information is derived from OPPRS internal sources.

\* - Based on schedules and data provided by actuarial consultant, Cavanaugh Macdonald Consulting, LLC.

\*\* - Based on data provided by investment consultant, Asset Consulting Group.

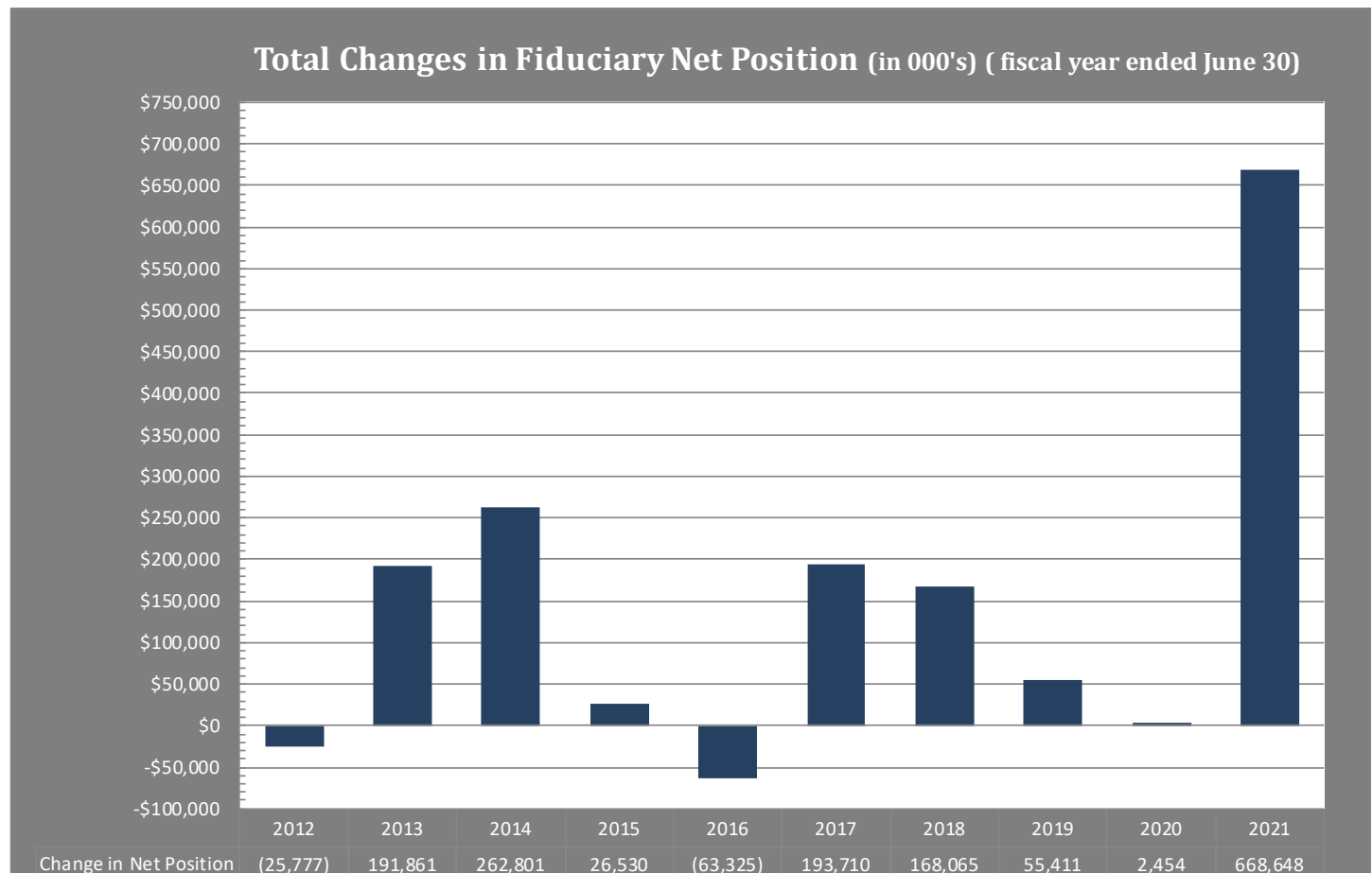
## Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position (in Thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Additions				Deductions				Total Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
	Member Contributions	Employer Contributions	Insurance Premium Tax	Net Investment Income (Loss)	Benefit Payments *	Deferred Option Payments**	Refund of Contributions	Administrative Expenses	
2012	20,113	32,896	28,092	8,374	89,691	22,039	1,570	1,952	(25,777)
2013	21,518	34,645	31,412	221,174	93,987	19,018	1,830	2,053	191,861
2014	22,131	35,547	31,329	294,897	97,361	20,121	1,759	1,862	262,801
2015	22,867	37,261	35,490	74,554	100,889	38,769	2,035	1,949	26,530
2016	23,787	38,533	35,915	(21,104)	106,326	30,265	2,034	1,831	(63,325)
2017	23,916	38,887	34,283	242,415	110,496	31,644	1,952	1,699	193,710
2018	24,747	40,135	39,028	205,439	115,061	22,853	1,649	1,721	168,065
2019	26,173	42,154	39,559	104,882	119,964	33,645	1,877	1,871	55,411
2020	27,310	44,226	40,295	55,808	123,375	37,367	2,451	1,992	2,454
2021	27,946	44,405	28,368	770,131	133,969	64,440	1,813	1,980	668,648

Total Cumulative Change in Net Position for the Last 10 Years \$ 1,480,378

\* - Benefit Payments include survivor and death benefit payments.

\*\* - Deferred Option Payments include the Deferred Option and back DROP plans.



## Schedule of Revenue by Source (in Thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Member Contributions	Employer Contributions	Insurance Premium Tax*	Net Investment Income (Loss)**	Total Revenue by Source
2012	20,113	32,896	28,092	8,374	89,475
2013	21,518	34,645	31,412	221,174	308,749
2014	22,131	35,547	31,329	294,897	383,904
2015	22,867	37,261	35,490	74,554	170,172
2016	23,787	38,533	35,915	(21,104)	77,131
2017	23,916	38,887	34,283	242,415	339,501
2018	24,747	40,135	39,028	205,439	309,349
2019	26,173	42,154	39,559	104,882	212,768
2020	27,310	44,226	40,295	55,808	167,639
2021	27,946	44,405	28,368	770,131	870,850

\* - The Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System receives a portion of the Insurance Premium Tax (14%) that is assessed and collected by the State of Oklahoma (9.8% in FY2021).

\*\* - Investment income includes both realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments, net of investment expenses.

## Schedule of Expenses by Type (in Thousands)

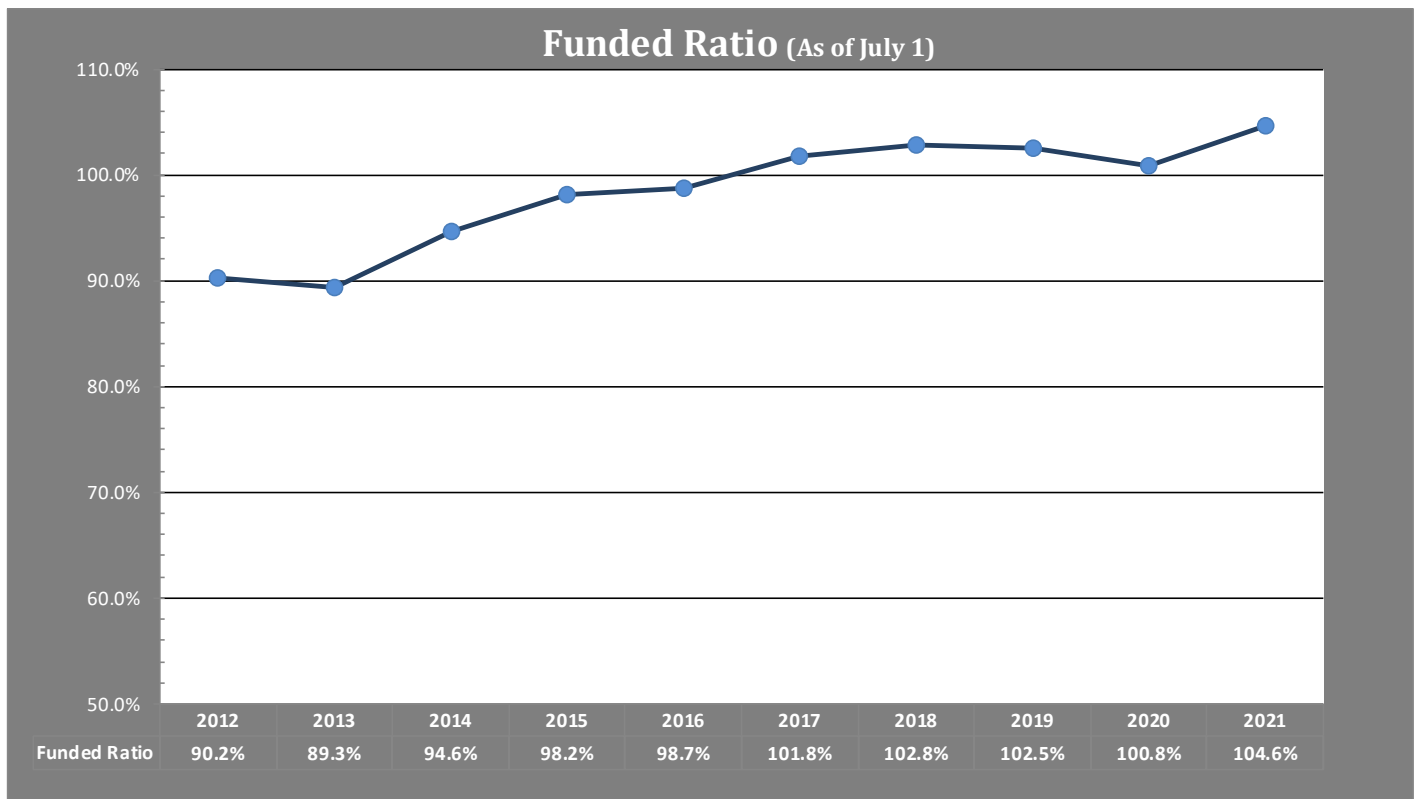
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Pension Benefits	Death Benefits	Deferred Option Benefits	Refunds	Administrative Expenses	Total
2012	89,451	240	22,039	1,570	1,952	115,252
2013	93,672	315	19,018	1,830	2,053	116,888
2014	97,031	330	20,121	1,759	1,862	121,103
2015	100,684	205	38,769	2,035	1,949	143,642
2016	106,055	271	30,265	2,034	1,831	140,456
2017	110,256	240	31,644	1,952	1,699	145,791
2018	114,721	340	22,853	1,649	1,721	141,284
2019	119,664	300	33,645	1,877	1,871	157,357
2020	122,915	460	37,367	2,451	1,992	165,185
2021	133,509	460	64,440	1,813	1,980	202,202

## Schedule of Benefit Payments and Refunds by Type (in Thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Benefit Payments by Type				Deferred Option Benefits*	Refunds		Total Benefit Payments and Refunds
	Service Retirement	Beneficiaries	Disabled	Death Benefit		Withdrawal	Member Death	
2012	70,411	16,699	2,341	240	22,039	1,552	18	113,300
2013	73,610	17,711	2,351	315	19,018	1,752	78	114,835
2014	76,020	18,635	2,376	330	20,121	1,642	117	119,241
2015	79,384	18,989	2,311	205	38,769	1,733	302	141,693
2016	84,106	19,616	2,333	271	30,265	2,007	27	138,625
2017	87,788	20,036	2,432	240	31,644	1,832	120	144,092
2018	91,154	21,150	2,417	340	22,853	1,643	6	139,563
2019	95,848	21,476	2,340	300	33,645	1,811	66	155,486
2020	97,453	23,145	2,317	460	37,367	2,268	183	163,193
2021	107,110	24,022	2,377	460	64,440	1,398	415	200,222

\* - Deferred Option Payments may vary considerably from year-to-year based on the number of members electing this benefit.

## Funded Ratio (Actuarial Basis, at July 1)

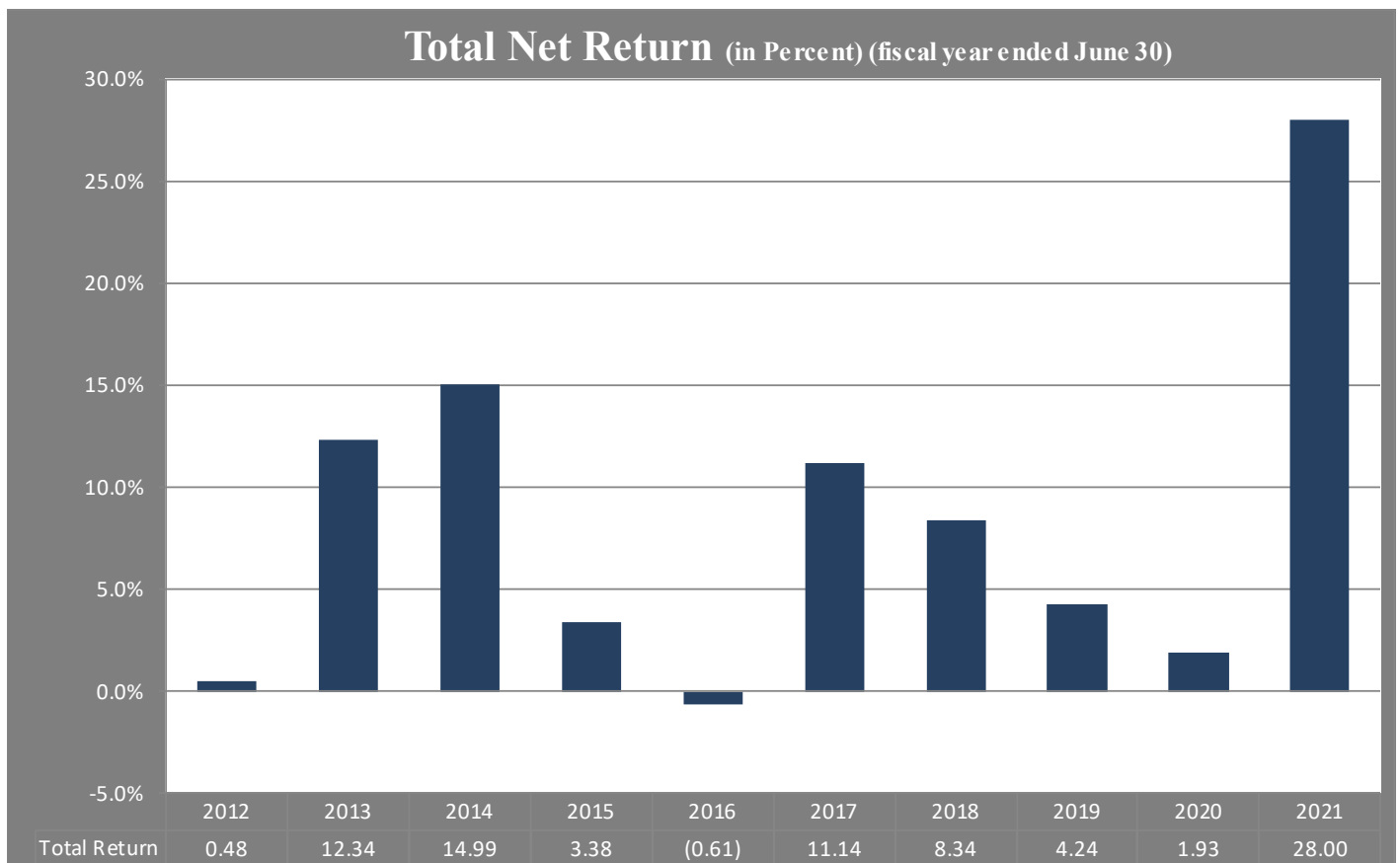




## Schedule of Returns by Investment Type (Net, in Percent)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	U.S. Equity	International Equity	Private Equity	Fixed Income	Real Estate and Commodity	Total Return (net of fees)
2012	(11.95)	10.78	7.18	2.88	7.45	0.48
2013	14.77	24.86	7.93	2.64	15.52	12.34
2014	20.36	18.13	16.03	9.48	10.88	14.99
2015	7.03	(1.84)	15.26	(0.42)	3.53	3.38
2016	(1.60)	(6.77)	5.78	1.00	5.05	(0.61)
2017	17.84	18.48	5.47	3.82	5.52	11.14
2018	13.41	6.68	11.71	2.74	9.10	8.34
2019	5.30	0.44	15.09	5.42	2.28	4.24
2020	4.25	(2.94)	1.19	3.80	0.22	1.93
2021	47.42	35.47	58.50	6.66	6.53	28.00

## Total Annual Return (Net, in Percent)



## Schedule of Retired Members by Type of Benefit

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Monthly Benefit Amount	Number of Retirees and Beneficiaries	Number of Retirees and Beneficiaries by Type of Retirement*						
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
\$ 0 - 1,000	253	18	60	118	39	7	7	4
1,001 - 1,500	277	36	69	29	27	4	106	6
1,501 - 2,000	476	82	33	15	24	4	302	16
2,001 - 2,500	697	149	21	9	7	0	497	14
2,501 - 3,000	744	125	8	2	7	1	596	5
3,001 - 3,500	611	95	4	0	6	1	498	7
3,501 - 4,000	382	59	0	0	2	0	318	3
4,001 - 4,500	280	50	1	0	2	0	224	3
4,501 - 5,000	146	12	0	0	0	0	134	0
5,001 - 5,500	81	4	0	0	0	0	77	0
5,501 - 6,000	68	4	0	0	0	0	64	0
6,001 - 6,500	35	1	0	0	1	0	33	0
6,501 - 7,000	8	0	0	0	0	0	8	0
7,001 - 7,500	7	1	0	0	0	0	6	0
7,501 - 8,000	4	0	0	0	0	0	4	0
8,001 - 8,500	4	2	0	0	0	0	2	0
8,501 - 9,000	4	0	0	0	0	0	4	0
Totals:	4,077	638	196	173	115	17	2,880	58

#### \* Type of Retirement

- Type 1 - *CONTINUANCE* - benefits paid to the beneficiaries of a deceased retired member.
- Type 2 - *DEFERRED VESTED* - accrued benefits paid to members for completing at least 10 years of service, but less than 20.
- Type 3 - *QUALIFIED DOMESTIC RELATIONS ORDER* - court ordered assignment of member benefits to an alternate payee.
- Type 4 - *DUTY DISABILITY* - benefits paid to members disabled in the performance of their duty.
- Type 5 - *NON-DUTY DISABILITY* - benefits paid to members disabled outside the line of duty.
- Type 6 - *SERVICE* - normal retirement benefits paid to members completing at least 20 years of credited service.
- Type 7 - *SURVIVORSHIP* - benefits paid to beneficiaries of deceased active members.

## Schedule of Average Benefit Payments

Retirement Effective Dates (Note A) July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2021	Years of Credited Service*				
	10-15	15-20	20-25	25-30	30+
<b>Period 07/01/11 to 06/30/12</b>					
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ -	\$ 1,614	\$ 2,726	\$ 3,587	\$ 4,090
Average Final Average Salary	\$ -	\$ 3,650	\$ 5,164	\$ 5,134	\$ 5,454
Number of Retired Members	0	2	72	23	6
<b>Period 07/01/12 to 06/30/13</b>					
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,721	\$ 3,891	\$ 4,880
Average Final Average Salary	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,187	\$ 5,674	\$ 6,507
Number of Retired Members	0	0	79	16	11
<b>Period 07/01/13 to 06/30/14</b>					
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,899	\$ 3,617	\$ 4,483
Average Final Average Salary	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,410	\$ 5,413	\$ 5,978
Number of Retired Members	0	0	70	15	4
<b>Period 07/01/14 to 06/30/15</b>					
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,017	\$ 4,432	\$ 4,848
Average Final Average Salary	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,652	\$ 6,556	\$ 6,464
Number of Retired Members	0	0	86	34	11
<b>Period 07/01/15 to 06/30/16</b>					
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 1,034	\$ 2,187	\$ 2,973	\$ 4,081	\$ 4,992
Average Final Average Salary	\$ 3,255	\$ 5,047	\$ 5,598	\$ 6,113	\$ 6,656
Number of Retired Members	5	4	72	21	20
<b>Period 07/01/16 to 06/30/17</b>					
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 855	\$ 2,136	\$ 3,088	\$ 3,808	\$ 4,696
Average Final Average Salary	\$ 3,323	\$ 4,970	\$ 5,784	\$ 5,521	\$ 6,262
Number of Retired Members	2	8	78	21	14
<b>Period 07/01/17 to 06/30/18</b>					
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 1,997	\$ 2,064	\$ 3,274	\$ 4,573	\$ 4,873
Average Final Average Salary	\$ 6,034	\$ 4,706	\$ 6,062	\$ 6,519	\$ 6,615
Number of Retired Members	5	3	73	10	16
<b>Period 07/01/18 to 06/30/19</b>					
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 1,006	\$ 2,299	\$ 3,227	\$ 4,475	\$ 5,095
Average Final Average Salary	\$ 3,281	\$ 5,069	\$ 6,043	\$ 6,392	\$ 6,794
Number of Retired Members	1	6	75	21	24
<b>Period 07/01/19 to 06/30/20</b>					
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 1,102	\$ 2,716	\$ 3,289	\$ 4,747	\$ 5,264
Average Final Average Salary	\$ 3,466	\$ 5,882	\$ 6,194	\$ 7,105	\$ 6,856
Number of Retired Members	3	4	65	38	27
<b>Period 07/01/20 to 06/30/21</b>					
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 1,227	\$ 3,331	\$ 3,312	\$ 4,828	\$ 5,562
Average Final Average Salary	\$ 3,821	\$ 6,879	\$ 6,286	\$ 7,137	\$ 7,416
Number of Retired Members	17	2	114	60	28

*Note A - Schedule includes service retirements as of July 1, 2021 and does not include disability retirements. For participants in the Deferred Option Plan, the Retirement Effective Date is the date the member left active service and the final average salary is determined as of the date the member effectively entered the Deferred Option Plan.*

*\* - The plan vesting period is 10 years, so no average benefit is earned or paid for service credit of less than 10 years.*

## Schedule of Principal Participating Employers Current Year and Nine Years Prior

10 Largest Participating Cities\Municipalities\Towns	Fiscal Year 2021			Fiscal Year 2012		
	Covered Members	Rank	% of Total Covered Members	Covered Members	Rank	% of Total Covered Members
Oklahoma City	1109	1	22.54%	1021	1	22.99%
Tulsa	845	2	17.17%	753	2	16.96%
Norman	164	3	3.33%	162	4	3.65%
Lawton	161	4	3.27%	175	3	3.94%
Broken Arrow	155	5	3.15%	122	5	2.75%
Edmond	123	6	2.50%	111	6	2.50%
Midwest City	99	7	2.01%	95	7	2.14%
Moore	89	8	1.81%	76	10	1.71%
Muskogee	83	9	1.69%	83	9	1.87%
Enid	82	10	1.67%	90	8	2.03%
Total- 10 Largest Employers	2910		59.15%	2688		60.53%
All Other Cities\Towns	2010		40.85%	1753		39.47%
Total Covered Members	4920		100.00%	4441		100.00%

*This table presents the ten largest participating employers by number of covered employees in the System.*

## Schedule of Participating Employers

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Oklahoma State Agencies (3)		
ABLE Commission	Bureau of Narcotics	OK State Bureau of Investigation
Oklahoma Cities, Municipalities and Towns (145)		
Ada	Frederick	Pauls Valley
Altus	Garber	Pawhuska
Alva	Glenpool	Perkins
Anadarko	Grandfield	Perry
Arapaho	Granite	Piedmont
Ardmore	Grove	Ponca City
Atoka	Guthrie	Poteau
Bartlesville	Guymon	Prague
Bethany	Harrah	Pryor Creek
Bixby	Haskell	Purcell
Blackwell	Henryetta	Ringling
Blair	Hinton	Salina
Blanchard	Hobart	Sallisaw
Boynton	Hominy	Sand Springs
Bristow	Hugo	Sapulpa
Broken Arrow	Idabel	Savanna
Calumet	Jenks	Sawyer
Catoosa	Jones	Sayre
Chandler	Kingfisher	Seminole
Checotah	Kiowa	Shawnee
Chickasha	Krebs	Skiatook
Choctaw	Lamont	Spencer
Chouteau	Lawton	Stigler
Claremore	Lexington	Stillwater
Cleveland	Lindsay	Stringtown
Clinton	Luther	Sulphur
Collinsville	Madill	Tahlequah
Comanche	Mangum	Tecumseh
Commerce	Mannford	The Village
Coweta	Marlow	Tishomingo
Crescent	McAlester	Tonkawa
Cromwell	Miami	Tulsa
Cushing	Midwest City	Tuttle
Davis	Moore	Union City
Del City	Muskogee	Valley Brook
Dewey	Mustang	Verdigris
Disney	Newcastle	Vinita
Drummond	Newkirk	Wagoner
Drumright	Nichols Hills	Warner
Duncan	Nicoma Park	Warr Acres
Durant	Noble	Watonga
Edmond	Norman	Waurika
El Reno	Nowata	Weatherford
Elk City	Okeene	Weleetka
Enid	Oklahoma City	Wetumka
Eufaula	Okmulgee	Wewoka
Forest Park	Oologah	Wister
Fort Gibson	Owasso	Woodward
		Yukon

## Membership Statistics Data

Employer and Member Statistics	As of July 1,	2021	2020
Participating Cities, Municipalities and Towns		148	147
Active Members		4,920	4,990
Deferred Option Members		1	2
Terminated Members with Refund Due		1,003	899
Terminated Members with Deferred Benefits		156	161
Retired Members		3,088	2,954
Beneficiaries Receiving Benefits		862	828
Disabled Members Receiving Benefits		132	130

Active Member Statistics	As of July 1,	2021	2020
Total Annual Compensation (1)		\$ 350,565,103	\$ 351,343,791
Average Compensation		\$ 67,147	\$ 66,347
Average Active Member Age		39.6	39.7
Average Years of Credited Service		11.5	11.7

(1) - Compensation is projected one year based on salary increase assumptions.

Fiscal Year 2021 Refund and Benefit Payment Statistics	Count of Payments Made	Average Amount
Refunds to Terminated Members	166	\$ 10,925
Regular Payments to Service Retirement Members	48,116	\$ 2,775
Payment of Death Benefits to Beneficiaries	92	\$ 5,000
Payments under the Forward DOP	1	\$ 474,556
Payments under the Back DOP	201	\$ 292,729
Payments under the Payout Provision	-	\$ -

